The

Epistles

of

JACOB BEHMEN

aliter,

TEVTONICVS PHILOSOPHVS.

Very usefull and necessary for those that read his VVritings, and are very full of excellent and plaine Instructions how to attain to

The Life of CHRIST.

Translated out of the German Language.

LOXDOX:

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THE PREFACE TO THE READER.



S there is no Booke or Treatife which this Author hath written, but the footsteps and Characters of Divine Light, and knowledge are therein Imprinted and discerned, and may be of speciall use and improve-

ment to the Christian, impartiall, Reader; fo likewise these his Epistles, written at sundry times, and occasions to severall Friends; and thus gathered and compact together, may of right be reckoned as one Booke, not of the smallest benefit and direction to the Reader, Lover, and Practitioner of that Divine light, and knowledge, which his Writings doe containe, and hold forth: Indeed, the bare Letter of any Mans Writings, though written from a Divine Gift, and reall manifestation of light in and to themselves, cannot breath the spirit of wisedome into us: for the sound of understanding is not to be Characterized, or Painted on Paper; no more then the Notes, and Characters of Musick can give the reall Sound, and Tune, unto the Eare; but they are a direction how the skilfull Musician shall play on the Instru-

ment; fo also our minde is as an Organ, or Instrument; but it Sounds onely according to the Tune, and Note, of that Spirit, that doth possesse and act it: And we doe convert, and affimulate all things according to that Spirit, and will that is ruling, and predominant in us; and therein the minde, thoughts, and fences, are enkindled, and enflamed; for if we have a bare Aftrall, Worldly, Carnall, Selfe-conceited, Contemning, Cavilling, Pharifaicall, Hy. pocriticall Spirit; accordingly we doe forme, and frame our Notions, Judgement, and Cenfure; and pervert all things to a wrong fense and use; but if the Divine Spirit of Love, Light, meeknesse, humility, selfe-denyall, syncerity, and holy desires doe dwell, rule, and act in us; then our understanding is accordingly holy, Divine and reall: for To the pure, all things are pure; but to the impure, all things are impure; for their very Mindes and Consciences are defiled: As this Author received not his Learning, Gifts, and high Endowments, from the Schooles of this World; but from the Schoole of Divine wisedome, the illumination of the holy Spirit; fo likewise the meaning and drift of his Writings will not be understood of those who are meerely trained up, and skilled in the litterall and Historicall Schoole of this World; and according to the Canons, Rules, and Axioms of their wife Pharifaicall Reason, who doe contemne, judge, and rashly censure, all that speake not their phrase, stile, and Dialect: For

if we had all that ever the Prophets, Christ, and his Apostles did speake and teach, and the knowledge of all Divine, illuminate men, in their feverall Gifts, deciphered in Writings, and should read in them many yeares; yet if we did not desire to become one with the same fpirit of Divine knowledge; and endeavour to have it innate, and effentiall in us, to the living expression of Divine love and righteousnesse; they would be but as dark and Historicall unto us: and the frame and structure of our knowledge, which by our artificiall Reafon we should build unto our selves upon that foundation; would be but a vapouring Notion, a blind Pedanticall Luciferian oftentation of a Pharifaicall knowledge, that would not edifie, but puffe up; from which felfe-conceited, Verball, high-flowne, contrived knowledge, which wife Letter-learned Reason, devoyd of the illumination of the holy Spirit, hath gathered in diverse formes unto it selfe, by its owne imaginary apprehensions, and expositions, upon the Writings of holy men; the many mentall Idolls, Opinions, Contentions, Rents, and divisions, are arisen in the Christian World; which have almost quite destroyed all brotherly love; but the God of love, by the efflux and breakings forth of his Divine light, and holy spirit in us, so expell and drive them into the Abysse of darknesse, from whence they come, that in the feverall dispensations of his Divine Gifts, and manifestations of light unto

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unto us, We may rightly understand, and serve one another in Love: that the great Babylonish building of our owne tottering imaginations, and wanton opinions, which we (by the sharp inventions, and glozing glosses of vain contriving reason, in the many and various conjectures, about the ways, how God is to be worshipped and served) have endeavoured to rear up unto our selves, may fall: that so we may all come to speake the One holy language of Christian Love to each other: who hitherto have been so divided, that in sted of building up one another in the holy Faith of Christ, we have bruisfed, battered, and beaten down one another in the spiritual pride and hypocrisie of Antichrist.

There are some that are so farre forestalled with a strong selfe-conceit of their owne light and love of felfe-will, that whatfoever beares not the stamp, and superscription of their approved Patrons, Schooles, and Institutions, is but as darkenesse and nisling shaddows unto them, and ungrounded prejudice, cavilling fuperstition, & vain suspition do so much possesse them, that they reject it as not worth the reading over; weening that they have a right orthodox judgement, rectified in all points of Phylosophy, and Divinity; but these cannot see how farre they are like the blinde selfe-conceited Scribes and Pharifees, those Luciferian wiselings that thought none could teach them any thing; because they were skilled in the Letter of the Scripture; but Christ told them, that They

They erred, not knowing the Scriptures, &c.

Others againe, the Mysterious Antichrist in Babel, by a felfish illumination, and blind pertwafion, hath so deeply captivated, and imprifoned; yea, bewildred, and bewitched, in his Mystery of iniquity and hypocrisie, that they doe not onely take upon them to contemne, and condemne all that feem to contradict their received Principles, and opinions, but from the workings of the uncleane Pharifaicall spirit in them, They will draw strange conclusions, and perverted meanings, from the words and works of others; to make them odious and abominable; but these are like unto Toads, that turne all they eate into a poylonfull nourishment, which they will fpit out againe, upon those that doe but touch them.

Others there are also, that are very greedy, and eager of reading Bookes, to better and improve their knowledge; but their simple well-meaning minds are so much darkned, and possessed with the Principles, mentall Idols; and opinions of their approved Masters; and to them they have so chained, devoted, and Sacrificed their consciences in blindfolded Hypocrisie; that nothing can take any true impression upon them: but that which speakes for, pleads for, and maintaines their cause, their way, their Sect, unto which they have given up and addicted themselves; and that they will hold, and beleeve, rather because they will, or because such such and such, of whom they have a good

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opinion doe fay fo; or because they have already received and maintained it, then from any true impartial confideration that it is right, or from any effectuall living effentiall knowledge, and reall spirituall Being of it in their owne Soules, O.c. But for those that know enough already, and are fo well conceited of their owne felves, this Author hath written nothing; but for the Seeking, hungry, defirous Soule; that by unfeigned repentance, conversion, and introversion of its will, mind, and thoughts to God, doth endeavour the reall practice of Christianity, and the leading of an upright conversation in all humility, meekenesse, simplicity, patience, forbearance, righteousnesse, and Christian love towards all men, without a Selfish singular disrespect, or Pharifaicall contemning and condemning of Others.

The true way and meanes for a man to free himselfe from all blind contentions, disputes, doubts, errours, and controversies in R eligion; and to get out of that tedious Maze, and wearisome laborinth of perplexing thoughts, wayes, and opinions concerning God, Christ, Faith, Election; the Ordinances, or the way of worship, wherein the World doth trace it selfe, is faithfully set downe, and declared according to the ground of the Scripture, and true experience in this Authour; the attainement of which light, will give reall satisfaction, and assurance to the Soule, so that it shall not need say, Is it true? What Arguments are therefor it? How

can it be proved, &c? But it shall finde the reall Signe and Seale of truth within it selfe, as the Scripture declareth, 1 John 2. 20. 27. That the unction from the holy One teacheth all things; fothat no man need teach those in whom it doth abide: But this knowledge, this precious Pearle of light, this darling of wifedome, this Garland, and Crowne of Virgin Sophia, which surpasseth all the beauty and treasure, all the Pompe, Power, and pleasure of this World: This Universall Touchstone, to try and finde out the qualities and vertues of all things, this Heavenly Tincture, this true Phylosophers Stone, this Summum bonum, which no humane tongue can expresse; is onely obtained in the new birth, whereby the light, and life of God is renued in us; the effentiall Word of Divine love, Christ himselfe is begotten and formed inus; to the reading, and experimentall understanding, of which Word of Life, Light, and Love; the whole Scripture, and the Writings of Divine illuminate Men doe direct us, and all words, workes, and Bookes, that proceed not from that Word, and lead usagaine to that Word, are either onely Astrall, outward, and transitoty; or the fantasticall Idola mentis, the shadowes of fansie, and learned Pharifaicall Reaion, which by its feighned words of futtlety, and humane wisedome, enticeth men to beleeve throng delusions, and follow after lyes in Hypocrifie.

In our owne Book which is the Image of God

in us. time and Eternity, and all Mysteries, are couched and contained, and they may really be read, in our owne foules, by the illuming. tion of the Divine Spirit; for our minde is a true mysticall Mirror, and Looking-Glasse, of Divine and Naturall Mysteries; and we shall receive more reall knowledg from one effectua all innate effentiall glimps, beame, or Ray, of light, arising from the New birth within we. then in reading many hundred of Authors: whereby wee scrape abundance of carved workes and conceits together, and frame a Babel of knowledge in the Notion, and Fanse to our felves; for in the true light we receive the pledge and earnest of that spirit, which Searchesh all things, yea the depth's of God! let no man thinke that it is now impossible; for in a Christian, new borne in Christ Christ the light of lite, and being of Love dothed well; and in bim are all the treasures of wiledome and knowlledge; and he doth expresse the fame; in the humble refigned Soule, according to the manner and measure, as he pleaseth; and as is best requisite for the Time and Age. Tout we that

These missible are not stronger with fine complementall straines, and pleating Notions of humane Art; or with the learned Quotations of ancient Authors, or with the witty glances of accute Reason, trimmed appire the scholar stique pomple, and pride of swords, to tickle and delight the fansie of the Reader; neither doe they savour of a besturian spirit of Hypocrific

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and affectation; arrogancy and Pedantick prefumption, to make himselfe that which in reallity he is not, to get a great Name, and to amuse and captivate mens mindes, with strange high-flowne conceits, thereby to gaine a felfish confidence and approbation in others, to make a sect in Babel; but he hath written (according to the Divine Gift which he received) of the greatest, and deepest Mysteries, concerning God and Nature; and hath expressed them in such suitable and significant tearmes and phrases, as are best apt to render them, in their owne native and proper Idea and meaning, to the understanding and capacity of others: Albeit few will understand them according to the depth of bis sense; but every one may receive benefit according to his capacity; if his owne Image-like fansie, and the over-weening conceit of his owne light doth not prepoffesse and hinder him; and no doubt his Writings are left unto Posterity, as a precious Talent to be improved: Not that we should onely gather a talkative Historicall litterall Notion of the Mysteries; but that in all simplicity and fyncerity, we practice the way of Regeneration in the Spirit of Christ; and Divinitize our knowledge into an effectuall working Love; and so attaine the experimentall and essentiall being thereof in our owne Soules.

It would be too large here to speake of that foundation and stedfast * By//e which his Wri- * or, Ground. tings doe containe, whereby true Phylosophy

may be restored to its Originall purity; being from those Idols of fansie, and vaine Reason that doe darken and perplex it; for by the knowledge of the Centre of all Beings (of which his Writings speake) we come rightly to understand what Time and Eternity is; and therein the Science of the Nothing, Something and All things; whereby we may come to find out whence the inward radicall Ens, working essence, true subsistence, and full existence of every thing proceedeth; and also to what end every thing hath fuch an Effence, life, power, vertue, forme, colour; and then whither it goeth, and what it shall be hereafter in Eternity; by which we may come to fee how it is that all things proceed from God, fubfift in God, and againe returne to God; and therein obtaine the right knowledge of our Selves and of God in Nature; and from this Centre arifeth the true knowledge of the Three Principles: and also of the Threefold, or Tri-une life in Man; whereby the deepest, darkest, and hardest Questions, and Quere's, that can arise within the minde of man, or come under the reach of any Imagination or thought, may be rightly understood, and determined; and this must needs advance all Arts and Sciences, and conduces to the attainment of the Universall Tincture, and fignature; whereby the different secret qualities, and vertues, that are hid in all visible and corporeall things, as Mettals, Minerals, Plants, and Hearbes, &c. may be drawne

drawne forth and applyed to their right naturall use for the curing, and healing of corrupt and decayed nature; and by the powerfull effects and operation that will hence arise, all falle Sophisticate Artists that soare aloft in their owne contrived Imaginations, and tottering experiences, may be convinced of their unfound, ficke, and fandy foundation; and moreover this fignall, fundamentall, Centrall knowledge, will quicken, and revive the life of Divinity so deeply buryed in the painted Sepulchers of Pharifaicall Hypocrifie, and Verball formality; and fettle all Sects, and Controversies in Religion on the true ground, that fo we may come to ferve God aright in the true unity of the Spirit, and each other in all Christian Love and Righteousnesse.

In these Epistles there is much seasonable and wholesome Doctrine, Instruction, and Counsell, for a Christian resigned Soule; much Consolation for the afflicted under Christs Crosse; and also direction how a man shall behave himselfe as a Christian amids the various Sects, and their harsh censures: Exhortation to Truth, Love, and righteousnesse: Dehortation from all evill, pride, envy, covetousnesse wrath, malice, falshood, and Cain-like Hypocrise; likewise many Propheticall Passages, and Predictions concerning the punishment, and severe judgements that are and shall be upon Babel, and the Antichrist, and all salse, and wicked Oppressours; the most whereof

are Printed in a Treatise by themselves, called

Mercurius Tentonicus:

In a word Courteous and Christian Reader, these Epistles will serve as an Introduction. and right information to shew thee what this Author was, and whence hee had his great knowledge; and upon what ground and centre it is founded; and likewise how thou mayst come really to understand the drift and meaning of his Writings, and effectually finde the excellent use thereof; for art thou learned or unlearned, rich or poore, Master or Servant, Parent or Childe; be thou of what Calling, Profession, Complexion, Constellation, and Disposition thou wilty Thou mayst finde such knowledge herein as may better and improove thee aright in Christianity.

Therefore be like to the laborious Bee that feeketh Honey at every Flower, and where shee findes it not, there shee doth not leave her sharpe Sting, so likewise if thou sindest that which doth not like thee, let it alone; and leave not a taunting scoffe, and stinging venome of scorne and rash censure behinde thee; but rather pray that God would give thee his Holy Spirit, to leade thee into all truth; and so thou shalt know God in thy Selfe, according to that Divine promise, they shall all be taught of God, and know the Lord,

John 6. 4. 5. Heb. 8. 11.

But let the end of all be Love; for if thou couldit

couldft speake with the tongue of Men and Angells, and couldit Prophete, and understand all Mysteries, and hadst all Faith, vet without Love, thou wert but as tinckling Braffe, and a founding Cymball, I Corinthians 12. It is even this Love that distinguisheth betweene the knowledge of the Devills in Hell (for they know, beleeve, and tremble) and the Angels in Heaven; and as true Love is a deadly poyson and paine to the Devillish nature of evill Spirits; even to is all Selfedenying Love, as a Plague and Pestilence to all fophisticall Pharifaicall Hypocrites, who pervert the Gospell of Peace and Love, by vaine Distinctions, and Heathenish practices: Therefore beloved Reader, let thy Divine light lead thee unto a Divine life, and so enter into the Divine Love, the bond of perfection; and fo thou shalt be made partaker of the Divine nature, for God stove and the

Now therefore let us be mercifull, loving, and perfect, as our Father which is in Heaven is mercifull, loving, and perfect, that so it may be knowne that wee are the Children of the most High, who is kinde unto the unthankfull, and to the evill: And the God of Love so enkindle the fire of his Love in our hearts, that it may breake forth in our practice and conversation, to the destroying the Thornes, and tearing Bryars of vaine contentions; that so wee may enjoy the happy

happy fruits of Peace, Truth, Love, and Righteouinesse, in all Christian Society one among another:

> Yours in all service of Christian Love.

J. E.

Toe Scorner Seeketh wisedome, and findeth it not, but knowledge is easie to him that understandeth, Prov. 14. 6.

A Scorner loveth not one that reproveth him; neither will hee goe unto the wife : Prov. 15. 12.

Knowledge puffeth up, but Love Edifieth: 1 Cor. 8.1.

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* Theosophicall LETTER, *Or Letter of Divine Wife-dome.

WHEREIN

The life of a true CHRISTIAN is described.

Shewing what a Christian is, and how he commeth to be a Christian; and likewise what a Titular, Nominall or Hystoricall Christian is, and how the Faith and Life of each differ.

The Fountaine of Jesus Christs heart be our quickning consolation, renovation, and eternall life.



ELOVED, and much respected friend in Christ. From a member-like obligation (as one branch on the Tree is bound to doe to the other) and a sellow-working defire, I wish unto you the open well-spring of grace, which God in Christ Jesus hath manifested in our humanity; so that it may richly spring up in you, and the Divine Sun may thereby cast the influence of its

Love-beams into the foule; and also therewith stirre up, and open the great Magnetick hunger of the soule (being the true Divine mouth) after Christs sless and blood, together with bodily well-sare.

Being I have often understood by your deare friend, D. K. and also observed in my presence with you, that you in the drawing of the Father do bear a peculiar thirst, and an earnest fincere longing after his life, which he, out of his highest Love hath manisested

in Christ Jesus; therefore I would not (upon the defire of Mr. D. and also of your selfe) omit from a member-like, and mutuall obligation to visit and salute you with a short Epistle, and so to recreate, quicken, and restesh my selfe somewhat with you, in the same sountaine of the life of Jesus Christ; for it is meer joy unto me to perceive that our Paradiscall Corall sourisheth, and bringeth forth fruit in my selsow-members, to our eternall recreation and deliable

3. And hereupon Sir, I will declare unto you, out of my small gifts and knowledge: What a Christian is, and wherefore hee is called a Christian; Namely, that he onely is a Christian, who is become capable of this high Title in himselse; and hath resigned himselse with his inward ground, minde, and will to the Free grace in Christ Jesus, and is in the will of his soule become as a young child, that only longeth after the Breatts of the Mother, that sincerely paneth after the Mother, and sucketh the breats of the Mother whereof

it liveth.

4. Even thus also that man is onely a Christian, whose soule and minde entereth againe into the first Mother, whence the life of man hath its rise; Vic. into the Eternall Word, which hath manisched it selfe with the true Milk of salvation in our humanity (being blind in regard of God) and sucketh this Milk of the Mother into his hungry soule, whence the new spirituall man ariseth; and thereby the sery [dark, and dry] soule, proceeding from the Fathers property, doth reach and obtaine the place of Gods love, in which place the Father begetteth his beloved Sonne; and therein onely the Temple of the holy Ghost, which dwelleth in us, is sound; and therein also the spirituall mouth [or beleeving defire] of the soul, which eateth Christs flesh, and drinketh his blood, is understood, or experimentally and effentially enjoyed.

5. For he onely is a Christian, in whom Christ dwelleth, liveth, and hath his Being, in whom Christ as to the internall ground of his soule is arisen, and made alive in the heavenly Essence, which did disappeare and depart in Adam; even he, I say, is onely a Christian that hath put on Christs Victory (that is to say, Christs Incarnation, Humanity, Sufferings, death, and Resurrection, against the anger of God; and also Hell, Devill, Death, and Sinne) in his eternall ground, where the Seed of the Woman, to wit, Christian his conquest, doth also conquer in him, and daily trampleth upon the Serpents head in the wicked carnall will, and killeth the sinfull lusts of

the Flesh.

6. For in Christ alone we are received to be Children of God, and heyres with Christ, not by an outward, adventitious, strange, shew of a fundry select Appropriating of Grace (I fay) not through a france.

firange merit of grace [or application of promifes] imputed from without [or received in an Historicall apprehension of being justified and acquitted by another, as Malefactors] but through a child-like regenerating, innate, in dwelling member-like, and effentiall Grace: Where Christ the conquerour of death doth arise in Us with his life Essence, and power from Our death, and hath his mutuall ruling influence and operation in us, as a branch on its Vine; as the Writings of the Apostles doe throughout witnesse.

7. He is farre from a Christian, who onely comforteth himselfe with the Passion, Death, and Satissaction of Christ. and doth apply and impute it to himselse as a pardon or gift of favour, and yet remaineth still an unregenerated, wilde, [worldly, and sensual] Beassi; such a Christian is every ungodly Man: For every one would saine be saved through a gift of savour, the Devill also would very willingly be an Angell againe by grace received and applyed from without.

8. But to turne, and become as a child, and be borne anew of Gods grace-water of love, and the holy Ghoft, that pleafeth him not. Even so it pleafeth not the Titular Christian, who will put upon himselfe the mantle of Christs grace [and apply his merits unto himselfe by an Historicall laying claime to a promise] and yet will not enter into the Adoption and New birth; albeit Christ saith, that he cannot otherwise see the Kingdome of God.

9. For what is borne of the flesh, is flesh, and cannot inherit the Kingdome of God, John 3. To be fleshly minded is enmity against God, but to be spiritually minded is life and peace: And he onely heareth Gods Word, that is borne of God, for onely the spirit of grace in

Christ heareth Gods Word.

10. For, no man hath ever feen God; the Sonne alone who is in the unmeasurable bosome of the Father, declareth unto us the Word and Will of God in our selves; so that we heare and underfland his will and good pleasure within our selves, and are willing to follow the same, yet we are often kept back by the outward finfull slesh; so that the operation or effecting of that same Divine power [purpose, and godly resolution in our mind] doth not alwayes come into the outward Figure, yet it goeth into the inward Figure, in the inward spirituall World; concerning which, St. Paul saith, Our conversation is in Heaven.

11. Of which also all the Saints of God, and especially St. Paul, hath complained, that they had an earnest syncere will, and did serve God with the minde of the internall Ground; but with the sless the Law of sinne; so that the Flesh lusteth against the Spirit, which lust and evill concupiscence is daily drowned, and mortised in the death of Christ, by the inward ground [or the centre of light rege-

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nerated in the darke abyfic of the foule] but this is in those onely in whom Christ is arisen from death; and thus there is no condemnation to them which are in Christ Jesus; who walke not after the stellar, but after the spirit, byc. For the bestiall body belongeth to the earth, but the spirituall body belongeth to God; but whosever hath it not, he is dead while he liveth, and neither heareth, nor perceiveth any thing, of the spirit of God; It is soolishnesse to him as

the Scripture faith.

12. Therefore this point is not sufficiently understood and cleared, by teaching and maintaining onely and alone an outward receiving, and application of grace and forgivenesse of sinnes. The paradon of sinne, and the receiving of us into siliall adoption and grace, consistent in the justifying blood, and death of Christ, when Christs heavenly blood tinctured us; and with the highest love of the Deity in the name Jesu, did overcome the anger of God in our soule, and inward divine ground, proceeding from the Effence of Eternity, and did turne it againe into the Divine humility, mecknesse, and obedience; whereby the rent, torne, and divided temperature of our humane property [and spirit] of obedience and good will entered again into the harmony and unity of the properties [Viz, into Paradiscall light, love, and life, that Reall Temperature, where variety doth concenter and accord in unity.]

13. And even then the wrath of the Father (which was awaked in the properties of our life, and had fet it felfe to be Lord and Mafter in foule and body, whereby we were dead to the Kingdome of Heaven, and become children of wrath) was turned againe into the unanimous love, likeneffe, and unity of God; and our own humane will, dyed in the death of Chrift, from its felfneffe, and felvifh willing; and the first humane will (which God breathed from his spirit into Adam) did spring forth afresh through the conquest of Gods sweetnesse [and love] in Christs heavenly blood; and then the Devill, and Hell, which held men captive, were consounded, and made a foon: This the dry Rod of Aaron, which budded in one night, and

bare sweet Almonds, did typifie.

14. Now as Sinne came from One, and passed from one upon all, so also the sweet grace and victory in Chisft, passed, pressed, and pierced from one upon all: Now this death and the anger [of God] was broken in pieces in that one Adamicall soul in Christ, and a possibility to grace was opened through the disclosing of death, through which disclosed gate, the will of the soule may re-enter into its first Mother (whence it came in the beginning) that is into the siliation, adoption, or regeneration of a new life, and will; and there it may attaine the sweet blood of Jesus Christ, which in Christ did disclose or break open the gate of death, and changed the anger

of God in our humanity in himselfe into love, wherein the poore captive foule drinketh out of Gods fountaine ; and doth allay, and fweeren its fire-breath, whence the new Paradificall budd fpringeth firth, and there the hunger, and defire of the foule is made fubflantiall and ellentiall in the blood of Christ, after an Heavenly manner.

15. Now as the disclosing of death must be done in the person of Christ himselfe in our soule, and humanity; so that the eternity in Christ (wherewith he was come from heaven, and was also in heaven, John 3.) overcame the time (Viz. the life and will of the time) and did change time with its will into the eternall will of the Deity; and all this must be brought to passe in our received humanity: So likewise the desire of our soule must receive into it selfe that same eternall will in Christ (wherein time and eternity stand in equall agreement and harmony) and through the power of the same, immerse, or cast it selfe into the adoption of free grace in Chrift; that the same inward Paradificall ground which dyed in Adam, might again foring forth in the will of the obedience of Christ, through his heavenly, and from us affumed humane blood.

16. The atonement and expiation must be made manifest, and experimentall in our felves through that atonement which Christ once made; indeed [the atonement and reconciliation] was once fully finished, and brought to passe in Christs blood and death, but that which was once wrought in Christ, must also worke in me; it must even Now also through Christs shedding of his blood, be brought to passe in me; Christ also doth powre forth his heavenly blood into the defire of Faith in n.y poore foule, and tindureth the anger of God which is therein, that the fift Adamicall Image of God may againe appeare; and become feeing, hearing, feeling, tafting,

and fmelling.

17. For that same Image which dyed in Adam from the heavenly Worlds Effence, being the true Paradificall Image, dwelleth not in the foure Elements; its effence and life standeth not in this world, but in Heaven (which is manifest in Christ in us) Viz. in that one pure holy Element, whence the foure Elements forung forth in the beginning of time; and this fame inward new spirituali man eareth Christs steff and blood; for he is, and liveth in Christ. Christ is his

flock, and he is a branch on the flock.

18. For every spirit eareth of that whereof it take hits Originall, the Animall [fenfuall] mortall foule eateth of the fprit of this World, of the Stars and E'ements, of the Kingdome of the World, but the true eternal foule (which was inspired out of the Eternal Word into man, being Divine life) eateth also of its Mother, Vizof the holyeffentiall Word of God.

19. But feeing it was impossible for her after her owne departure and separation from God, in her excluded condition, property, and spirit; [to eate of the Divine Word, and live in the holy Element of love and humility] therefore this same Word of life (being its true Mother) came forth to the abandoned soule into the vale of misery, and into the prison of Hell, and insused his heavenly Essence into our humane; [to be] as a body for the soule, and therewith did imbrace and cloath our poore soule being captive, and did open againe her heavenly mouth (afore dead in the anger of God) with the tincture of love; so that the poore soule can now againe eate heavenly Manna; the eating whereof was tryed in Christs person with the humanity, which he received from us (in the temptation of Christ in the Wildernesse) where Adam in Christ did againe eate Manna from Paradise, sourry dayes.

20. Therefore I say, that by a shew and select forme of grace appropriated and imputed from without, none commeth to be a true Christian; for if he be so, his sinnes are not forgiven him by once speaking of a word, or appropriating a forme, or promise of absolution to himselfe, from without; as a Lord or Prince in this World doth freely give a Malesactor his life by an externall imputed savour;

no, this availeth nothing before God.

21. There is no grace or favour wherby we come to the adoption, fave onely in the blood and death of Christ; him alone God hath fore-ordained, and appointed to be unto him a throne of grace, or propitiation in his owne love, which he hath (in the Sweet Name Jesu out of Jehovah) insufed into him: He is that onely Sacrisce

that God accepteth of, to reconcile his anger.

22. Now if this Sacrifice or free offering of grace shall doe me good, then it must be wrought and brought to passe in me; the Father must beget, or impresse his Sonne in the desire of my Faith; so that the hunger of my Faith may lay hold and comprehend him; and if the hunger of n.y soules Faith doth comprehend him in his promissed Word, then I put him on in his whole processe of justification in my inward ground, and forthwith the mortification and killing of the anger, Devill, Death, and Hell, beginneth and goeth forward from the power of Christs death in me.

23. For I can do nothing, I am dead to my felfe, but Christ doth it in me; when he ariseth in me, then I am dead to my felse, in respect of the true man,& he is my life, and in that I live, I live to him & not to my felsehood; for grace mortifieth my own will, and setteth it self up for a Lord in the place of my selfenesse, that so I may be an in-

strument of God, who doth therewith what he pleaseth.

24. And then I live in two Kingdomes, Viz. with my newborne spirit of life, or spirituall man, in Paradise, in the Kingdome of Heaven,

ven, in the inward fpirituall World, and with the outward mortall man, in the vanity of time, in the Kingdome of this World, in the dominion of the Startes and Elements, in the contrariety, and malignant difcord of the properties, wherein the yoake of finne yet liveth; this Christ taketh upon himselfe in the inward Kingdome of

the Divine World, and helpeth my foule to beare it.

25. For the yoak of this World, is Christs burthen which he must be are, until he shall againe deliver up the Kingdome to his Father, which he hath given him; for he sayd, All power in Heaven and Earth, is given to me of my Father; so also this burthen or charge is layd upon him, that he should be are Gods Anger, Hell, death, and all Evill in us, as Isaiab saith, Hee tooke on him our diseases, and carryed our forrows; but we esteemed him stricken, smitten of God, and afflicted.

26. And hence it is that a Christian must be a bearer of the crosse, for so some as Christ is borne in him, the affaulting of Hell, and the anger of God in the eternall nature beginneth, and then the Hell in man is destroyed, and the Serpent is troden under soot; whence great unquietnesse, persecution, and reproach from the Devill and the corrupt World doth arise against the outward sinfull man, and even then the outward sinfull man must suffer it selse to be condemned, and judged to damnation by the children of Anger, and by Gods severe justice in the anger; seeing that another man liveth in him, which is not like and conformable to the outward mortall man; and so Gods Justice executeth its judgement in the anger upon the house of sinne; and also all the Ministers of Gods wrath, doe helpe the execution thereof.

27. And even then, Christ helpeth to beare the yoak, and man is Sacrificed in Christs processe, contempt, and scorne, in his suffering and death, to the justice of God in the anger, and becomes confor-

mable to Christs Image.

28. The holy Scripture witneffeth in all places that we are justified from finnes by Faith in Christ, and not by the workes of our merit; but by the blood and death of Christ, which indeed is so taught by many, but rightly understood of sew that teach us so.

29. We are taught indeed an imputed grace, but what faith is, and how it is begotten, and what it is in its Effence, reall Being, and Subflance, and how it layeth hold on the merit of Christ with the grace; herein the greatest part are dumbe and blinde, and depend on an Historicall Faith (James 2.) which is onely a bare knowledge or literall conjecture, and therewith the man of sinne doth tickle and comfort himselse, and through an imagination, and blind perswasion, doth flatter and sooth up himselse, and calls himselse a Christian, though he is not yet become either capable or worthy, of

this so high a title, but is onely a titular Nominall Christian, externally cloathed with Christs Purpur-Mantle; of whom the Prophet speaketh, saying, They draw neere to mee with their lips, but their heart is farre from me: And Christ sayd, Not all that say Lord, Lord, but the time time the Kingdome of Heaven but they that doe the will of my Father in Heaven.

30. Now Christ alone is the will of the Father in whom the acceptation of grace and adoption consistent, and none can doe the love will of the Father, save alone that onely throne of grace, Christ himselfe, as the holy Scripture declareth, no man can call God

Lord, without the holy spirit in him.

31. For we know not, what and how to pray before God as wee ought, but he, even the holy spirit in Christ, maketh intercession for us, with unutterable sighes before God in our selves, as it pleasest God; we cannot attain any thing by our willing, and knowing; he is too deeply hidden from us, for it lyeth not in any mans knowing, willing, running and searching, but in Gods Mercy.

32. Now there is no mercy but onely in Christ, and if I shall reach that mercy, then I must reach Christ in me; are my sinness be destroyed in me? Then must Christ doe it in me with his blood and death, with his victory over Hell: Am I to believe? then must the spirit, desire, and will of Christ, believe in my desire, and will, for I

cannot beleeve.

33. But he receiveth my will being resigned to him, and comprehends it in his owne will and bringeth it through his victory into God, and there he intercedeth for the will of my soule in his owne will before God; and so

I am received as a child of grace in his will of love.

34. For the Father hath manifested his love in Christ, and Christ manifesteth that same love in my will being resigned to him; Christ draweth my will into himselse, and cloatheth it with his blood, and death, and tinstureth it with the highest tinsture of the Divine power, and so it is changed into an Angelical Image, and getteth a Divine life.

35. And forthwith that same life beginneth to hunger after its body, which body is the degenerated stery soule, into which the will in Christ is entered, so that the new life in Christ doth now also tindure the soule; whereby the soule in the spirit and property of this [new] will obtaineth a right Divine hunger, and is made to long after, and desire the Divine will no Christ, what shee is, and consider in the spirit of this Divine will in Christ, what shee is, and how shee in her propertyes, inclinations, and dissolutions is departed from God, and lyeth captivate in the wrath of God; and then shee acknowledgeth her abominations, and also her deformity in the presence of Gods Angels, and sindeth that she hath nothing wherewith

fhee is able to protect her felfe, for fhee fees that fhee standeth in the jawes of death, and hell; encompassed with evill spirits, which continually shoot the strong influence of their evill defires into her,

to deftroy and corrupt her.

36. And then she diveth into that same new-borne spirit of the will, and wholy immerseth her selfe into very humility it selse; and so the spirit of Christ taketh hold of her, and bringeth her into the spirit of this new will, so that the soule effentially, and experimentally seeleth and findeth him, whereupon the Divine glymps, and beame of joy ariseth in the soule, being a new eye, in which the dark fiery soule conceiveth the Ens and Essence of the Divine light in her selfer, and thereupon hungreth and thirsteth after the grace of God, and entreth into an essectional repentance and forrow, and bewaileth the evill which it hath committed.

37. And in this hunger and thirst it receiveth Christs slesh and blood, for the spirit of the New will (which in the beginning entered into the grace of Christ, and which Christ received into him-selfe) becommeth now substantiall and essentiall, by the magnetick

impressure, hunger, and defire, of the soule.

38. And this effentiality is called Sophia, being the effentiall wifedome, or the body of Christ; and in this the saith in the hopy Ghost doth consist; Here Christ and the Soule, believe in one Ground.

39. For true Faith doth not confift in thoughts, or in meere affeating to the Hiffory: Viz. That a man impreffeth [or imagineth inhis minde] to himfelfe, that Chrift is dead for his finnes, [and by an Hifforicall apprehension or blind perswasion of a particular Election clingeth to his merits and righteousnesses, without the innate righteousnesses of Christ, and life of God effentially working in him, and begetting him to a new creature] for Faith is a receiving of the promised grace in Christ, it receiveth Christ into it selse; it doth impresses him into its hunger, with his heavenly stell and blood, with the grace which God offereth in Christ.

40. Christ feedeth the soule with the Essence of Sophia, Vizwith his owne flesh and blood, according to his saying, whosever exteth not of the sless of the Sonne of Man, he hath no life in him,

but who foever eateth the same, he abideth in him.

41. And herein the Testaments of Christ, and also the right Christian Faith consist; for an unsubstantial! [unessential], conjecturall or verball] Faith is as a glimmering fire smothered in smook or mossture, which would willingly burne, but yet hash no right Ensthereto, but when a right Ens is given to it, then that little sparke of fire encreaseth, whence a faire shiping light ariseth; and then its manifest, that in the wood such a fire and faire light lay hid, which before was not known.

C 42. And

* Wiek of a
Candle or smoothing Flax.

* That which
lyeth hid, and
yet is in title as
well as in Potentia.

42. And this is to be understood likewise in a child of God, while the poore soule is wrapt up in the anger of God, its like a glimmering * Wiek, that would willingly burne, and cannot, by reason of the vanity of sinnes, and the anger of God; but when the soule, being a little sparke of Divine fire getteth into it selfe Gods Love-Ens, Viz. Christs stell and blood, then that sparke groweth to a great fire and light, which shineth and sendeth forth its light with faire vertues and good workes, and liveth in great patience under the vanity of this World, and yet groweth forth as a faire slower out of the wild Earth.

43. A fimilitude whereof we have in the Sunne and the Earth; Namely, that if the Sunne should not shine upon the Earth, no fruit could grow; but when the Sunne shineth upon the Earth, and penetrates into the Ens of the Earth, then the Ens of the Earth receiveth the vertue or powerfull influence of the Sun into it felfe; whereupon a great hunger ariseth in the Ens of the Earth, after the vertue of the Sun; and this hunger impreffeth, and feedeth upon the verrue and influence of the Sun, and by this hunger of the Ent of the Earth, which eagerly reacheth after the Ens of the Sunne, an Hearb is drawne out of the Earth with a stalke, in which also the Ens and vertue of the Sunne ascends up along in the growth and flourishing of the Hearb, and the Sun, with his beames of light, becommeth substantiall in the Ens of the Earth in the stalke, and root; and we fee how through the power of the Sunne and Starres in the spirit of the World, another body ariseth out of the stalke, different from the root in the Earth; also how the stalke doth put forth a bud to a faire flower, and afterwards to fruit; and we fee how the Sun afterwards from time to time ripeneth and sweetneth the same

44. And thus it is with man; the ground of the foule is the Divine field, when it receiveth the Divine Sun-finine into it felle, a Divine plant fpringeth forth; and this is the new birth, whereof Christ speaketh; now this plant must bee nourished from above, by the celestial influence, and drawne up in growth by the Divine Sun, and by the Divine Water, and preserved by the Divine constellation. Viz. the Divine vertue or power of God, till it commeth to bee a Divine body, of a Divine, and Angelicall figure, as the body on the stalke.

45. And as the body on the stalke must stand in raine, winde, and stormes; in heat, and cold, and suffer the Sunne to ripen it: So likewise must a Christian stand in this thorny World, in the awaked anger of God, in the Kingdome of the Devill, amongst many wicked men, and suffer himselfe to be beaten, with scorne and contempt, and yet he must turne his hope and consideree from all creatures onely

onely and alone upon the Divine Sun, and fuffer it to ripen him and

beget him to an heavenly fruit.

46. Not Temples or houses of stone, or humane Ordinances, and formes of *Word worship do beger [or regenerate him] to a newnesse of life; but the Divine Sun in the Divine Constellation of the Pewers of the Word of God in the Temple of Jesis Christ, in himfelse, doth beget him out of the Fountaine of life Jesis Christ; so that he is a branch on the Vine of Christ, and bringeth forth good Grapes, which the Divine Sun ripeneth, that Gods children, being his loving sellow members, may eate them; whereby they also grow and sourish in and with him, which Grapes are good Dostrine, life, and workes.

47. A man must come to the practice, effectuall performance, and fruitfulnesse in Christianity, otherwise the new birth is not yet manisfit in him, nor the Noble branch yet born; no tickling or soothing, comforting with promises or Scripture evidences, and boasting of a Faith, doth availe any man at all, if the faith make him not a child conformable to God in Effence and will, which faith bringeth

forth Divine fruit.

48. All that men now doe ftrive, dispute, contend, and fight about, and thereby destroy and lay desolate, countrey and people, is onely a meere huske without fruit [a forme without power, a Mamm without Christian mercy] and it belongeth to the fiery World for separation [and shall be decided in the judgement of the Lord.] There is no true understanding in any party, they contend all onelyabout the Name and the Will of God, and no Party will doe it; they minde nothing but their owne glory, preferments, and pleasure of the slesh; if they were true Christians they would have no strife, or contention.

49. A good Tree beareth good fruit for every one, and though fonetimes it must suffer the wind to break off its branches and fruit, and the Sun to wither and dry them up; yea when they are ripe, to be devoured of Swine, or trodden under foot; yet for all this,

it endeavoureth still to bring forth more good fruit.

50. And thus a true Christian in Christ can will nothing else, but what Christ willeth in him; and though he must suffer his good fruit which doth spring and grow forth out of the internal Man, to bee often trampled upon and spoyled by the evill stellar and blood; and also by the Devils winde; the wicked censure and salfe interpretation of the hypocriticall Luciferian Serpent and the wickednesse of the World; yet the Tree of the new Plant in the life of Christ doth still stand and spring forth through the outward mortall Man, maugre all opposition irresistably; as eternity springeth through time and giveth life and power to time; and as the day doth

* Which is but lip-labour. doth arife and breake forth through the night, and changeth the night into day, and yet the night (emaineth there still in it selfe, and yet it is not knowne or discerned in the day; So likewise the Divine day doth spring and bud forth in us through our eternall night; and changeth the night, to wit, Gods Anger, Hell, Death, Anguish, and eternall destruction into the Divine Day of joy and consolation; albeit the darke night, with the Ens of the Serpent, and the poyson in stell and blood, rageth and striveth against it.

st. Therefore beloved Sir, and Christian Brother, we have more need to endeavour for the growth and encrease of the precious Corall, and how we may come to it, then to run after the unprofitable Pratings and conjecturall Fistions in the seigned holinesie, where one Brother despifeth, reproacheth, rejecteth, and proclaimeth, the other for an Heretick, nay giveth him to the Devill for an Opinion

fake, which he hath made to himselfe.

52. I tell and declare unto you in my knowledge which God hath given me; that it is a meere deceit of the Devill, who thus doth bring us poore men into Opinions, to contemne and reproach one another (crying downe, and holding one another for Hereticks and Fantafticks that bindeth not his confcience to our mentall idoll or Opinion) fo that we ftrive, and wrangle about the huske, and in the meane time lofe love, and faith, and attaine not the new birth.

53. Our whole Religion is but a child-like worke; namely, that we wholly forfake, and difclaime our owne knowing, willing, running, difputing [and forged conclusions of blinde hypocritical] Reason, which bewitcheth the naturall minde to the forme, and frame of its owne wisedome] and unsaignedly and fully resolve with our selves to enter into, and persevere in the way which bringeth usagaine to our owne native Countrey which we lost [in Adam when he with his minde and full will went out of Paradise into the spirit of this transstory World;] and so returne to our Mother, which in the beginning did beget us, and bring us forth out of her selse.

54. Now if we will doe this, then we must not come to her in our owne selfe will, and way, in Pride, and Ostentation, in aplauding our selves, in contempt of her children, our sellow-Christians, and fellow-members; For we are the lost Sonne, who is become a Swineheard, and have shamefully missipent our Patrimony with the satted Hogs of the Devill, and the World: We must enrer into our selves, and well consider our selves, and our Fathers house; and we must set before us the mirrour, or looking glatse of the Law and Gospell; and see how far we are departed from Gods righteousnesse, and also from [unseigned, impartiall] * brotherly love, and well examine our heart whereto it is inclined.

* Which loveth all our brethren through our enemies.

55. Now,

44. Now, when we doe this, wee shall finde in our selves many handred evill Beafts, which we have fet up in Gods ftead, and doe honour and love the same above God; and even then we shall see what hideous horrible Beafts were manifest in Adam by false lust, or imagination; and wherefore God fayd to Adam, The Seede of the Woman shall breake the Serpents head; to wit, the Monstrous

- 56. As first, we shall see in our Defire the proud Lucifer, who is departed from Divine and brotherly humility, and contemneth the members of his body, and hath fet himselie to be a God and Lord over them, in whom there is no Divine love, to love either God, or

his Brother.

57. Secondly, we shall find a Beast in our propertyes, resembling the covereous greedy Swine, which will take all to it felfe, and alone devour and 'poffeffe all, and defireth more then it needeth; wherewith the proud Lucifer might be able to vapour, brag, and vaunt himselfe, that he is a God over * Substance, and that he can * Or, Every domineer, having power and might over his fellow branches; and we shall see how this proud Lucifer hath broken himselfe off from the Tree of life, and the mutuall growth and increase of love, and would be a Tree of himselfe; and therefore hee is a withered dry branch in respect to God.

58. Thirdly, we shall finde the poysonfull envious Serpent in our properties, which teareth, and rageth as a poyfon; I meane, Envy, which wisheth no man so well, as it selfe; which stingeth, rageth, and rideth in other mens hearts, and flandereth them with words, and onely applaudeth its owne haughty Lucyfer, and tearmeth its

falschood [and cunning hypocrifie] an Angell of God.

59. Fourthly, We shall finde in our properties, the fiery Dragon fitting in hellish fire, I meane Anger, which (if covetousnesse and envy cannot obtaine that which it would have) will lay violent hands upon it, and take it by force, and is so raging madd, that it buffeth its life for very malice and iniquity, and breakes in pieces in fiery malice, and is a very dry branch on the Tree; and is onely fit for the fire.

60. Fifthly, We shall finde many hundred evill Beafts in our Defire, which Pride loveth, and honoureth, more then God; and covetousnesse draweth them to it selfe for a Treasure, wherewith Pride vapoureth and vaunteth as if they were Gods; and thereby doth withdraw fustenance and comfort from his Brothers life; so that he is forced to spend it in misery, trouble, and perplexity, by reason of bis violence and extortion.

61. Now when a man doth thus behold himselfe in this mirror of felichood, and perceiveth these evill Beasts; then let him rightly imagine

imagine to himselfe that he is deeply guilty of them, and thereby consider the greevous fall of Adam, and thinke, that all these evill desires, and vaine imaginations doe wholly take their rise and originall in hims from the Monster of the Serpent, through the influence.

and infimuation of the Devill into our first Parents.

62. For all the properties of the defines lay in one harmony and ftedfast unity in Adam; and the one loved the other, and were in mutuall agreement, but such fasse defires are risen in Man through the envy of the Devill, who stirred up the false lust and imagination in Adam and Eve to prove the unequality [in the property and spirit of the mixed World] and to taste what good and evill was; to feele heare and cold, and to try the multitude and variety of the properties; so that now these defires doe attract, long after, and desire that which is like to themselves; and every desire of these propertyes, is a severall hunger of life in man, which hath broken it selse off from the harmonious unity; and opposeth the love, likenesse, and mutuall society of its selsow branches, or brethren, and covetously desireth to draw their life and maintenance to it selse, and to make it selse a Lord over it, and will be a Selseist.

63. All which is contrary to the Divine will and ground, and is a perjury against God; yea, it opposets the course and order of nature; as we see by the Trees and Plants of the Earth; how all stand, and grow lovingly one by another, and rejoyce in one Mother; and how one branch on the Tree doth impart its sap and power to the o

ther, and mutually ferve each other.

64. For in such a lovely equality and harmony the life of Man (John 1.) was inspired out of the eternal! Word into the humane Image, being out of the Limis of the Earth: So that all the propertyes of the life stood in an equal proportion in the temperature;

in one Love, and murually loved each other.

65. But when the Devill mixed his poyson, and false defire therein; the propertyes of life were divided into many defires: whence strife, discord, sicknesse, instrmityes, the cumbersome grossensse and mortall frailty of the body is risen through the false defire, and infinuation of the Bestiall propertyes; by reason whereof the Image of God (which was from the heavenly Essense) disappeared; concerning which God sayd unto them, In that day that thus eatest of the Irree of the knowledge of good, and evill, thou shalt dye the death: That is, thou shalt dye to the Kingdome of God, as it also came to passe.

* Or, Confider with our setves.

66. And we must really * imagine to our selves that this Bestiall salse desire in man, is the Monster of the Serpent, and an enmity against God, and the Ringdome of Heaven, and that we therein are onely the children of Hell, and of the Anger of God, and cannot therein

therein inherite, or possesse the Kingdome of God; neither is God manisest in any such defire; but onely his anger and the property of the darke, and earthly World; and we live therein onely to the vanity of this World, and stand therewish onely upon the abysse of the darke World and the anger of God: that is, of Hell, which continually gapeth and hungerest after these propertyes, and countest these propertyes its owne fruits, and children, which is shall reape and take into its Barne; for they doe belong unto it by the right of nature; for these defires are all originally from it, and have their roote in the ground of Hell and destruction, and indeed no where else.

67. Therefore fayd Christ, Unlesse a man be borne anew, hee shall not see the Kingdome of God: All these fails wills and desires are predestinated to damnation; if any will see God, he must bee converted, and become as a child, and be new borne in the holy Ghost, through the water of eternall life: Viz. through the heavenly Ens, which God hath revealed in Christ; that the first right man, which dyed in Adam (proceeding from the heavenly Worlds Essence)

might againe spring forth in Christ, and become living.

68. All these evill Beasts are condemned, and must dye in us, and though their define doth somewhat cleave and stick unto us in the stell, yet they must all be mortysied during this [life] time in the soule. Viz. In the inward ground, and the inward ground of the soule must be Tinctured by the true Tincture in the blood of Christ; that the propertyes of the internal Ground may again live in harmony and concord, for otherwise they cannot reach the Deity

in themselves.

69. Now when man knoweth this, he cannot better be rid of his evill beaftiall defires, then that he prefently at the fame inflant bring himfelfe with his whole ftrength into such a strong will, and carnest purpose, that he for time to come will hate; and abandon these evill beafts of the Devill, seeing they are onely the Devils servants; and that he will returne into his lost centurey, into the adoption and atonement, and estee ne, and looke upon himselfe no otherwise, then as the lost Swineheard and no whit better, and forthwith approach with the conversion of his soule, to the Father, in deepest humility, with acknowledgement of his unworthinesse; in that he hate so sharefully, and unworthing missingues and missimproved the free inheritance of Christs merits, and so enter into repentance.

70. Let him with all his strength give up his earnest will thereunto, that he from this very time forward, will repent and amend, and no longer love these evill Beasts; but this must be in earnest, in reall fincerity without delayes, and nor to thinke of a day, weeke, or yeare; but his minde must utterly and continually condemne them to the dampation of death, and not will to love them any more, but count them enemyes, and so resolve to turne himselfe to the

mercy and grace of God.

71. When this is done (I speake as I have highly knowne it in the precious light of grace) that then he may turne himselfe to earnest praying in humility, and befeech God for grace; and though his heart faith utterly, no; and the Devill fayth, ftay yet a while, it is not now good and convenient, thou wilt have better opportunity to morrow; and when to morrow commeth, then fayth he, againe to morrow, and suggesteth to the flesh, saying, Thou must first doe this, or that; gather first a treasure for thy selfe, that thou mayst not need the World, and then enter into fuch a life; yet I fay, the minde must remaine firme and stedfast in its purpose, and thinke with it felfe, these suggestions and thoughts are mine evill hungry Beafts, these I will kill, and drowne them in the blood of Christs love; none of them shall live any longer in me, I will have no more to doe with them, I am now in the way to my ancient Father, who hath fent his Son to me in my mifery and diffreffe; faying, Come to me all yee that are weary [grieved] or heavy laden with finnes, and I will refresh you: My Father will give the holy spirit to them that aske him tor it.

Imprint and settle it in his resolution. 72. Let him imagine and *impresse this into his very heart, and come with the lost Sonne to the Father; and when the Father shall see, that the minde of the soule is directed to him, and would willingly and unseignedly turne, and yet cannot; then he will presently meet him, and classe the soule into the armes of his drawing, and bring her into the passion, and death of Christ, where shee through earnest repentance and forrow will dye from (or mortise) those abominable Beasts, and arise out of the death of Christ with a new will, and a true Divipe desire; and so he will begin then to be another man indeed, and not a whit esteeme that which before he loved and held for his Treasure; and it will be to him as if hee had it, and also had it not; and afterwards he will account himselfe in all his power, ability, and possessions, but as a servant and Steward of God.

73. For so some as he is able to master and overcome the proud Lucifer of Pride, all the other evill Beasts will grow weak and faint, and lose their ruling power and dominion; although they yet live in this [life] time in the earthly stefn, yet they are onely as an Asse, which must earry the Sack, or as a mad Dog in a chaine, their steepers is broken.

ftrength is broken.

74. For when Christ rifeth, Lucifer must lye captive; and if there be an earnest full perseverance, such a precious Jewell would follow,

as this Pen cannot here describe; and those alone know who have been at the heavenly Mariage, where the noble Sophia is espoused to the soule; concerning which Christ sayd, That there is greater joy in Heaven over one stoner that repenteth then over ninety nine righteous: Which joy is kept also in the heaven of man, in this espousall or mar-

riage; this is understood by our Schoole fellowes.

75. Deare Sir, and Christian sellow-brother, I thought it good (Christianly and sincerely meaning well unto you) to put you in minde of this, and to lay it forth out of my little Treasury, in a child-like simplicity, not intending thereby to shew and set forth my Selse; but out of a true and bearry defire, withing that this might be sell also in your heart, and that I also might recreate, and refresh my selse a little with you, as a sellow-member, though absent, and yet present in defire, and co-operating in the Divine gifts; and this upon your defire, as formerly is sayd.

76. And if my good will should finde place, and God would open the doore of his mystery; then had I yet haply some other more precious Jewels in my little Treasury, in which Time and Extensity may be knowne; being ready and willing to tender you my strice therein; And so I commend you and yours, to the sweet, and

pleasant Love, Grace, and Will of Josu Chrift.

D A Letter

A Letter to

CASPAR LINDERN,

Customer at BEVTEX.

WHEREIN

Is described the plaine, and simple way, which the Author took for the attainment of his high Knowledge:

ALSO,

His Censure, Judgement, and answer, concerning diverse Authors of different opinions, tending to lead Christians into the excellent and defired way of Love and Union.



H E open Fountaine in the heart of Jesus Christ refresh us, and lead us to himselfe, that we may live in his power, and rejoyce in him; that so wee may Love and understand one another, and enter into one onely Will.

2. Much respected and discreet Sir, my most worthy Friend in the Love, and humanity of Jesus Christ; my

hearty defires from God in Our Immanuel for prosperity upon soule and body premised; I give you Sir to understand, that I have received your Letter, and therein perceive that you are a Seeker, and great Lover of the Mystery, or of the knowledge of God; and doe diligently take care, every where to pick up some Divine crums, bearing likewise a great defire and hunger after them.

3. Which on my part doth highly rejoyce me, that God doth

thus draw and lead his children; as tis written, Those, who are driven by the fpirit of God, be the Children of God; and as one branch on the Tree doth rejoyce in the other, and mutually minister Sap, and affiftance one to another; so likewise doe the children of God in their Tree, Jesus Christ: And at this, my simple person doth exceedingly rejoyce, that God in the Fountaine of his heart doth draw us, (as fimple children of our Mother) to himselfe; even to the right breaft, and bosome of our Mother, that so we should long after him, as children after their Mother.

4. And whereas (my beloved Sir, and brother in the love of Chrift) I fee and perceive, that you doe thirst after the open Wellforing of Christ, and likewise doe enjoy the same according to the will of God, yet you doe enquire after the enjoyment of your brethren, and defire (as a branch on the Tree) mutually to recreate, refresh, and satiate your selfe in them; and it is also acceptable to me, to impart my Sap, and my spirit (in my knowledge which God bath given me) unto my brethren and members (being my fellowbranches in the Tree, Jesus Christ) and so to rejoyce in them; namely, in their fap, power, and spirit; for it is the pleasant food of my foule, to perceive, that my fellow-branches, and members, doe flourish in the Paradise of God.

5. But I will not conceale from you the fimple child-like way, which I walke in Christ Jesus; for I can write nothing of my selfe, but as of a childe, which neither knoweth or understandeth any thing; neither hath ever been learned, but onely that which the Lord vouchfafeth to know in me; according to the measure, as hee

manifests himselfe in me.

6. For I never defired to know any thing of the Divine Mystery, much leffe understood I the way how to seeke or finde it; I knew nothing of it, as tis the condition of poore Lay-men in their fimplicity, I fought onely after the heart of Jesus Christ, that I might hide my felfe therein from the wrathfull anger of God, and the violent affaults of the Devill; and I befought the Lord earnestly for his holy spirit, and his grace, that he would be pleased to blesse and guide me in him; and take that away from me, which did turne me away from him, and I refigned my felfe wholy to him, that I might not live to my owne will, but to his; and that hee onely might lead and direct me; to the end, that I might be his Child in his Son Jefus Christ.

7. In this my earnest Christian seeking and defire (wherein I soffered many a shrewd repulse, but at last being resolved rather to put my life to utmost hazard, then to give over, and leave off) the Gate was opened unto me, that in one quarter of an houre I faw and knew more, then if I had been many yeares together at an Uni-

verfire; at which I did exceedingly admire, and I knew not how it happened to me; and thereupon I turned my heart to praife God

* The Ground or Originall foundation. + And that which is without ground or bottomlesse and fathomlesse.

8. For I faw and knew the Being of all Beings, the * Byffe, and + Abysse; also the birth [or eternall Generation] of the holy Trinity; the descent, and original of this World, and of all creatures, through the Divine Wisedome; I knew and saw in my felse all the three Worlds; Namely, the Divine, Angelicall, and Paradificall [World] and then the darke World; being the original of Nature to the Fire: And then thirdly, the eternall, and vibble World, being a procreation, or extern birth; or as a substance expressed, or spoken forth, from both the internall, and spiritual Worlds; and I faw, and knew the whole Being for working Rffence I in the Evill, and in the Good; and the mutuall originall and existence of each of them; and likewise how the * Prespant Mother brought forth; fo that I did not onely greatly wonder at it, but did also exceedingly rejoyce.

* Genetrix or fruitful bearing womb of eternity.

9. And prefently it came powerfully into my minde to fet the same downe in writing, for a Memoriall to my selfe; albeit I could very hardly apprehend the fame in my external Man, and expresse it with the Pen ; yet however I must begin to labour in these great Mysteryes as a Childe that goeth to Schoole: I saw it (as in a great Deep) in the internall, for I had a thorow view of the Universe, as in a CHAOS, wherein all things are couched, and wrapt up, but it was impossible for mee to explicate and unfold the fame.

+ Or, Breeding of ite .

10. Yet it opened it selfe in me from time to time, as in a young Plant; albeit the same was with me for the space of twelve yeares, and I was as it were + Pregnant withall, and found a powerfull driving and instigation within me, before I could bring it forth into an externall forme of writing; which afterward fell upon me as a ludden showre, which hitterh whatsoever it lightesh upon; just so it hapned to me, whatfoever I could apprehend, and bring into the externall [principle of my mind.] the fame I wrote downe.

11. However, afterward the Sun did shine on me a good while, but not in a continual constant manner; for when the same did hide it selfe, I scarce knew, or well understood my owne labour [or Writings] fo that, man must acknowledge, that his knowledge is not his owne, or from himselfe, but Gods, and from God; and that God knoweth [or manifests the Ideas of his Wifedome] in the foule of Man after what manner, and measure hee plea-

12. I intended to keep this my Writing by me, all the dayes of my life, and not to deliver it into the hands of any; but it fell out according according to the providence of the most High, that I entrusted a certaine person with some of it; by meanes whereof, it was published, and made knowne without my knowledge and confent, and the first Booke (called Aurora) was thereby * taken from me; and because * By Gregory many wonderfull things were revealed therein (which the mind of man was not prefently capable to comprehend) I was faint to fuffer

much, from Reason.

13. I faw this first Booke no more in three yeares; I supposed that it was dead, and gone; till certaine learned men fent me fome Copies of it, who exhorted me to proceed, and manifest my Talent; to which, the outward Reason would by no meanes agree, because it had fuffered so much already, for it; moreover, the spirit of Reason was very weake, and timorous, for my High light was for a good while also withdrawne from me; and it did glow in me as a hidden fire: So that I felt nothing, but anguish and perplexity within me: Outwardly I found contempt, and inwardly a fiery infligation; yet I was not able to comprehend [that light] till the breath [or inspiration I of the most High did helpe me to it againe, and awakened new life in me, and then I obtained a better flyle in writing, also deeper, and more grounded knowledge; I could bring every thing better into the outward expression : which the Book, treating of the Threefold life + through the three Principles, doth demonstrate; and the godly Reader, whose heart is opened, shall see [that it is fo.]

14. Thus now I have written, not from the instruction, or knowledge received from men; not from the learning, or reading of Bookes; but I have written out of my own Book which was opened in me, being the Noble fimilitude of Gud, the Booke of the Noble and precious Image (understand Gods owne similitude, or likenesse) was bestowed upon me, to Read; and therein I have studied, as a child in the house of its Mother, which beholderh what the Father doth, and in his child-like play, doth imitate his Father; I have no

need of any other Booke,

15. My Booke hath onely three leaves, the fame are the three Note, what man Principles of Eternity, wherein I can finde all whatfoever Mofes, can finde in and the Prophets; Christ, and his Apostles have taught, and spoken; himselfe. I can finde therein the foundation of the World, and all Mysteryes; yet not I, but the spirit of God doth it actording to the measure,

as he pleafeth.

16. For I have belought, and begged of him many hundred times, that if my knowledge did nor make for his glory, and conduce to the *amending, and instructing of my Brethren, he would be pleafed to take it from me, and preferve mee onely in his love; yet 1 found, that by my praying, or earnest defiring, I did onely enkindle

Richter, Lord Primate of Gerlitz.

+ Or, According to.

* Bettering or benefit.

the fire more strongly in me; and in such inflamation, knowledge,

and manifestation, I made my Writings.

17. Yet I did not intend to make my felfe knowne with them a-mong Juch Persons, as now I see is come to passe; I still thought I wrote for my selfe onely; albeit the spirit of God, in the Mystery of God, in my spirit, did sufficiently shew me to what end it was; yet outward Reason was alwayes opposite, save onely sometimes when the morning Starre did arise, and even then Reason was also thereby enkindled, and did dance along, as if it had comprehended [the Pearl,] yet it was far from it.

18. Ged dwelleth in the Noble Image, but not in the spirit of the Stars, and Elements; he possesses the hinselfe onely, in his owne likenesse; and albeit he dorn possesses fomething (as indeed he possesses things) yet nothing comprehends him, but what doth Originally arise and spring from him; as namely, the

foule in the fimilitude of God.

19. Befides, all my Writings are like unto a young Schollers, that is going to Schoole; God hath according to his will brought my foule into a wonderfull Schoole; and in truth I cannot afcribe, or arrogate any thing unto my felfe, as if my felfehood were, or under-

stood, any thing.

20 No man must conceive higher of me, then he seeth; for the worke in my studying, or Writing, is none of mine; I have it onely according to the measure as the Lord is pleased to give it me; I am mothing but his instrument, whereby he effecteth what he willeth: This I relate unto you my beloved Friends, for an instruction, and information, least any should esteem me otherwise then I am; namely, as if I were a man of high art and deep understanding and reason; for I I ve jin weaknesse and instruction, in the childhood, and simplicity of Chost; and my sport and pastime is in that child-like worke which he bath allotted to me; yea I have my delight therein, as in a Garden of pleasure, where many Noble Flowers grow; and in the meane time I will joy and recreate my felse therewith, till I shall againe obtaine the Flower of Paradise, in the New man.

21. But because, deare Sir, and beloved Friend, I see and perceive that you are a seeking in this way; therefore I write unto you with diligence, my child-like course; for I understand, that you make use of diverse Authors, and Writings; concerning which you desire my judgement, the which I shall impart unto you as my fellow-member, so far as God hath given me to know, and that onely in a briefe and short comprisal!: In my Booke of The threefold life you

shall find it at large; according to all circumstances.

22. And this is the Answer I give unto you: Viz. That Selfe-reason (which being voyd of Gods spirit, is onely taught, and instructed from the bare Letter) doth cavill, taunt, deride, and despise, whatsover doth not punctually agree, and conforme to the Canons, and
Institutions of the Universities, and high Schooles; which I doe not
wonder at, for it is from without, and Gods spirit is from within;
it is good and evill, is is like the winde, which is moved and driven
too and fro; it *esteemeth mans judgement; and according as * Hi
the high and great ones, who have the respect and authority of the
world doe judge and censure, just so it gives its credit, and verdict:
It knoweth not the mind of the Lord, because the same is not in it;
its understanding is from the Starres, and tis nothing else but a
counterseite shadow of phansie, in comparison of the Divine wisedome.

* Highly pi-

- 23. How can he judge of Divine matters, in whom the spirit of the Lord is not? The spirit of the Lord doth alone try, prove, and judge all things, for to him onely all things are known, and manifest; but Reason judgeth outwardly, and one Reason doth alwayes square its judgement, and opinion, according to another; the Inseriour judgeth and censureth as his grand Superiour; the Lay-man as the Doctor; and yet none of them both apprehend the Sense, Minde, and truth of the Lord, without the Spirit of God, which judgeth in Man; and respects no mans person: the Lay man, and the Doctor are both one to him.
- 24. Now whereas the Children of God have diverfe and manifold gifts in Writing, Speaking, and judging; and they have not all one manner of expression, phrase, and style; whereupon selfe Reason afterward doth by artificiall conclusions draw out of them, what maketh for its owne turne, and frameth a Babell to it felfe; whence such a multitude and wearisome heape of opinions are risen; so that men out of their Writings have forged, and invented diverfe conjectures and wayes unto God; and men must be forced to goe in those wayes, whereby such controversies and unchristian contentions are arisen; that men for the present looke onely upon the strife of words, and disputes, about the Letter, and those which according to their Reason and Principles doe overcome by Verball jangling, and exchanging Scripture for Scripture, are applauded; but this is nothing but Babel, a Mother of spirituall whoredome, where Reafon entereth not in at the doore of Chilf, through Christs fpirit; but preffeth in of it felfe, and climeth up by its owne might, ftrength, and pride, being yet a stranger, or unregenerated; and would alwayes faine be the fairest Child in the house; men must honour, and adore ir.
 - 25. The children of God have a divertity of gifts, according to the Rule of the Apostle; God giveth an expression to every one as he pleaseth; the gifts and endowments of men fall our according to

the unfearchable will of God, and spring altogether out of one Root; the which is the Mother of the Three Principles; and as the spirit of every soule is Constellated in the eternal! Mother, even so is

its revelation, apprehension, and knowledge.

26. For God bringeth not a new, or strange Spirit into us; but he openeth with his spirit our spirit; namely, the Mystery of Gods Wisedome, which lyeth in every man according to the measure, manner, and condition of his internall, hidden constellation: For Christ sayd, My Father worketh, and I also worke: Now the Father worketh in the Effence of the soule, property: and the Son in the Effence of Gods owne Image, that is in the Divine Similitude, or Harmony.

27. The property of the foule belongeth to the Father; For Christ sayd, Father, the men were thine, and thou hast given them mee, and I give unto them Eternall life: Seeing then, the property of the soule is from Eternity, of, and from the Father; therefore he hat wrought in it from Eternity, and fill worketh in that same Image to Eternity, light, and darknesse, to either of which the Will of the

foules property doth incline, and give up it felfe.

28. Seeing then, the Fathers property or wifedome is unmeasurable, and infinite; and that he being the wisedome it selfe worketh, and yet through his wisedome all things doe arise; thereupon the soules of men are diversly Constellated; indeed they arise, and originally proceed out of one onely Essence; yet the operation is diverse, and manifold; all according to Gods wisedome: Now the spirit of Christ openeth the property of every soule; so that each speaketh from its owne property, of the wonders in the wisedome of God.

29. For the spirit of God maketh no new thing in man, or it infuseth no strange spirit into him; but he speaketh of the wonders in the wisedome of God through Man, and that not from the Eternall Constellation onely, but likewise from the externall Constellation; that is, through the spirit of the externall World, hee openeth in Man the internall Constellation of the soule; that he must Prophessie, and forestell what the externall heaven worketh, and produceth; also he is driven to speak through the Turba Magna; as the Prophets have many times spoken, and denounced unto the people their punishment which by Gods permission through the Turba Magna should come upon them for their violence and sinfulnesses; and their bitter imprecations, wicked contentions and wrathfull indignation in their envious will one against another, doe awaken the Sword of Anger in the Turba Magna.

30. Now the spirit of God speaketh in his Children, diverse manner of wayes; sometimes in one it speaketh, by the internall, and

eternall

eternall Constellation of the soule, of eternall punishment, or reward; of Gods Curse or Blessing: and in another, it telleth through the externall Constellation, of the Fortune or Missortune, of the prosperity or adversity of this World; also of the rising and advancement of Powers and Authorities; and then likewise of the ruine and destruction of Countries, and Cities, and also of strange and wonderfull alterations in the World.

21. And though it hapneth oftentimes, that the spirit of the outward World doth make its sport with its representations of phansie in Man, and from its owne Might and strong influence doth infinuate it selfe into the spirit of man, and sheweth diverse strange and marvellous Figures; which onely findes place among those, who run on in their owne Reason onely, in proud selfe will; whence often, false Prophets arise; yet I say, that every one speaketh from his owne Constellation; the one through the manifestation of Gods spirit, really and fincerely; and the other through the manifestation of the externall Aftrall spirit uncertainly by conjecture and gueffe; yet from the same Constellation, but he that speaketh from the mouth of another, and in like manner judgeth of the Miftery, without a peculiar knowledge; he is in Babel, and entangled in opinion, wilfully amufing himselfe in those things which the heart findes not experimentally whether they be true or no : [but he pins his Faith upon the fayings of other men.

32. And I say further, that all those pretious men, who have been illuminated of God (some of whose Writings you may have at hand) have spoken from their manifestation, and revelation; each according to his apprehension or the Modell of his capacity; yet the centre is the soule, and the light is God; the revelation is wrought, and brought to passe by the opening or manifestation of Gods spirit,

through the Constellation of the soule.

33. All the Prophets from the beginning of the World, have prophefied of Christ in different formes, one thus, and another so; they have not all concurred in one style, phrase, and forme; but each according as the spirit of God hath revealed to him in the e-ternall Constellation of the soule, yet they have all spoken out of one Centre, and Ground: And even so it is now adayes, the Children of God speake all from the revelation of Christs spirit, which is Gods; and every one according to his capacity, or that Idea of wisdome which is sormed in his minde; and therefore I put you in mind as a Friend, and exhibit you not to hearken after the vaine babling and prassing of Reason, or to bee moved at the proud censure and studgement of the same, so as thereby to condemne or despite the gifts of any Man; for hee that doth so, contemneth the spirit of God?

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34. These Authors which you mention, and others besides (concerning which you desire my judgement, whom I have not read all, but in part) I desire not to judge [or despise them] God forbid; let that be farre from me, albeit they have not all written in one style, and forme of expression: For the knowledge is diverse, and manifold: yet it behoveth me to try (according to my gifts) their heart, and will; but seeing I finde that their heart, and spirit doth slow and spring from one and the same Centre, namely from the spirit of Christ; therefore I rest my selfe contented on the Centre, and commend the expression to the Highest Tongue, Viz. To the spirit of Gods wisedome, which through the wisedome, doth open and reveale to every one according to the measure and manner as hee pleaseth.

35. I judge none, and to condemne any is a false, and Idle arrogancy, and vaine prating; the spirit of God himselse judgeth all things; if that be in us, what need we care for prating, I much rather rejoyce at the gifts of my brethren; if they have had other manner of gifts to hold forth, then I, should I therefore judge

them?

36. Doth my hearb, flower, or tree, fay unto the other, thou are fowre, and darke; I will not stand by thee? Have they not all one Mother whence they grow? Even so all soules proceed from One, and all men from one; why then doe we boast, and glory to be the children of God, notwithstanding that we are more unwise then the Flowers and Hearbs of the field; is it not so with us? Doth not God impart, and reveale his wisedome to us diversly? As he bringeth forth and manifesteth the Tinsture of the Mystery in the Earth, through the Earth with faire plants; even so in us Men; we should rather congratulate and heartily love one another, that God revealeth his wisedome so variously in Us; but he that judgeth condemneth, and contemneth in a wicked way, he onely runneth on in pride to shew himselfe, and to be seen; and is the Oppressor in Babel, a perverse stickler, that stirreth up contention and strife.

37. The true Tryall of Gods Children is this, which we may fecurely, and fafely follow; namely, an humble heart, that neither feeketh nor honoureth it felfe; but continually feeketh the good of his brother in Love; that feekes not after its owne profit, pleasure, and applause; but after righteousnesse, and the feare of God: The plaine and fingle way to come unto God, is this (so faire as is made knowne to me) Viz. That man depart from his finfull course; and make with himselfe an earnest constant purpose never to goe on any more in those simes which he hath committed; and in his forsking, and turning away from them not to despaire, and doubt of

Gods grace.

38. And

38. And albeit that reason suggesteth doubts, (whereby a finner is terrified, and stands amazed and astonished at the Anger of God) yet let the will onely in all simplicity and unseigned sincerity, directly cast it selfs into the mercy of God, and wholly lye downe, and shrowd it selfs in the suffering and death of Clarist, and surrender it selfs to God through Christ; as a child that betakes it selfs unto the lapp of the Mother, which willesh to doe onely that which is the will of the Mother; it doth onely cry and call unto the Mother, it alwayes hopes to receive its refreshment from the Mother, and it only longs after the breasts of the Mother; even so must our desire be wholly and onely turned, and directed to our first Mother, from whom we in Adam departed, and went into Selfe-Will.

39. Therefore Christ saith, Unlesse you be converted and become as Children, you cannot see the Kingdome of God: Also you must be borne againe (that is, we must wholly disclaime and depart from our own Reason, and come againe into refignation [and selfe-denyall] into the bosome of our Mother, and give over all Disputings; and as it were supplie, or mortifie our Reason) that the spirit of the Mother [Viz. of the Eternall Word of God] may get a forme in us; and blow up, or enkindle the Divine life in us, that so we may find our selves in the spirit of the Mother, in the Cradle; if we defire to

be taught, and driven by God.

40. And if we will be taught, and driven of God, then we must arise againe from the Cradle, and wholly submit and give up our selves unto him; that so Gods spirit may be in us wholly both the will and the Deed; that we may acknowledge the knowledge to be his,

and not ours; that he only may be our Knowing.

41. We must take no thought, or sollicitous care, what we are to know, and how we will know, but we must meerly enter into the Incarnation and birth of Jesus Christ, and into his suffering and death, and continually with all willingnesse tread in his footsteps; and sollow him, and think that we are here onely upon our Pilgrams path, where we must walke through a dangerous way, and enter againe in Christ on the narrow way into our native Countrey, whence Adam hath led us astray; in this way onely lyeth the Pearle of the Mysterium magnum [or the Jewell of the great Mystery] all studying, Book-reading, seeking, searching, and grounding [on our Received Principles, or Orthodox apprehensions] besides, and without this way, are but dead meanes, and obtaine not the Virgins Growne [or the Pearle of Sophia] but gather together heaps of thistles, and thornes, which sting, and gall the Children of God,

42. Therefore deare Sir, feeing you have defired my knowledge and judgement, I have no better counfell and advice to impart unto you, then to shew you the way, which I my felse walke in; and

upon which way the Gate was opened to me, fo that I am learned, without learning aforehand; for all Arts and Sciences come from

God, he findeth all things [in, and for man.]

* Note this carefully.

43. I have no controversie with the Children of God, by reason of the variety, and diversity of their gifts; *I can reconcile them all in my selfe [I can make a good construction, and understanding of them to my selfe] I onely bring them to the Centre; and there I have the proofe, and touchstone of all things: Now then if you will imitate and follow me, then you shall find it so by experience; and afterward perhaps better understand what I have written.

44. A reall true Christian hath no controverse or contention with any body, for in the resignation in Christ, he dyeth from all controverse and strife; he asketh no more after the way to God, but wholly surrenders himselse to the Mother; namely, unto the spirit of Christ; and whatfoever it doth with him it is all one to him; be it prosperity or adversity in this World, life or death; it is all alike unto him; no adversity or calamity reachesh the new man, but onely the old man of this World; with the same the World may doe what it pleaseth, it belongeth unto the World, but the new man belongeth to God.

45. This is my way, my deare friend, in which I walke, and in which I must know without my fore knowledge: I doe not purpose, premeditate, and muse, aforehand, what I am to write or speake, but I submit and refigne my selfe to the knowledge of God, he may know in me what he pleaseth; and in such a way as this, I have obtained a Pearle, which I esteeme of greater worth then the whole external

World.

46. And though it fall out many times, that the Children of God are contrary one to another [or class together] in their Knowledge; yet it proceeds onely from the Turba of the externall Reason, which is in all men; * and God permitteth it, that man might be proved and exercised, and by praying and pressing unto God, he might more earnestly and servently enkindle his spirit; and then the spirit of God ariseth in the Mystery of the Humanity, like a burning and shining sire; and all must serve for the best to the Children of God.

47. But concerning some persons of your Neighbourhood, of whom you make relation, which make money of all [they have] and run to the Supposed Zion; I should rather think it, better advise for them to stay at home, for Zion must be begotten; and borne in us: when they shall come to that Place; it will be with them as formerly; and they must however live under the yoke of Christ.

48. God is in Heaven, and the Heaven is in man; and if man defieth to be in Heaven, then must Heaven be manifest, and revealed

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in him, and this must be wrought, and brought to passe by Earnest ferious Repentance, and hearty Resignation, or unfeigned selfe-deniall; and this they may doe as well at home in their owne places; that which they thinke to run from, they are like to run into; it would be more acceptable to God, to walke at home in a godly Divine way; that o-

thers might take example by them.

49. There be among them arrogant, proud, scornefull, deriding People, which doe nothing but contemne and despise, and in many of them it is onely a received Forme and Custonie; and a spirituall pride, or felfish Pharifaicall Devotion, as I my selfe can speake by experience; for I in a Christian, brotherly, and friendly manner, befought and admonished one of them, by reason of a Book which he put forth, wherein I found some points of great importance, against God, and the ground of truth; and I hoped that he would become feeing, but he answered in a proud contemptuous, and flanderous manner, and gave forth such an answer, wherein there was no Characters or Prints of Gods spirit to be feen ; their Confession of faith israther an Opinion, then a true and fincere Earnestnesse, for all of them are not that which they boast and glory to be; there may be many honest hearts among them; but many of them are onely Hiftoricall, and Titular; and defire onely to flew themselves, and to be applauded, as I my felfe had experience of one of the chiefest among them; they may learne at home to despise other men [without their running to an outward supposed Zion.]

50. It is the way of the Children into Gods Kingdome and moreover their way is * Revoca; and this they themselves make shew of, * To Revoke, or but privately they are, as they were before; I would to God it were Recall themin Earnest with them, as they pretend and give forth, and then I selves. would commend the same also; but to slander, contemne, and defoise others, is nothing else but Babel, the World is already full of

fuch people, after fuch I run not-

51. Concerning * John Weyrack, fo farre as I can fee by these his * Hans Wey-Writings, he may be one that walkerh in the love of God; if this ranck. his way be held in the reall fincerity of the heart, but that he taunteth and dispraiseth others, by reason of the knowledge of the light of nature, it sheweth that he hath no knowledge therein, and his gifts reach not thither; and because he hath no such gift, we must paffe it over; and yet for all this, esteeme of him as a true and honest Brother; for God produceth his gifts not onely in simplicity, but in many in a high straine [or in a deep grounded understanding or magicall meaning:] For he is onely high, and ordereth, and directeth all his workes as he pleafeth.

52. In like manner, I answer to the rest of the Authors which you mention, some whereof were indued with high gifts, but they

were not sufficiently capable to comprehend all; yet for their Time. they have done enough, but because this present time hath need of another Medicine; therefore at this time also there are found other skilfull, understanding knowers, and shewers of the Disease, and all according to Gods loving providentiall care, who will not that any should perish, but that all men should be belped and cared.

52. If the same Authours were alive at this present, it may be they might have written in some points more clearely, and in another forme; albeit for their time they have done enough, and they are in no wife to be despised and rejected, although some points might be amended : But their Doctrine concerning the Union of the Deity and Humanity is very cleare; and we may see how Gods spirit hath been in them, bur Reason turnes all things to the worst; and by its falle expositions and Logicall gloties, wresteth them to a perverse sense.

* Swenckfelt.

54. * Swenckfelt stumbleth at this point, in that hee holdeth Christ to be no Creature; he hath not as yet comprehended the Principles, and therefore it is impossible for him to distinguish, how and in what he is no Creature; for in respect of the Deity he is no Creature; but in respect of the Heavenly Essence (concerning which he fayd, That he was come from Heaven. and was also in Heaven) he is in the Humanity creaturall, and without the Humanity un-

55. As we men live in the foure Elements, and we our felves are the property of the foure Elements, and they are in Us creaturall; and without us they are uncreaturall, and yet the unformed, uncreaturalized Elements without us in whom we live, and the formed creaturaliz'd Elements within us are but one thing; and so it is in

the Person of Christ.

56. The whole Appelical World (which is the second Principle)is his bodily Being or personall Essence, and as to the heavenly essentiality inthe Person of the Humanity it is creaturall, & without the Perfon uncreaturall; for he is the Fathers Heart and Word, and the heart is every where in the Father; fo that where his heart is, there is also Heaven, and the Divine effentiality environed with the compleate fulneffe of Wifedome.

57. Concerning his foule, which he commended into his Fathers hands, and of the which he fayd upon the Mount of Olives, That it was afflified and heavy, even unto death; the same is also of the property of our foule; for it was for the foules fake that God became man, that he might bring the same againe into himselse, and draw our will unto him againe our of the earthlinesse; this same is a

58. And the third Principle (which is the externall Kingdome

of this World, which God through his Wifedome hach brought forth out of Eternity) is also creaturall in him; for the whole Deice hath manifested it selfe in the Man Christ: Viz. That as God is all in the fpirit, fo likewise he is all in this man: we men are likewife even fo, if we be borne againe of God; and this point (which doth exercise, and trouble almost all others) may be easily amended and rectified, if it were well confidered, there would not be so much condemning, and contending; the spirit of God careth not for any controversie; he judgeth all things in himselfe.

50. Also * Weigelius writeth, that Mary is not the Daughter of * Weigelius. Touchim and of Annah, and that Christ affumed nothing from us; but that thee is an Eternall Virgin; and this indeed is true in respect of the Mark or Signe of the Covenant, according to the Virgin of the Divine wisedome : But what should this availe me ? What should become of my foule, and my heavenly effentiality which disappeared in Adam [which is the Paradificall Image] if Christ had not allimed on him the Ellence of our foule, and begotten againe to life the disappeared Image; the which in my Booke of the Threefold

life is fet forth at large

60 Except this, Weigelius writeth also of the new birth, and of the union of the humanity in Christ, very well with us; the which to speake of here I omit, because I have written clearely and pundualty thereof; and I neither contemne nor despise his Writings, nor those that read them.

61. Doth not a Bee gather Honey out of diverse Flowers; and though one Flower is better then another, yet she sticks not at that, but taketh what fervesh her turne, and if the fap and vertue of the Flower doth not like her, should shee therefore thrust her sting into it? As the despiser and mocker useth to doe: Men contend and controvert much about the Shell I or outlide of knowledge and Religion but regard not the precious Sap [of Love and Faith] which ferveth and availeth to life.

62. What good doth knowledge doe me, if I live not in and according to the same; the knowing, and also the will and reall performance of the fame must be in me : The mantle of Christs suffering and fatisfaction which men doe now usually put about them; shall become unto many, a snare, and hellish fire; in that they will onely tickle and flatter themselves with the merits and satisfaction of Chrift, and still keepe their cunning hypocrific and wickedneffe.

62. It is fayd, You must bee borne againe, elle vou shall not see the Kingdome of God: You must become like Children, if you will see the Kingdome of God: Not onely to contend and dispute about knowledge [and opinions] but you must become a new man [anew creature 7

creature] which liveth in God in righteouineffe, and holineffe; the wicked one must be cast out, and Christ must be put on; and then we are buryed in his death, in, and with him, and doe arise againe with him, and live eternally in him; what need I then to contend and wrangle about that which I my selfe am (which I have essentially in me, and of which no man can deprive me.)

64. I am at variance with none, but onely against the wicked, and him the spirit rebuketh to his sace; this I defire to let you know.

and my intent is fincere and upright towards you.

65. As for my Bookes you may eafily get them (I suppose) if you have a minde to them; for Christianus Bernard, Customer at Zagan, doth certifie me that he hath lent two of them (namely, the Booke of the Threefold life, which is the chiefest in Teaching; and then the forty questions concerning the soule) to your Butlers Brother, if you make him acquainted with it, he will not deny you, but if not, then I will helpe you to them in another way; you may also have them of Mr. Christianus Bernard, if you destre them of him, and you cannot get them nearer at hand, I will write unto him, that he shall lend them unto you, for I have mine seldome at home; yet in case you get them not, I will as soone as I can get them home, lend them you one after another.

65. The severall Bookes, and the Titles of them are these; the first Booke called Aurora, climeth up out of infancy, and shewes you the Creation of all Beings; yet very mysteriously, and not sufficiently explained; of much, and deep magical [cabalistical] or parabolicall understanding or meaning, for there be many mysteries

therein, that shall yet come to passe.

67. The Second is a great Book of an hundred fheets, it treatest of the Three Principles of the Divine Effence, and of the Being of all beings; the fame is a Key and an Alphabet for all those, who desire to understand my Writings; it treatest of the Creation, also of the Eternall birth or generation of the Deity, of Repentance, of the justification of man, of his Paradiscall life; also of the fall, and then of the new birth, and of the Testaments of Christ, and of the totall Salvation of Man; very profitable to be read, for it is an eye to know the wonders in the Mystery of God.

68. Thirdly, a Booke of the Three fold life, the same hath fixty sheets; it is a Key for above, and below to all Mysteries, to what-soever the minde is able to thinke upon, or whithersoever the heart is able to turne, and move it selfe; it sheweth the whole ground of the Three Principles, it serveth every one according to his * property; he may therein sound the depth and the resolve of all questions, whatsoever reason is able to devise and propound; it is the most necessary to serve your turne, you would bee soone

* Constellation, inclination, disposition, complezion, profession, and condition. weary of all contentious Bookes, if you entertaine and get that into your minde.

69. Fourthly, The forty Questions about the Soule, it hath twenty eight sheets; it treateth of all things which are necessary for a man

70. The fifth Book hath three parts, the first part is concerning the Incarnation of Christ, the second part is very deepe, and profound, treating of Christs Passion, Susfering, and Death; and how we must enter into Christs death, and both dye, and arise againe in and with him; and why Christ was to dye; wholly brought forth, enlarged, and confirmed out of the Centre, through the three Principles, very deep: The third part is the Tree of Christian Faith; also demonstrated through the three Principles, very prositable to be read.

71. The fixth Booke, or part of these Writings are the fix Points, treating of the greatest depths and secrets: Viz. How the three Principles doe mutually beger, bring forth, and beare each other; so that in the Eternity there is no strife [for contrary Enmity betwix them] and yet each Principle is in it selse as it is in its owne property, as if it were onely one, and alone; and they shew whence strife and distinity doe arise, and whence Good and Evill have their Originall, wholly induced out of the ground: (that is, out of the Nothing into the Something) and all in the ground [and centre] of Nature; this sixth Booke is such a Mystery (however in plainnesse and simplicity it is brought to light, that no Reason [or naturall, Astrall head-peece, though never so acute, and litterally learned] can sound, fathom, or understand the same, without the light of God, it is the Key to all.

72. Seventhly, a finall Booke for the Melancholly, being written for the tempted and afflicted in spirit, shewing whence sadnesse, and dejected nesse of soule commeth, and how the same may be resisted,

and remedied.

73, Eightly, a very deep Book, De fignatura rerum [concerning the fignature of all things] and of the fignification of the severall formes and shapes in the Greation; and it sheweth what the beginning, ruine, and cure of every thing is; this entreth wholly into the Eternall, and then into the Temporall, inchoative, and externall Nature, and its forme.

74. These are my Bookes, besides some small Treatises which I have given here and there, and have kept no copy of them; for I have no need of them for my selfe, I have enough in my three Leaves.

75. If my occasion permit me (for I must oftentimes take journeys, by reason of my affaires) then I my selse will call upon you, so some as I come that way; it was my full intent to have seene you at

* Ezekiel

Meth.

Weyko after Easter, but God-disposed it otherwise; by his providence I light upon another man, who led me out of that intended way, to one, who had need of me; so that afterward I understood that my way was from the Lord.

76. Mr. Balthafar Walter stayed the last Winter and Spring with the Prince Augustus of Tanhalt at Peltzka; and bath written unto me from thence: Now he is with the Earle of Gleyken, three miles from Erford; he is his Physician, and is to stay with him an whole yeare.

77. * Ezekiel Meth, is also at the same Court, yet they be not both of one minde, as the Letter of Balthasar sheweth, which I received three weeks since: If you have a desire to write, and there goeth no Messenger this way, be pleased to send to Christianus Bernard, Receiver at Zagan; to him I can have opportunity to send weekly; he is a pious Christian companion.

78. If you finde any thing that is too hard and dark to be underftood in my Writings, I pray fet it downe, and let me know it, and I will make it plainer unto you, that you may understand it; for the wise, and full taught, who are high, and advance themselves in their owne knowledge, who can go alone, and are rich aforehand, I have written nothing; but onely for the Babes and Sucklings, who such on their Mothers Brests, and would faine learne.

79. He that can understand it, let him understand it; but he that cannot, let him not censure and cavill at it, for such cavillers, and deriders, I have written nothing; I have written for my selfe.

80. But if a Brother thirsteeth, and asketh water of me, to him I give to drinke; he shall experimentally finde and seele, what I have given him, if the Lord voutsase him the drinking; and I commend my selfe to your Favour, and Us all into the pleasant and gracious Love of Jesus Christ:

Dated at Gerlitz, on the day of Mary's Ascention, 1621.

JACOB BEME.

The Name of the Lord is a strong Tower, the Righteous goeth thither, and is exalted.

A Letter

A Letter to

ABRAHAM of SOMMERFELD, Concerning the Booke AURORA:

ALSO,

A Description of his processe, and the excellency, and surpassing Vertue of Sophia's Pearle.

Light, Salvation, and Eternall Power flowing from the well-spring of life, Jesus Christ, be our refreshment, and comfort.



OBLE LORD, (First wishing to you the grace of God, and all health, and happinesse) being informed that you beare a great delight, love, and affection to my Writings, which hitherto have beene unknowne to you; I must answer you, that the same likewise is a much greater delight, and surpassing joy in my spirit; because I understand, that God doth drive and

carry on his worke in such great and high persons; which is not a thing commonly to be found in the World, for the Temporall ho-

nour, and pleasure of this life is an hinderance to it.

2. But I can very well perceive in what manner Gods fpirit hath touched, and awaked your Noble heart, in token whereof you have beflowed so much paines and cost upon this Work, which was written by a very simple, and plaine hand, without any Art, or great understanding [or large Capacity in litterall endowments] but onely in the knowledge and manifestation of the gifts of God; and more-

over it was not the intent of the Author, that it should come into the hands of so high Persons; because he wrote it onely for a Memoriall to himselse, to stirre and rouze up himselse from the dark, and drouse sleep in slesh and blood, and not out of an intention to

make fuch a Work.

3. Indeed there was a fiery infligation, but without foreknow-ledge of this Worke, that lay hid in him as a Myftery, which the fpirit of God did ftirre up and awake; whereupon there arofe a great longing, and defire to write; and yet in respect of the outward man there was no defire, capacity, fitneffe, and ability in the Authour thereunto; for he fought onely after the heart of God; to hide himselfe therein from the Storme and raging Tempest of the Devill.

4. And he confidered the evill Nature, and its working influences, and oftentimes the deceit of the Devill, and the anger of God, and also the love and mercy of God; where indeed many a storme and strong encounter, was held against Reason, and also against slesh and blood, and the Devill; and all in a powerfull driving, and insignation of the spirit, till at last a most precious Garland, or Diadem, was see upon his head, which this hand cannot set downe in writing; but I rather wish that the Reader of this Epistle might sinde it by experience, and then he should understand what the sweetnesse of God is; and not so much marvell, why a Lay-man should undertake to

meddle with fuch things [or write of fuch Myfteries.]
5. Therefore I fay now, that when the precious graine of Muftard-Seed was fowne; this worke was brought forth to be written, which was then beheld as in a Myftery couched very deep, without a fufficient comprehension, yet with exceeding joy; as this Worke (being the first Booke) sheweth, where the great Myfteries, are set downe very simply, without sufficient explanation and expression, and in much abbreviation and defect, like a sudden shower that passet by, whatfoever it lighter upon, it hitteth; even so likewise the

spirit of the Wonders.

6. For the Author was an illiterate man, and of a very small understanding, and shallow capacity in comparison to the learned, skilfull, and expert; yea, as a meere Child in the Mysteries, who did not so much as understand the way which it should walke in, or what might befall it, save what the spirit did intimate and declare unto him, ashe hath also set downe in Writing, the persection, disgrace, and ignominy which should fall upon himselfe, before it was acted and brought to passe that Reason selt it, or experimentally knew of it; and that so clearely, as it is had beene really present, as is to be seene in the Booke Autora, being the first part of my Writings, which was made before my persecution; and now it is a comfort to me, in that

that the spirit of God did shew, and foretell me so much aforehand; fo that I know what his Counfell is in his way; and therefore I willingly and patiently yeelded my felfe under the Croffe, and committed my cause to God, and often entreated him, that if it came not wholly from his owne Counfell, to take it from me; and not to let me know and understand any thing in that kind, or to proceed in that way.

2. I purposed likewise (after the Persecution) not to write any more, but onely to keep my felfe still in Obedience to my God, and to let the Devill roare over me with his fcorne, revilement, and derifion; in which many a hard combate was fought against him, and what I endured, I cannot well tell or declare; but it went with me as with a grain that is sowne into the Earth, which against all Reason forings up afresh in all stormes and tempests; whereas in the Winter all feemes as dead, and reason saith, now all is gone : Thus the precious graine of Mustard-feed sprung up againe under all dispraise; contempt, disdaine, and derision, as a Lilly, and returned with an hundred fold encrease, and also with deeper and more peculiar knowledge, and came forth againe in a flery infligation, or forcible driving.

8. But my externall man would write no more, it was fomewhat discouraged and timerous; till it came so farre, that the internall man did captivate, and overpower the externall, and even then the Great Mystery did Appeare; and then I understood Gods Counfell, and calt my felle upon his will; also I would not invent, or feigne any thing out of Reason; neither would I give way and place any more unto Reason: but refigued my will to Gods will, that io my Reason might be as it were dead; that he (the spirit of God) might doe and worke what, and how he pleafed; I willed nothing

in Reason, that it might be alone his will and deed.

9. And when this was done, then the internal man was armed, and got a very faithfull guide, and to him I wholly yeelded my Reafon; and did not study and invent any thing, neither did I give Reason leave to dictate what I should write, save onely, that which the spirit did shew me as in a great depth, and full Chars in the Myflerie; yet without my sufficient comprehension, for the Creature is not as God that doth, and comprehendeth all things at Once in his Wifedome.

10. And there was then a purpose in me againe to write something, and in the space of nine monthes Three Bookes were made; the one concerning the three Principles of the Divine Effince; that is, of the Being of all Beings, wherein the great Mystery hath somewhat opened and revealed it felfe, and therein are many excellent things contained much deeper then in this first worke | Viz. the Aurora (which (which your Honour hath fent hither for me to perule) and it hath

about an hundred sheers of Paper.

Tr. After this, there was one made containing fixty sheets; which treateth of the threefold life of man, and also of the whole Creation, a great open Gatoof the Mystery; and 'tis even a wonder that surpasseth, and goeth beyond the reach of all Reason: at the which I my selfe in my Reason doe wonder, and marvell what God intendeth to doe; that he wieth such a meane instrument to such weighty matters; for therein are revealed and laid forth the Mysteries about which (since the heavie fall of Adam) the world hath contended, and alwaise sought; yet there hath not beene such a Ground brought to light, which notwithstanding shall not be understood of the World, but of the Children of God; as the same is manifest and knowne.

12. And then Thirdly, there were forty Questions sent to me of a Learned, and an understanding man who also is a lover of the Mystery; and a great Friend of the same: who exhorted me to answer them according to these gifts; and spirit; which indeed are very high questions; and they containe in them the great depths and secrets of the Originall of the soule; and all the secrets, or Mysteries of the Mystery, wherupon there is such an Answer brought forth, at which the World might well rejoyce, if the anger, iniquity, and malice of the Devill did not hinder it, yet the Counsell of God must stand.

13. Now because I perceive that your Noble minde, and hear, hath a singular hunger, and thirst after such Mysteries, and regard not the World which despisets such Mysteries; therefore I acknowledge the Counsell of God herein, and it is my bounden duty to impart the same to you; for to the Children belongeth bread, they are worthy of it, but the Pearle must not be cast before Swine; for my spirit and minde sheweth me sufficiently, that your Honour searcheth not after such things out of Curiostry, but from the instigation and guidance of the spirit, which many times leadeth Peter to Cornelius, that hee may tell, and declare to him the words of East-nall life.

14. And though I am a ftranger, and very fimple, yet your defire, and will doth embolden me to write to your Honour, albeit with a fimple hand [in a plaine and course phrase and style] (but Gods gifts are not bound to any humane Arts) and I am the more bold with you, because I perceive, that your Noble heart appeareth so low and humble, as to send to me, who am but a meane, and abject person; but seeing its thus, I doe likewise affuredly hope, that the spirit of God shall open the doores, and gates of the Mysteries for the soule; and grant a right understanding to apprehend, and know his wonderfull gifts, the which I heartily wish to your Honour.

15. My

15. My Writings will feeme fomewhat strange to you, for in some places the zeale is vehement, or earnest, especially against Babel and the Antichrift, who is knowne by God in his anger; [or come up in wrath to remembrance] therefore I fay that I could not, por durit not write otherwise, then the same was given and indited to me; I have continually wrore as the spirit did dictate it, and did not give place to Reason [or to the wisedome of the naturall and Aftrall spirit I also doe not acknowledge it for a worke of my Reason, which was too weake; but it is the worke of the spirit, who hath shewne what he meaneth to doe, and what shall come to paffe, and also what is already done; for he proceederh forth our of the Abysse into the Bysse, and searcheth through all things; he tryeth the heart and reyns, and proveth the thoughts of men; moreover he doth hereby intimate, and declare the last Judgement; that he will try and examine every Being through the fire; and I could not, neither might I write at all (even in the fiery instigation) except I did set it downe, as the spirit did represent it; therefore I have made it for a Memoriall to my felfe, I have no further intention therewith.

16. But because you are defirous to read the same, I will send it, and I pray you to returne it back againe, for I will keep it for a Memoriall, and I am affured (that fo farre as your Noble minde shall give God the praise, and read it diligently, and take this way to heart with a defire to understand the same) that the Lord will open to you the doore of his love in the Mystery, and crowne you with the Diadem of his wisedome, which is more precious then the created Heaven and this World; for the precious Philosophers Stone, the ground of all Mysteries and Secrets doth lye therein; and this same Diadem [or Garland of wisedome] is beset with this Stone; which Diadem and Crowne of light in the holy Ghoft] the foule puts on as a Garment; being a new body, in, 'and for, the Kingdome of God; wherein it is the Child of God, and wherewith it is able to flaud in the fire of Gods anger without any hurt, or griefe, and can therein overcome the Devill, Death, and this World; and therein also can rule over the Stars, the poysonfull influences of the Confiellation, and this outward life, which otherwise is a thing impossible for Reason; for it giveth that knowledge of things which no Art [or litterall acrument from externall Reason] is able to search out, or dive into; it feeth through Heaven and Earth, and it reapeth where it hath not fowne; it asketh not the question, Is it true or no? It hath the figne of truth, and righteousnesse in it selfe; it hath all vertues lying in hope; there is no feare of Gods anger in it, it affordeth a very joyfull hope, and ratifieth and affureth the same; and it confirmeth the foule to be the Child of God.

17. This garland is a Virgin, and a chaft purity, and divine Beauty; a joy of the life, it comforteth and rejoyceth the minde in affliction, it goeth along with man into death, but it hath no death or dying in it; it liveth from Eternity, and 'cis a guide into Heaven, and 'cis the joy of the Angels; its tafte is more precious and pleasant, then all the joyes of this World; and he that once obtaines it, efteemes it higher then all the goods and riches of this World; it cannot be parallel'd, but onely with the Deity, but it lyeth hid in a darke Valley; the World knowteh it not, the Devill blowes against it as a fforme of winde, and doth often so cover and disguise it, that Reason doth not know it; but it springeth forth in its time as a faire Lilly with manifold fruits, it is sowne in teares, it groweth in tribulation, and affliction; but it is reaped with great joy; it is contemned and despited by reason, but he that obtaines it, holds it for his best-Treasure.

18. Such a Garland is fet upon him that feeketh after it with earnestnesse, and wholly resigneth up himselse unto it, but not his selfe Reason in stess and blood doth obtaine it, as my Writings doe fully testifie; for what is therein written, the Author hath knowne by experience; there is no strange hand, or spirit soysted in; I write not this for my owne vaine glory (my boasting is onely in God) but for a rule and direction to the Children of God; and that they may know what reward God giveth to those who put their trust and confidence in him, and regard not the dispraise and confidence in him, and regard not the dispraise and con-

tempt of the World.

19. I doe likewise wonder how you, and many more in Silesia have gotten my Writings; for I have no acquaintance with any of them; and I am so close in respect of publishing of them, that the Citizens here about me know nothing of them, save onely of the first part, which was Per-force taken from me; which by meanes of a Person in the Mysterie of Babel (who persecuted it out of envy) was preclaimed among them for Heresie; which notwithstanding they never read, neither was it examined ever as it was meet.

20. Indeed I never asked any mans advise about it, or ever committed it to the censure and judgement of man to this very houre; but commended it to God; yet hereby I know and acknowledge the way of God; and likewise I understand, that it is not knowne only; in Silesia, but also in other Countries, without my fore-knowledge; and I must even say, that he that hath so persecuted it, he hath thereby published it, for my intent was to keep it by me as long as I lived;

and I wrote it for my felfe onely.

21. But what God purposed in his Counsell, is now manifest; and it shall yet appeare more clearely, when the *two last Bookes shall be read; at the which I my selfe in the external man doe excee-

* The three Principles, and the three fold Life. dingly wonder, and marvell what God intendeth, and will do; for I acknowledg my felf to be altogether unworthy and ignorant, and yet the greatest and deepest Mysteries are revealed to the internall man, which I give you and other lovers of God in humility to consider of; for in truth I cannot at all say, that it is the worke of my understanding, or Reason: But I acknowledge it to be a Wonder, wherein God will reveale great things, whereinto my reason doth speculate, and continually marvelleth at it.

22. For I never in all my life studied these Mysteries, and likewise knew nothing of them; for I am a Lay-man; and yet I must bring such things forth to light, which all the high Schooles, or Universities have not been able to doe; to whom notwithstanding in comparison, I am but a Child, and have none of their Arts or wisedome, and I must write wholly from another Schoole; and which is yet greater then all this, the Language of Nature is made knowne to me, so that I can understand the greatest Mysteries in my owne Mothers

Tongue.

23. Though I cannot fay that I have learned or comprehended it, but as long as the hand of God stayeth upon me, I understand it; but it it hides it selfe, then I know not my owne Labour, and am made a stranger to the Worke of my owne hands; whereby I may see, how altogether impossible a thing it is to search out and apprehend the Mysteries of God, without Gods spirit; therefore I ascibe, and attribute nothing to my selfe, it is not my Work, I desire sot any humane applause and honour for it.

24. I am onely a fimple meane Inftrument, God worketh and maketh what he pleafeth; what God willeth, that I will also; and whatsoever he willeth not, that likewise I will not; if it be his will for me to know any thing, then I will know it; but if he willeth it not, then doe I so also: I will be nothing, and dead, that he may live and worke in me, what he pleafeth. I have cast my selfe wholly into

him, that so I may be safe, and sure from the Devill.

25. And though I must leave my outward body and life to the disposall of the World, and suffer the Devill to roare against me; yet I will not trust neither the Devill, nor the World with my internall man; neither will I doe (according to the inward man) what the World will have me; and albeit my outward man is bound, and obliged to the World, and in its obligation and allegiance must obey the Lawes and Ordinances of the World; and doe what the outward Obligation requireth of me, yet my internall man shall onely be obedient to God, and not to the World; for he is not in the World, but hath made himselse dead thereto, that God might live in him, and be both the will and the deed in him; and though I cannot say, that it is possible to live so [in persection] yet my will

is so directed and bent; and this neither the World, nor the Devill shall breake, albeit my outward life should faint and perish, and though Reasons doth oftentimes flatly gainsy it, and temptation appeareth by heapes, to the terrour and sadnesse of the externall life (where the spirit also hides it essentials and gone) yet it bringeth forth alwayes new fruits, and that in a gone) yet it bringeth forth alwayes new fruits, and that in a

bundance.

26. This I have related to you at large, that' you may know and acknowledge what manner of man I am, and what the beginning, and caule of my writing is 3 and from what Art and fpirit it was produced, or gonerated 3 and alfortowhat end 3 namely, to keepe it as a Memoriall to my felfe 3, but because I perceive honeft religious hearts to thirst after it, therefore I will not conceale it from them, [but impart] in a brotherly and Christian way, and commend and commit it to God, that he may worke, and doe what hee pleaseth in them; and this wee are bound; and obliged to doe one for another.

27. Lastly, Lintreat you to conceale my name among the Learned, for I know that a meane. Lay-man is accounted but ridiculous, and contemptible with men. Learned in Scholdstique Art; and though God hath his Children also among them, yet I care not for having my Name put uponit, or authorized upon me; for the praise belongeth to God, who is the givers. I doe not seeke to make my selfethereby a great and glorious. Name; but Christ is my reward, my Name and glory, and I hope to have the glory of it in the life to come before Angels and Men, and to rejove therein with the Sains.

in Chrift; as my Writines fufficiently reftifie.

28. Concerning the Book Aurora, which your Honour hath lent me to perule, I have read some of it over, and finde that it is my Worke, and well copyed out; but fome Syllables are left out, for brevity fake, and yet the fense and meaning is not thereby diminished; I am well contented for all that, feeing (fo farre as I have perused in hast). I have found no addition, but the great Mysteries are couched therein very deeps, they were understood and apprehended by the Author, but it was not very feifible for Reason to comprehend it at the first time, although it was knowne in the depth well enough, yet the Author was not accustomed to it; when the heavenly joy met him, then he only followed the foirits guidance, but the wilde nature is not preferrly recenerated [or made a new creature:] Indeed if a Kernell befowne, there groweth a Tree; but if the vertue be great [if the power of the refolution be ftrong, and the practice forcere and confrant? the Tree groweth up the fooner, and is the fooner knowner.

29. In the other three Bookes you shall finde the Mysteries more clearely, and so throughout, the further the deeper; each Booke from the first is grounded ten times deeper; so that the south is a very cleare mirrour, wherein the great Mystery is sufficiently, and visibly seene and understood, yet onely of its Children: Reason shall remaine blinde, for the spirit of God dwelleth not in the outward Principle, but in the inward; and proceedeth forth from the inward into the outward [principle of this World] yet the outward doth not comprehend him.

30. But Sir, I must tell you, that the Booke Aurora was not sinished, for the Devill intended to make a Bone-fire of it, because he saw that the day would breake forth in it; but for all that, the day hath even overtaken the Aurora of or morning of that it is already cleare day; there belong yet about thirty sheets to it; but because the storme did breake them off, it was not finished; and in the meane time it is growne day light, and the morning is extinguished; and since that time the labour hath beene to bring forth the day: Yet it shall remaine so for an eternal Remembrance, because the defect is restored, and supplyed in the *Second; the fault and blame of the defect is to be attributed to the Enemy.

* The Booke of the three Principles.

21. But I will lay the fault upon none, but onely the falshood, and iniquity of the Devill, who is an enemy to all good; he doth even confound and entangle Kings; how shall then a poore meane Man, being employed in such a worke, be so soone acknowledged and knowne; if it be furely affirmed that he is a Lay man, and also unlearned; the very wife and skilfull in Arts, will be offended at the plainnesse and simplicity of such a thing; when he heareth one speake of such wonders and deep Mysteries in such a meane and simple way without Scholastique pomp of words and artificiall termes. and phrases of Logick and Rhetorick 1 then he thinketh it is a Rapfodie: [or fome confused heap of Notions packt together, an Enthuffaftick, phantaftick hotch-potch of Whimfies, or a bundle of Non-sence I for he understands not the gifts of God, and also is not able to fee into the heart of another; therefore I will disturbe no man, and defire none to trouble himselfe about it; but I consesse that it is Gods providence, else this Booke should have yet lyen in a Corner.

32. But thus it was published without my knowledg, co. f. nr, and will, and that by the perfections themselves, the which I acknowledge to be from the providence, and appoyntment of God; for I had no copy of it for my selfe; neither did I eyer know those that have it, also I have it not my selfe, and yet it hath beene copyed out; and G 2 brought

brought to my fight and hands foure times already; so that I see that others have published it: and I esteem it a wonderfull work, that the graine growerh against the will of the Enemie; but that which is sowne by God, none can let or hinder [from growing.]

33. But that which you, and others also do misconstrue in my Booke Aurora (which appeareth to be wrong in the apprehension, and which also needeth some clearing, and exposition) you shall finde sufficiently cleared at large in my third and sourth Booke; wherein there is an open gate of the Mysteries of all Beings; and there is even nothing in Nature but it might be sundamentally searched out, and grounded upon this way; for it sheweth, and openeth the Stone of the wise men unto all the Secrets and Mysteries both in the Divine and earthly Mystery; by this knowledge, and understanding, all the Mettalls of the Earth may be brought to the highest degree or persection; yet onely by the Children of the divine Magia, who have the Revelation [or experimental] science 1 of the same.

34. I fee it well enough, but I have no manuall operation, infligation or Art unto it; but I onely fet forth an open Mystery, whereunto God shall stir up labourers of his owne; let no man seeke the worke from me, or thinke to get the knowledge, and operation of the Phylosophers stone [or universall tincture from me] and though it is knowne clearly and might be opened more clearly, yet I have broken my will, and will write nothing; but as it is given to me: that so it may not be my worke; least I should be imprisoned in the Turba.

35. And if you will have any thing copyed out of these writings now fent to you, it is requifite, that the Transcriber be a Learned understanding man; for many syllables are not fully written, neither have all Grammaticall autography; and in many words fome letters may be wanting; and sometimes a Capitall Letter stands for a whole word, for Art hath not written here, neither was there any time to confider how to fet it downe punctually according to the right understanding of the Letters, but all was ordered according to the direction of the spirit which often went in hast; so that the pen-mans hand (by reason that he was not accustomed to it) did'often shake; and though I could have written in a more acutate faire, and plaine manner; yet the reason was this, that the burning fire did often force forward with speed; and the hand and pen must haften directly after it; for it commeth and goeth as a fudden shower, whatfoever it lighteth upon, it hirs; if it were possible to comprehend prehend and write all [which my mind beholdeth in the Druine CHAOS] is would then be three times more, and deeper grounded.

36. But it cannot be, and therefore there is more ishen one Booke made; more then one Phylosophicall discourse, and throughout deeper; so that what could not be contened in the one might be sound in the other, and it were well that a last, out of all, onely me, might be made and all the other done away or I aid aside of the multiplicity and plurality causeth strife, contrariety, aversenesse, and wrong apprehensions by reason of the sudden catching conceits, and conjectures of the Reader, which knoweth not to try, and discerne the spirit, which useth such wonderfull phrase, where oftenimes Reason supposeth, that it contradicts it selfe; and yet in the depth it is not contrary at all.

37 Out of which milunderstanding [or feigned glosses of Reafon and literall outward Art upon the Writings of holy Men]
the Great Babel upon earth hath beene brought forth; where men
contend for nothing, but about words; but let the spirit of understanding in the Mystery alone, but its end, and number is found
and committed to the Turba; for the beginning hath sound the
Limit; and there is no more any withholding and staying [of the
wrath of God upon Babel] it cannot be qualit by any power, a
force of Armer.

38. I speake not of and from my selfe, but from that which the spirit sheweth, which no man can result; sor it stands in its Omnipotence, and depends not on our weening and willing, as the Fourth Booke of these Writings doth exceeding deeply declare, which is strongly grounded in the light of nature, and can be de-

monstrated in all things.

39. Further I give you to understand, that in these Writings which are now sent you, the Author useth sometimes to speake of thindele, Wee, and sometime I: Now understand by the word Wee, the spirit (being spoken in the Plurall) in two persons; and in the word I, the Author understands himselfe; this I give you for direction and information, to take away wrong apprehension and sufficient.

40. And herewith I send you the Fourth Part, being the sorty Questions, and therein you may behold your selfe; and at the next opportunity I will send you the Second and third Part, if you defire to have them; and I pray to returne it to mee againe by the next occasion, for I will send it to him, who framed and sent me the Questions; and so I commend and commit you to the love of

* The Forty Questions.

The Third Epiftle.

God, heartily wishing that God would illuminate your NO BLE heart, and give you rightly to understand the Sense and meaning of the Author in the internal Principle; with all Temporall, and Eternal welfare:

Dated, Gerlits,

reurs in the Love of J. C.

J. B.

Teutonicus.

A Letter

PAUL KEYM:

BEING

An answer to him concerning
Our Last Times.

Wherein He Treateth of The first Resurression of the dead; and of the thousand yeares Sabbath.

ALSO,

Of the Fall of BABEL, and of the new Building in Zyon.

I

Light, Salvation, and Eternall Power flowing from the fountaine of the heart of Jesus Christ, be our quickning Consolation.



RTHY, and much effeemed Sir, and good Friend in the Illumination of the holy Spirit; and in the Love of our Lord Jefus Chrift, beloved Brother; I received of Mr. C. E. the Letter you fent me, dated about the 20. of July, together with two small Treatifes annexed; and therein I understand that you have received, and read some of my small Manuscripts, concerning the wise-

dome of God, and as you affirme, the fame doe rejurce you; and withall you beare a great defire, and longing to them being in the ke exercise in the wisedome of God.

3. Which on my part doth likewise rejoyce me to see, that even now the time is at hand, that the right Divine understanding, and true knowledge of God doth againe spring forth in Zyon; and that the ruinate Jerusalem shall againe be built up, and that mans true I-mage which disappeared and went out in Adam, doth againe put forthit selfe in Zyon with a right humane voyce, and that God doth powre forth his spirit into us, that the precious Pearle in the power, and light of the holy Ghost is againe knowne, sought, and sound.

4. Whereby then we doe clearely see and understand in what blindnesse we for a long time have beene in Babel, going astray in carnall, evill wayes; whereby we have forfaken the true Jerusalem, and shamefully mispent our Patrimony, and lightly esteemed our Angelicall Trophee or Diadem (Viz the faire Image) and wallowed in the filth of the Devill; and under a shew of Divine obedience have played with the Serpent, and walked on in meete erroneous wayes: This the Divine light doth at present set before our eyes, and exhorts us to returne with the lost Sonne, and enter into the true Zvoz.

5. Not with Historicall supposals, opinions, or blind persuasions; as if we had apprehended and understood the same very well; this is not Zyon, but Babel, which confesseth God with the mouth, and maketh devout speeches to him from the lipps, but in the heart hangeth unto the Great Babylonicall Whore; unto the Dragon of selfelove, pride, covetousnesse, and pleasure, and yet will set forth her selfes as if shee were a Virgin; No, this is not the Virgin in Zyon; it

must be seriousnesse.

6. We must be borne of God in Zyan, and know, and also doe his will; Gods spirit must be are witnesse to our spirit, that we are Gods Children; not onely in the mouth with knowledge, and conjectures, but in the heart in very deed; not in an holy seeming way without power [in formall wayes of Word-worship, and rounds of Liplabour, wherein the captivated conscience placeth the power of godlinesse] this the Devill mocks at, and cares not for the weemust put on the Helmet of righteousnesse and of love; also of chastity and purity, if we intend to wage Battell against the Prince of this World; he careth not a whit for any outward shew [or for the long and loud mouth cryes of blinde Devorion] it must be power that shall overcome him, and that power must shine forth in goodnesse, and holy fraits of Christianity; and so we may sight for the noble Prize, or Crowne of life.

7. For we have a powerfull Warrior against us, he feet inpon us in body and soule, and soone casts us downe, and there is no other way to overcome him; but with power in humility; which alone is

able to quench his poyfonfull fire, wherewith he fighteth without us,

and within us, against our noble Image.

8. Therefore beloved Sir, and brother in Chrift, seeing, you doe apply your selfe to the Divine wisedome, and labour in the same; it is right and requisite that we exhort one another to be vigilant to withfand the Devill; and continually set before our eyes the way which we ought to walke; and also go on in the same, else we effect nothing; if we know that the World is blind in Babel, and goeth aftray then we must be the first that essectionally go out of Babel, that the World may see that we are in earnest.

9. It is not enough, that we lay open, and Manifest Babel, and yet be found doing as Babel doth; for if we doe so, we thereby testify that God discovereth his light unto us, so that we see, but we will doe nothing but the workes of darknesse; and that very light which enlightness our understanding shall wittesse against us, that the Lord hath called us and shewn us the way, but we would not

walke in the fame.

10. It is well that we lay open Babel; but we must take heed in what spirit and minde, and in what kinde of knowledge the same is done; it is good that we be zealous, but the heart must be upright towards God, else we runne without being sent; and in our course we are not knowne or acknowledged of God; but so acting, the De-

vill mocks us, and leads us into by paths of Errour.

words shall follow us; therefore we are seriously to consider in what spirit and knowledge we fet upon the high Mysteries, for he that will pull downe a thing that is evill, must set up a better in the roome, otherwise hee is none of Gods Builders, also he laboureth not in Christ Vineyard; for it is not good to pull downe, unlesse aman knowes how to make up the Building againe in a better frame and forme.

12. For God onely is the Master-builder of the World; we are but servants, we must take great heed how we labour, if we will receive reward; and also that we have learnt his work in his Schoole, and not runne without being sent, when as we are not yet capable of his service; else we shall be sound to be unprofitable Servants; this I speake in good affection, and in all faithfulnesse to instruct and direct one another what we ought to doe, that so our labour may be accepted of God.

13. For the darke Mysteries are no other way at all to be knowne, save onely in the holy Ghost, wee cannot make conclusions upon hidden things, unlesse we have the same in reall knowledge, and experimentally since in the illumination of God, that what we averre, is the truth and will of God; and that it is also agreeable to his Word; and

grounded in the light of Nature ; for without the light of Nature there is

no understanding of Divine Misteries.

14. The great Building of God is manifest in the light of Nature; and therefore hee whom Gods light doth illuminate, may search out and know all things; albeit knowledge is not in one and the same way and measure; for Gods wonders and works are boundlesse, infinite, and immense; and they are revealed to every one according to his gifts, and he to whom the light shineth hath meere joy in Gods workes.

15. And also that which is old and past above a thousand yeares agoe, is as nigh and as easily to be knowne in the light, as that which is done to day; for a thousand years before God are scarce so much as a minute, or the twinckling of an eye is before us; therefore all things are nigh and manifest to his spirit, both that which is past,

and that which is to come.

16. And if we see in his light, then we must declare his wonders, and manifest and praise his glorious Name, and not bury our Talent in the Earth; for we must deliver it unto our Master with Increase; he will require an account of us, how we have Traded with it; and without knowledge, or certaine illumination from God, no man must presume to judge, or be a Doctor, or Master in the great Mystery; for it is not committed to, or commanded him, but he must labour to attaine the true light, and then he goeth rightly to worke in the Schoole of God.

17. For there be many Masters to be sound, who presume to judge in the Mystery, and yet they are not knowne or sent by God; and therefore their Schoole is called Bahel, the Mother of Whoredome upon Earth; they statter on both sides, they play the Wypocrites with God, and also serve the Devill; they call themselves the Shepheards and Pastours of Jesus Christ; they runne, and yet are not sent, much lesse doth God owne them; and what they doe, they doe for their honour, and * Belleys sake, and they would not runne neither, if they did not obtaine it in their Course of spirituall whore

dome and hypocrifie.

18. They have turned the right and exceeding precious Mystery of God, to a Mystery of their Whoredone and pleasure; and therefore the spirit calleth it Babel, a Consusion; where men doe practice an hypocriticall Service and worship of God; acknowledging him with the tongue, but denying him in the power; where men doe dissemble and flatter God with the lipps, but in the heart they embrace and love the Dragon (in the Revelation.)

19. Such as these we must not be, if we would obtaine the Divine Mystery, and be capable of the light; but wholly approve our way to God, and refigne our selves up to him, that Gods light may shine

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in us; that he may be our intelligence, knowing, willing, and also doing; we must become his Children if we will speake of his Being, and walke, or labour in the same; for he commits not his work unto a Stranger, who hath not learnt his Worke, or the Mystery of his Wonders in Nature, and Grace.

20. I have read over your Bookes, and therein have found your great diligence with very much labour, in that you have gathered together the Texts of the holy Scripture in great abundance; I understand likewife that you are in good earnest about it, and that you would faine clearely prove and set forth thereby, the darke termes, and places of the Scripture concerning the last Times, also concerning the first Resurrection of the dead, and also concerning the thou and yeares Sabbath; likewife you would manisest and set forth the ruine of Babel, and the new building in Zyon of which the Scripture speaketh in many places.

21 First, what concerneth Babel; how it hash growne up, and how it shall againe be destroyed, is sufficiently manifest; the Defroyer is already on foot, and is now about the worke; he hath long fince made a beginning, however the World will not see or take any

notice of it.

22. Men cry Mordio, murder, confesion, and destruction, to there adversaries] and yet there is no strange Enemy, but it is the Turba onely which hath growne up in the middeft of Babel in her wickednelles and unrighteousnelles; that hath found the limit, and destroyeth onely that which for a long time hath been naught, useleffe, and felvish; the which should at all times have beene rejected: for where God should have been honoured, and loved, and our neighbour also as a man loveth himselfe, there men have set up in Gods fread, the abominable, and bestiall covereousnesse, deceit, salfehood, and wicked craft under an hypocriticall shew and pretence of holinesse and have minded and loved falshood in the place of God; and so have made of the Mystery an abominable vicious Babel full of reproachings, revilings, and contentions, where they have with fweet speeches, and enticing words of mans wisedome [with feigned glosfes; and expositions of Scripture] blindfolding our eyes, and binding our consciences have led us captive in a very deceitful way to the glory and Magnificence of the great Whore; fo that she hath fatted her 'adulterous Brat; and domineered over our body, and foule, goods, and estate.

23. This Baftard is now at odds with himfelfe about the great prey, and fpoyle, and doth it felfe discover its owne wickednelle and great shame, so that we may see what good ever was in her; for the great wickednesse which shee hath committed doth plague her; and no strange thing, whereby it may be seene, that her whoredome hath

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been manifold; and that the Devill had befet and caught us in manifold Nets; and that one whoredome [or Mystery of hipocricy and iniquity] runnes in opposition to another; and are malicious, biting, devouring, destroying, and slaying each other in an hostile manner.

24. For the great Paine is come upon her, and shee shall now bring forth the great iniquity, wherewith shee in become fully pregnant, and therefore shee cryeth out, because of her travell and woe, which is fallen upon her; and shee speaketh of the child which shee shall bring forth; Viz. of Murther, Coveteousnesse, and Tyranny, she uncoveresh her faire feature, and sheweth what shee is in the heart, now he that will not know her, there is no remedy for him.

25. The Revelation saith, Goe out from her my people, that you may not be partakers of her Plagues; for shee hath filled her Cup full with the abominations of her Whoredome in the anger of God; the same Shee shall drinke off, and bee forced to burst Her selse

thereby.

26. And this is that which I say of Babel, that shee is a Whore, and shall suddenly breake in pieces and be destroyed, and no stranger shall doe it; the spirit of her owne mouth doth strangle her, her owne Turba destroyeth her; Shee cryeth for vengeance, and murder upon Heresig, and yet shee doth it not for Gods sake; but for her Adulterous Bratt, and Belley-God: For otherwise if it were for God, shee would enter into his Command, and will of Love; where Christ saith, Love one another, for thereby men shall know that you are my Disciples.

27. The Kingdome of God doth not consist in Warre and revilings, or in an externall shew in delicious dayes; herein the Children of God are not to be sound, but in Love, in patience, in hope, in faith annaer the Crosse of Jesus Christ; thereby groweth the Church of God unto the Sacred Ternary: [to an heavenly Paradicall Effence] and the new Angelicall man hidden in the old, springeth forth in God; and this is my certaine knowledge briefly comprized concerning this Article; in my Writings you may see

further of it.

28. Secondly, concerning Zyon, I speake and declare according to my knowledge, even as the spirit sheweth it to me; that there shall surely come an ending and removall of the Deceit [or Mystery of iniquity wherewith men are blinded] and Zyon shall be found onth of the Children of Faith; not in generall, as if there should be no wicked man.

29. For the Oppressour shall be a cause that Zyon is borne: when men shall see how Babel is an Whore; then many Children shall be found

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found in Zyon, and feeke the Lord; but the Oppressour shall dog them, and cry them downe for Hereticks; also persecute and put to leath, and where one is killed, there shall ten, yea an hundred rise

up in his roome.

30. But the Generall Zyon appeareth first in greatest Misery; when Babel commeth to ruine, then it shall stand desolate and miserable; and the Children of Zyon shall then say, How hath the Lord forsaken us? Come we beleech you let us seek his face; let us cease from strife and Warre; Have we not, alas! made our Country defolate? Is not all store and Provision wasted and spent? Are we not Brethren? Wherefore doe wee sight? We will now enter into Love and Unity, and seeke the Lord, and no more sight, and destroy our selves, we will be content; are we not here altogether Pilgrims and

Strangers, and feek our native Countrey?

31. In this time a Zyon verily shall be found, and the Heaven shall drop downe its dew, and the Earth yeeld her fatnesse; yet not so, as if wickednesse should be wholly done away, for it shall continue unto the end, of which Christ saith, Thinkess thou that when the Some of man shall come, that there will be Faith upon the Earth? And though the Children of Zyon shall have a fiery deliverance, that they shall remaine, Maugre the will of the Devill; insomuch that God will worke great things, as at the time of the Apostles, yet it endureth not unto the end; for as it was in the dayes of Noah, when he ented into the Arke, so shall the comming of the Son of man be, as it is written.

32. But that the holy Ghost shall be in the hearts of the faithfull in Zyon, I acknowledge & I know it; for Zyon shall not be from without but in the new man; it is already borne, hee that would seeke it, let him but seeke himselfe, and depart from the old Adam, into a new life; and hee shall sinde whether Jesus bee borne in

him.

33. If he findes it not, let him enter into himfelfe; and ferioufly confider himfelfe; and so he shall sinde Babel, and her workings in him, these he must destroy and enter into Gods Covenant; and then Zion will be revealed in him, and he shall be born with Christian Bethleem Jebuda in the darke Stable, not in Jerusalem, as reason saine would have it, that Christ should be born in the old Asse; the old Asse must become servant; and serve the new man in Zion.

34. But that in Foure hundred yeares there shall be a meer golden Age; I know nothing of it, it is not revealed to mee; also the limit of the Worlds End is not revealed to me: I cannot speake of any four hundred Teares; for the Lord hath not commanded me to teach it, teommend it to Gods might; and leave it for those to whome God would vouchsase the knowledg of it; seeing therefore I have not as

yet apprehended it I reft fatisfyed in his gifts ; yet I despise no man.

if he had a knowledge, and command to to teach.

31. For the fourth Book of Eldras is not sufficient as I under fund to give a positive affurance to it; yet I wait for my Saviour Jesus Christ, and rejoyce that I may finde my Lord; when I have him, then I hope after the death of my old Adam fully to recreate my selfe in the Still reft of Zion; and to wait in my God expecting what he will doe with me in his, and my Zion; for if I have but him, then I am in and with him in the Eternall Sabbath; where no strike or contention of the ungodly can any more reach me in my New man, at this I doe in the meane time rejoyce in this miserable Vale of Tabernacles.

36. The first resurrection of the dead to the thousand yeares Sabbath (of which there is mention in the Revelation) is not sufficiently made knowne to me, how the same may be meant, seeing the Scripture doth not mention it elsewhere, and Christ also and his Apostles give not an hint of it in other places, save only John in his Revelation; but whether they shall be a thousand Solar yeares, or how it may be referred, seeing I have not full assurance, I leave it to my God; and to those to whom God shall vouchsase the right understanding of it; till God is pleased to open my eyes concerning these Mysteries.

37. For they be Secrets, and it belongeth not to man to make conclusions about them, without the command and light of God; but if any had knowledge and illumination of the same from God, I should be ready and willing to learne; If I could see the ground

thereof in the light of nature.

38. But feeing it behooveth me not to hide my knowledge of it, fo farre as I apprehend it in the light of Nature; I will therefore fet downe some Suppositions, or considerable Opinions, which are in my minde, not positively to affirme, but give it to consideration; for good and wholesome instructions may be drawne forth thereby, and tisalso prositable for man so to search; I will doe it in all syncere uprightnesse, to see if we might attaine somewhat neerer the matter, and perhaps there may be some to whom God shall bestow

fuch a gift, stirred up thereby to write more clearely.

39. As first, whether or no it be certaine, that the World must continue Seven thousand yeares, and one thousand of them should be a meere Sabbath; Seeing that God created all in fix, dayes, and began the rest on the fix; day towards evening, whence the Jewes begin their Sabbath on Friday evening; and Elias also saith, that the World should stand but Six thousand yeares; and Christ likewise declareth, that the dayes of tribulation shall be shortned for the Eless sake, else no man should be saved, which you apply to the fall of Babel, and to the time of Zyon; but it seemes as if Christ spake of the

the fall of the Jewes, and the end of the World, and foresheweth an evill End.

40. Also Christ faith, that it shall be at the time of his comming to judgement, as it was in the dayes of Noah, where men did Marry, and were given in Marriage; now we know very well (as the Scripture testifieth) what manner of wicked World was in the days of Noah, that the Deluge must come and destroy them: (This would incimate, and denote a very meane Sabbath.)

41. And though a man should otherwise expound the words of Christ concerning his comming, yet that would not be sufficient to prove it; being also that the Disciples of Christ doe alwayes represent the End to be nigh; and Paul saith, That the end should come

after that Antichrist is revealed.

42. But that the Refurrection of the dead, and the last Judgement should be understood of both—(namely that the righteous shall arise to the thousand yeares Sabbath, and among them some ungodly; and that Gog and Magog at the End of the thousand yeares should sight against the Saints) it seemes to run quite contrary to the light of Naure.

43. For first I cannot apprehend how the first Resurrection must come to passe, seeing the Saints shall have their workes follow them, according to the words of the spirit; besides weeknow very well, that all our workes are sowne into the great Mystery; that they are soft brought forth into the source Elements, and so passe into the Mystery, and are reserved to the judgement of God, where all things shall be tryed by sire, and that which is salse shall consume in the fire; and the sigures shall fall unto the Centre of Nature, Viz. the darke Evernity.

44. But if mens workes shall follow them in the first Resurrection as you affirme, then God must verily move the Mystery (that is, him-

felse) which denotes the last Judgement.

45. For God hath moved himfelf, but twice onely from Eternity; once in the Creation of the World; and fecondly in the Incanation of Christ according to his heart: the first motion belongeth to the Father of all beings, and the second to the Sonne according to Gods heart; now the third motion of the holy Ghost is yet to be accomplished both in love and anger, according to all the Three Principles; where all what ever hath beene corrupted shall againe be reflered in the motion of the holy Ghost, and each given unto its owner.

46. How can then the dead arise in their workes without the motion of the holy Spirit both in love and anger? When as the refloration of life doth onely consist in him; moreover I doe not know how the first refurrection should come to patte, whether it should come come to passe in the twofold man (which cannot otherwise be understood,) that is, in good and evill; but what persect Sabbath can

we hold therein, was not Adam unable so to stand ?

47. Now if the new man onely should arise, then he would not be in the source Elements of this World; moreover the new body in Christ need no resurrection; it lives the eternally without any want, necessity, or death, in Christ, and doth onely wait when God shall move the Mystery, where he shall then put on the Crowne of his wonders and workes.

48 The manner of the Refurrestion is thus; the Mystery shall restore what ever it hath swallowed up; mans workes shall be put upon him, and therewith he shall Passe through the fire and it shall be

tryed what will endure the fire or not-

49. Now I cannot apprehend, how this should agree with the alwelling upon the Earth, sor if it should be after a Paradiscall manner that man should arise with the wonders, then it could not be done without the motion of the great Mystery; for your writings say, that also some wicked men shall arise; this sheweth that the Mystery must be moved, and at the motion, the inflamation, [or last Judgment of fire] must needs be; if now the Mystery should be moved it would not onely move [awaken and raise up] some, and that in one source onely; seeing that likewise some ungodly shallarise.

50. Besides you say, that they shal all dye at the end of the fix thou-sand Yeares, then there must be a dwelling upon, or an inhabiting the Earth, where the ungodly that arise should again marry, and build; of whom there should not be onely some as according to your opinion, but according to the Scripture they shall be as the Sand upon the Sea shore; whence else should Gog and Magog come, or how, should they sight against the Children of Paradise, for in the Paradi-

ficall Children there is no strife.

51. Also it were not necessary, that they should dye at the END of the fix thousand yeares if they should arise in the twofold body, as we are now; but if they should arise in the new body, then no ungodly man can eyther see, or touch them; like as we now doe not see Paradise; even such is the new body, no ungodly man can fight against it.

52. What should they fight for? Are the Saints in Paradise? Then they make no use of the externall Elements, but onely of the internall Element, wherein all the source are couched in unity; so that they have nothing to strive for, but they are separate in the

Source

53. But should the ungodly dye, and also arise againe in the source Elements; this seemeth much more strange, but, if they should

arise in the spiritual body, then the source Elements could not containe it, but the Abyse; and still they would be separate as light, and darknesse; what pleasure or likeing should God have to bring the Saints againe into the combate and source of the source Elements, unto which they have been so long dead? And yet should they then begin to sight with the wicked? Much more sit and agreeable were it for those who here have suffered nothing for Christs sake; that is, for those who here upon the Earth have not lost their lives for Christs sake.

54. And though you would fay, that they should not fight, but the Lord for them, what liking could God take to raise up the Saints and to set them againe in the presence of the ungodly; or should not the joy in Abrahams bosome be much greater then this in the source Elements; whence naturall strike and contention doe arise; but if they should dwell in Paradise without the four Elements, then no strike, or ungodly man can reach them.

55. Befides, to what end should the ungodly be upon the Earth, if there shall be such a Sabbath? Their source is not in the source Elements but in the Abylie, whither their soulce goeth, when the

body dyeth.

56. Besides, should none but those dwell in the Sabbath who have dyed for Christs sake (of which verily there cannot be such a number as is set downe in the Revelation) that they should be sufficient to possess the Earth; and should the ungodly also dwell upon the Earth, and hold their Hellish Sabbath? This runs directly against the light of Nature.

57. Moreover Christ saith, That they shall marry, and bee given in marriage, as in the dayes of Noah: Also two shall be grinding in one Mill, and two sleeping in one bed, and the one shall be taken, and

the other left; when the last day shall come.

58. Besides, Christ saith also, That when he shall come to judge the World, All generations and kindreds shall see him, and tremble before him; and the wicked shall waile, and lament, and say to the wife Virgins, give us of your oyle; all this denotes a Generall expessation of the last Judgement.

59. For if at the last Trumpe, two shall bee lying in one bed, (namely, one holy, the other ungodly) this shewes no difference, and if the Saints be mixed with the ungodly, then verily there must

needs be a poore Sabbath.

60. When we looke upon the words of Christ and his Apostles, they will not in the least manner agree thereto; and though there is mention made of a thousand yeares in the Revelation, yet the same is hidden from us; and wee know not when they may begin, or whether they are begun; if the sirst Resurrection bee Paradiscall.

radificall, then it may be done without our knowledge.

61. They shall not dwell among us, also they shall not Marry; for wedye once from Male and Female, and we shall not arise Male and Female, but we shall live in Paradise in the forme of Angels,

Matth. 22, 30.

62. Besider, the wicked shall in the appearance of Christs comming, entreat the wise for Oyle of Faith; and you write that the fire of God (being the anger and hellish source, shall be in them, and that they shall be tormented (here upon the Earth in the source Elements) in the anger of God, whereas the anger of God is not manifest in the source Elements; for therein good and evill are mixe

together.

63. But how shall he that is once dead to good, and cannot so much as have one good thought, entreat the Saints for Faith and comfort? It much rather declareth, that when Christ shall come to judge the World, that they shall all yet dwell together in the siefs, in the source Elements, where the one shall be received, and the other rejected; and the sinnes of the wicked shall then come in his sight at the appearance of the severe countenance of God in the sery zeale of the sust Principle, so that he shall be aftrighted, and then would saine begin to be horest.

64. And though you mention that they shall onely awake, and not arise, yet the uncorrupted are to be understood; now you say, that they shall dwell upon the Earth in the source Elements and the Saints in Paradise; when this commeth to be, then there will be no more any strike or controverse; but they are Eternally se-

parate.

65. But shall the Saints dwell upon the Earth in Paradife, as Adam before the fall; and the ungodly be opposed to them, then they are in danger as Adam was, that they should againe eate of the for-

bidden fruit, whereof they should yet once dye-

66. But shall they be hidden from the ungodly a thousand years and also from the source Elements, why should they then first at the end be manifest in the source Elements, that Gog and Magog should then enter Battell with the Children of Paradise? It dots neither a

gree with Scripiure or Reason.

67. The first Epistle of Saint Paul to the Corinibians, Chap. 15. doth indeed teach of Christs, and also our Resurrection, yet not of a third: But sirst of Christs, and then of Ours; for he saith there, That Christ is the first fruits; and then we who belong onto Christ; this is the generall Resurrection; and though he saith, That then comment the end, yet by the end hee significan no Resurrection, but the end is our Resurrection; this is much rather to bee understood, then that hee should meane by the End, another Resurrection,

or time; for just after our Resurrection commeth the End of the World.

68. The dead shall first appeare before the judgement, ere that the end of this World, and the source Elements commeth; for the

End & the enkindling of the fire, and the Last.

69. Also the Apostles of Christ, and all Teachers from God have alwayes represented the End as nigh at hand, for John himselse faith in his Epsilte, That we are in the End; he speaketh indeed of the last houre; but if the wicked were affored that he had yet four hundred yeares noto the End; how would hee seeke after riches for his Children.

70. Belides we are to looke unto the End, for this World is confined and determined in the beginning of the Creation; and then into the End where the Creation ceased; all which, was finished in studyer; and in such a time the Mystery of Gods Kingdome shall be

finished, and a thousand yeares are before him as one day.

71. Concerning the Seventh day of Rest, whether or no, the World shall yet be in rest a thousand yeares; the same is hidden to mankind; wee cannot certainely determine, wee must leave it unto his might; I have no knowledge of it, seeing the Scripture doth not give cleare evidence, when the thousand yeares begin, or what yeares they be, or to what they have relation; therefore I let it alone in its owne worth, and will hinder none that hath a certaine knowledge or command so to teach; this I give you to consider of, meaning it well unto you.

72. What I might further answer concerning this matter, your finde sufficiently in my Writings; although I could set downe a large Answer about it, yet I thought it not expedient, seeing this knowledge is not given to me; thereupon I let it alone, for I know that I must give an account of my Workes, and I send you by the Bearer hereof your two Bookes againe, and give you thankes

for them.

73. Concerning the End, or limit of Babels downefall (Viz. that Babel should be wholly destroyed about the yeare 1630. according to your computation, and albeit many more bee of the same winde) the same likewise is not sufficiently manifest to me.

74. To me indeed is given to know, that the time is nigh, and even now at hand, but the yeare and day I know not; thereupon I leave it to Gods Counfell, and to those to whom God shall reveale it; I cannot conclude any thing without certaine knowledge, otherwise I should be found a Lyar before God.

75 But I waite for my Saviour Jefus Chrift, and will fee what he will doe; will he that I shall know it, then I will know it; if not, then I will know it; if not, then I will knowledge, un-

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derstanding,

derstanding, and defire unto him; he shall be my knowing, willing, and also doing; for without him there is meere danger, and un-

cerrainty.

76. Man doth hardly reach that which is before his eyes, much leffe that which is hidden and Mysticall, except God be his light; this answer I give you out of good affection to confider of; albeit I am a simple meane man, and borne of no Art in this World [or not bred up in any Scholassique Learning.]

27. But what I have, that is the gift of God, I have it not from any Art, or Studying, but from the light of grace, which I onely fought for; and though my beginning was fimple by reason of my Chilcish understanding; yet God hath since that time in his light, wrought

somewhat in me, and opened my Childish eyes.

78. As for the Booke Aurora (which is the first) it were needfull to be better explained in many places; for at that time the full apprehension was not born in me, for like as a sudden shower, what soever it lights upon, it hits; even so it went with the fiery infli-

gation.

79. Although I had no purpose at all, that any should read it; I wrote onely the wonders of God which were shewne unto me, for a memoriall to my selfe; and it went abroad without my consent, and it was taken from me per-force, and published without my knowledge; for I thought to keepe it by me as long as I lived; and had no intent to be knowne with all, among such high persons as now is

come to palle.

80. But the most high (in whose hands and power all things are) had another purpose therewith as is now manifest; and as I aminformed it is knowne in many Cities, and Countries; at which I doe wonder, and also not wonder; for the Lord doth effect his work marvellously, beyond and above all reason; although he shouldemploy a Shepheard in the work: and albeit the Art, and outward Reason will give him no Roome, and place, yet however his purpose must stand against all the Ragings of the Devill.

81. And though I have not obteined many dayes of pleasure thereby; yet I must not therefore resist his will; I have written onely according to the sorme as it was given to me; not according

to other Mafters or Writings.

82. And befides my intent was onely for my felfe, albeit the spirit shewed me how it should fall out; yet my heart willed nothing, but committed the same to him to doe therewith what he

pleafed.

83. I have not run with it (not being called) and made my felfe knowne to any; for I can fay also with truth that my acquaintance knew least of it; but what I have shewne unto any, the same



was done upon his entreaty and importunate defire.

84. And then further I give you to understand, seeing that you have my writings in hand to read, that you would not looke upon them, as comming from a great Master, for Art is not to be seened found therein; but great earnestnesse of a zealous minde, which thus the third that the feet of great things; as the illuminate mind shall well see, and without light, no man shall rightly know, and apprehend them, as the Reader shall surely finde.

85 And yet it could not be written more clearely, and ready for the understanding; although I conceive that the same is cleare, and plaine enough in such a depth; but yet if there were any thing that should seeme too obscure, and difficult; I might represent it in a more simple and plaine manner if it were mentioned to me.

86. There are yet other Bookes besides this, written concerning the wisedome of God, of a very deep sence, and understanding; treating of the great depths of the wonders of God, which at pre-

fent I have not at hand.

87. But that I give you not a large answer of my judgement upon your Booke concerning the thouland yeares Sabbath, and the foure hundred yeares in Zion (which you suppose to prove with many places of holy Scripture) is, because I doe not fundamentally and certainely know whether those Texts may be applied to such a meaning.

88. For there be many fayings of Scripture which feeme to intimate onely one Generall Refurrestion of the dead; and they are cleare, especially in the words of Christ in the source Evangelists,

which I hold for the most certaine.

89. In like manner the Cause stands with Zyon; that wickednesse shall continue to the end, and though a Zyon shall be, yet it will not be wholly Universall; Babel shall go to ruin, and get another forme; yet they shall not all be Children of God, that are called Children

in Zyon.

90. Also I have no knowledge of the thousand yeares Sabbath; I know not sufficiently to ground it with Scripture; for we finde one place seeming to crosse another; men may interpret the Scripture as they are disposed, but seeing I have no command from God of it; I let it alone and leave every one to answer for his owne opinion: This I tell you syncerely out of good affection, and am however your faithfull Friead in the love of Christ.

of. In your forty fecond, and forty third Page, where you write of the Mystery of the Soules departed [or separated] you bring the opinion of Theophrastus, and others into question, and suspicion, as if they had not written aright of the Mystery; it were better, that

had

had been lest out, seeing you have not understood their Opinion, as you say, and just so it seemes; you shall finde in my Booke of the Forty Questions [about the thirtieth Question] concerning the last Judgement, and also in other Questions, sufficient and large infor-

mation; if the same be read and rightly understood.

92. There is no need of any further fearching, it is there cleare e-nugh, what the Mystery is, that comprize th body and soule; and also what condition the separated soules are in, both with their expectation of the last Judgement; and also in the meane time in respect of their habitation source, life, and difference: I had thought that it was so deeply and highly grounded, that the minde of man should be satisfied enough therewith; and if you neither have, nor cannot set forth any thing more sundamentall; then it remaines of right in its owne place, the thousand yeares Sabbath, and the source hundred years in Zyon will but finde sault with all, and bring it into suppose and though many objections might be made, yet they would be of no service or esteeme.

93. Moreover the manifestation of the thousand yeares Sabbath is not of much importance, or concernement to the World, seeing we have not sufficient ground of the same, it should of right rest in the Divine Omnipotence; for we have enough in the Sabbath of the new birth; for that soule that obtaines this Sabbath of Regeneration] will after the death of the earthly body, have Sabbath emough in Paradise; we may very well leave, and commend the other unto the Divine Omnipotence, and waite on God what he will

doe with us, when we shall be in him and he in us.

94. For I suppose there should be a better Sabbath in God, then in this World; and if man should dwell upon the earth in Paradise, then must God restore that which in his curse entred into the Mystery, as is to be seen in the forty Questions.

95. But that you suppose that the righteous shall not be brought with their workes before the judgement, is contrary to the words of Christ, who faith. That all things shall bee proved through the

Fire.

96. I say not (that they shall come) into the judgement, for the judgement is in the wicked understand the judgement of Anger, of which the Scripture saith the righteous, or as Christ saith, He that believeth on me commeth not mnto judgement; hee understands hereby, the source or paine of the judgement, his words doe hold: forth, that they shall all come together before the judgement, and every one heare his sentence; The ungodly depart hence, and the righteous come hither, dyrc.

97. Also every one shall stand forth with his owne workes in the Mystery; and themselves be judged according to their workes;

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now you know very well that our workes in this World have beene wrought in good and evill, and shall be proved and separated in the fire of God; how shall they then being unseparated, follow the Saints in the Resurrection to the Sabbath, and they hold Sabbath therein? But if they shall sollow them, then they must be tryed and separated in the Fre; and then they shall have no more any need to come before the judgement; but if they should keep a Sabbath without their workes, then they are not perfect.

98. If we would speake of Paradise, and apprehend the same, then we must have cleare eyes to see into it; for the internall Paradiscall World, and the externall World doe hang one within another; we have onely turned our selves out of the internall into the

externall, and so we worke in two Worlds.

99. Death cannot separate our workes, the fire of God must doe it; for they remaine in one Mystery till the judgement of God, every one at the houre of the Resurrection shall come forth in his owne Mystery, and he shall see his workes before him, and seele them in him.

roo. It is not understood that they shall answer for their selves with words, for the Kingdome of God consists, and proceeds in Power; and albeit the ungodly shall cry out, Woe upon his abominations, and Seducers; yet every mans worke shall bee Summoned in POWER, which shall either rejoyce, or torment him.

world, and the new body is the Mystery of the Divine light World, and the new body is the Mystery of the Divine light World, and the soule is the Mystery of God the Father, and the Earth with the Elements hath also both Mysteries, which shall be moved through the Principle of the Father.

102. And then the doores of the Mysteries shall be set open, and each shall give and set forth its Figures which it hath swallowed up, for the Principle of the soule must stand before the judgement with

both the Mysteries.

103. Happy are they which shall have the body of Christ in the Mystery of the wrath [or fire of Gods anger] they shall have the soules fire, or the Principle of the Father surrounded with the light World, and illustrate with the Majesty, they shall seele no paine, or hurt; and shall passe unsensibly through the fire; and there the outward, or third Principle shall be proved; and all earthlinesse or falshood, shall remaine in the fire; but the workes shall be renovated in the fire, and freed from their earthly source, and soyle; and then the earthly Mystery remaineth in the fire, and is a food of the fire; whence the light ariseth, and the Righteous looseth nothing.

104. For

104. For the works of love which were brought forth in the new body, doe palle with the spirit of the soule through the fire, and remayne in the Divine Image in the source of the light; and they of the third Principle, that is, of this World, doe remaine in the firesource of the Soule.

105. But that which hath been wrought and acted in an wholly evill and malicious manner in the third. Principle; and yet in this World hath not been renewed by earnest Repentance, and Reconcilment toward his Brother; that falleth unto the centre of Nature;

that is, the root of the darke World.

106. But the workes of the ungodly shall not be able to remayne in the fire; for the fire swalloweth them downe in it selfe to the darke Centre Viz, the Originall of nature wherein the Devills dwell; and thither also goeth there soulces fire, being the Fathers principle; for this fire of the soulce shall have no matter to make it burn aright; but it shall be as a quenched darke painfull source-fire; onely as an anguish that would saine produce fire; this is called Gods wrath (and not a principle) a death or a dying source.

107. For the principle of the father, wherein the right, and true foule confifts, is a flaming fre which giveth light, and in the light is the precious Image of God; for that light doth qualify, and fweeten the burning light with the effentialty of Love; so that it is a

pleafing delight, and a cause of nature, and of life.

108. Therefore I tell you, that you should not thinke it strange or misunderstand it; when I or any other (let it be Theophrastus or who it will) write, that man, shall stand before the Judgment with his body which he had here: I perceive very well, that you have not as yet understood my Writings in the Book of the Threefold life, and also in the Booke of the Incarnation of Jesus Christ (which treateth of Christs suffering, dying, and rising against; and how we must enter into his death, and arise out of his death) you shall sinde it cleare enough explained, and enlarged; but seeing you have them not yet at hand, be pleased to have patience, you may very likely get them to read; and then you will be freed from your perplexity; and deepe searching in this manner.

109. For they lay their ground much deeper then your apprehension is in this; doe but read them right, you shall verily find what the Mystery is, what the magical Byse, and Abyse is, also what the Being of all Beings is; there needs no consulting with one, or another; he that understands the great Mystery whence all Beings have proceeded, and doe still proceed; he doth not encumber

himselfe with such large circumferences.

tio. You have undertaken a very hard labour which doth nothing but perplex, eat up, and confume your life? it is wholly need-leffe,

leffe, he that findeth, and knoweth the great Myftery, he findeth all things therein; there need no literall demonstration; God, Christ, and the eternity with all wonders do lye therein; the Holy Goost is the Key to it; are you in the new birth as you say, then there is no need of such hard feeking, with such hard labour; seek onely Christ in the Manger, in the dark Stable, when you finde him, then you shall indeed find where he fitteth at the righ, hand of God.

111. Searching onely doth nothing; the Phylosophers Stone is a very dark disesteemed Stone, of a Gray colour, but therein lyeth the highest Tincture; would you search out the Mysterium Magnum, then take before you onely the Earth with its Mettals, and so you

may well finde what the Magicall or Cabalifticall ground is.

112. The deep and Mysticall numbers, which otherwise no man is able to fathom or finde out, lye all in the Mystery; but hee that findes it, searcheth not after the numbers, he taketh Gold for Earth; and doth as one that hath a costly Treasure lying in an obscure place; the Manger and swalling cloaths of Christ are more acceptable to him then the whole World with its Figures [or externall pompe, and glory] he hides the Numbers themselves, for the outward Kingdome must accomplish its wonders.

113. Wherefore should the earthly Mystery, be unvailed before the time; enquire of the * Magist, who have understood the heavenly and earthly Magia; wherefore they have kept the Tinsture secret, and not revealed it; there is no other cause at all, but that the World is not worthy of it; so likewise it is no protty of the

Numbers of the Mystery.

Mystery might account and fulfill all its wonders on us; and that all the Violis of Gods are the poured forth on us; how can a man undertake to reveale the things without the consent of the Mystery; indeed he tan each about the outside of the Mystery, but if he comes in he must have the will of the Mystery.

115. The outward infligation to manifest and reveale the Mystery, proceedeth from the Starres; for they would faine be freed from vanity, and they drive mightily in the Magicall Children to manifestation; therefore we must prove and examine the instigation, whether it proceed from Gods light, from Gods spirit, or from the

Dominion or Government of the Stars.

116. For Gods spirit speaketh plainely of his Mystery, he onely declareth the Turba, and letteth the Numbers alone; he hath once figned, and sealed the Mystery, with the might of the first Principle in the Seven formes of Nature to the wonders of God; and againe he hath figned it in the Love in the humanity of Christ, with the Seven golden Candlesticks and lights; and therewith hee continues K until

* Magi.

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untill the judgement's each number manifelts le felfe in its wine Me; no creature hath power to manifelt the fame, for he that hath it, daies not; elfe he transgresseth the Magicall order, and becomes a

loathing to the Mystery.

117. And therefore the Prophets, and also Christ himselfe have fpoken all in Parables, after a Magicall manner; and even to this day none who is capable of the Mystery dare speake otherwise, unlessed the peculiar purpose of God, that the Number shall be plainely revealed; as Daniel who did clearely denote the time of Christ with its owne Number; he had command so to doe; this letil you spreezely and in all faithfulnesse, also in right Christian love to wards you, not out of contempt, but from my knowledge and gifts, feeing you defired it of me; I have given you a short hine, what you are to doe herein, and entreat you to looke upon it in a Brotherly way.

118. But yet what I am able to ferve you in, with my few gifts, if you shall further defire, it shall be done with a good will; provided, I shall perceive you are in good earnest, and that it shall ferve to the honour of God, and the welfare of mankinde; and to

I commend you into the Love of Jefus Chrift.

Dated, Gerlits, 14th. of Luguft, ANNO

Another

ANOTHER LETTER TO PAUL KEYM:

Concerning the way to true Knowledge, and the Regeneration in C H R I S T:

Likewise concerning the thousand yeares Sabbath; and how the Myferies in the Revelation are to be understood.

Our Salvation in Christ Jesus.



ORTHY, and much respected Sir, and in Christ beloved Brother; I have received your last Letter, and therein I have once more understood, and well observed your zealous inflamed minde, in your intended labour, and hard Study; and then your anxious earnest defire after the light of the true knowledge thereof; and thirdly, the great thirst after the

Petaine and well-foring of Christ, wherein the minde is refreshed, ickned, comforted, fatisfied, and appealed; and confidering that Iam a Servant to my Brethren, and no leffe then a Debtor in the Love of Christ to them; therefore I shall in the same Love, shew and impart to you what I know, and what is given to me; feeing your defre also requirech it.

2. Chrift

2. Christ said, I am the vine, ye are the branches; he that abideth in me, and I in him, shall bring forth much fruit; for without me you can doe nothing; also he that abideth in me and [hath] my wordes [abiding] in him, hee bringeth forth much fruit; herein lyeth the whole ground, and it is the onely root or spring to the Fountaine whence the Divine understanding showeth; there is no other ground to the true and reall knowledge in the wisedome of God, no other seeking, studying, or searching doth availe, any thing.

3. For every spirit searcheth onely its owne depth; [or reacheth no further then its owne naturall capacity or instinct] and apprehendeth that wherein it doth enkindle its selfe; and though it doth search in its owne enkindling, yet it findeth no more but a type or representation of things like a shadow, or dreame; it is not able to be hold the Being it selfe; for it it would see the Being, then it must be in the Being, and the Being in it; that so it may be capable of the

Being, and see really in the Being it felfe.

4. Now then, seeing that we are dead in Adam to the Divine effence and are become blind and estranged; we have no power in us as from our felves, we know nothing of God in our Reason, but onely the hystory, that there is a God, we doe neither feele his power, nor see his light, unlesse we returne, and become like unto Children, which know nothing but are guided, and ruled; and as a Child lookes upon its mother, and longeth after her; and shee also cherisheth, and bringeth it up; so must the externall reason be blinded, beaten downe, and quite quasht.

3. And the defire must refigne, and cast it selfe into the grace, and Love of God, and not reguard the opposition, and contradiction of the outward reason, which saith, it is nothing so; God is as a sign you must search, meditate, and represent the onely to your selfeby your apprehension; you must seeke this will, how he hath revealed himselfe; * so he will be knowned and no otherwise; thus the externall, hystoricall, Astrall reason doth judge; and it rulethallo the whole World except a very small number of Gods Children.

6. Christ said, you must abide in me; for without me you can doe nothing; you can neither know nor search out any thing really, and sandamentally of God? for he that cometh to me; him I will inno wife cast out; in me you shall bring forth much fruit; now every branch groweth on its owne tree; and hath the sap, power, instance, vertue, and property of the tree; and beareth fruit according to the quality, kinde, and property of the tree.

7. Thus likewise he who defireth to be taught of God, and to have Divine knowledg, must stand in the tree whereinto God hath engrafted us through, the Regeneration; he must have the sap and vertue of

* How he hath revealed himfelfe in his Word.

the

the tree; else he bringeth forth strange, unsavory, wild sruit, which hath not the tast and relish of the good tree; we must become like unto a Child which understands nothing; but onely knoweth its mother, and longeth after her.

8. We must drink of the new milk of Christs Incarnation; that so we may be made partakers of his sless, and spirit; his vertue, and sap must be our vertue, and sap; we must become Gods Children in

Divine Eating and Drinking.

9. Nicodemus (aid; How can it be that a man should be borne againe in his old age? Yes good Nicodemus; and good externall earthly Reason, how could it be that Adam who was a perfect Image of God, did perish in his perfection, and became earthly; did it not come to passe by Imagination; because he induced his defire, longing, and lust, into the outward Astrall, Elementall, and earthly Kingdome [and did set his minde upon the Dominion of this World] whereupon he in his defire, lust, and imagination, was forthwith impregnated, and became earthly; and thereby he fall into the sleep of the externall Magia; and thus it is also with the New birth.

againe impregnated of the Deity, and an earnest serious destre, we become againe impregnated of the Deity, and receive the New body in the Old's the New doth not mix it selfe with the Old; like as Gold in the glosse and rough stone is quite another thing, and hath another Tincture and spirit, then the rough matter in the stone; thus also is the New man in the Old, the rough stone knoweth nothing of the Gold; and so likewise the earthly Adam knoweth nothing of the Divine heavenly Adam; and therefore there is strife in Man, and

Man is contrary to himselfe.

onely a ray, type, and twinckling reflex from the internall Man; where he indeed at some times tasteth somewhat of the Divine Man, but not effentially; but as the light of the Sunne doth disperse, or swallow up the fad darknesse, so that it appeareth as if there were no darknesse more at all; and yet the darknesse is really hidden in the light, which againe is manifest when the light of the Sun withdraweth.

12. Thus oftentimes the New man doth in the Divine Power, fwallow up the Old, that the Old man suppose that he hath apprehended the Deity, whereas he is not capable of that essence, but the spirit of God from the New man doth passe through the Old but when the same entreth againe into its Mystery, then the Old man knoweth not what hapned unto it; but it seeketh wayes to come to God, and searcheth after the purpose and will of God; and yet findeth nothing but invention, siction, and opinion, and it is very zealous in its opinions, and knoweth not what it doth, it find-

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eth not the root; for it is not capable or worthy of it; and this

theweth that it must dye and perish.

13. But the New man, which in an earnest serious will and purpose, ariseth through Imagination [or the effectuall operation of true Faith] abideth stedsalt in the rest of Christ, even in the Tree (which God the Father by his motion, when he moved himselfe the second time according to his heart, did singrast into the humane soule) and it springeth forth in the life of God, and doth grow and shourish in the power, vertue, and sap of the Divine Essentiality, in Gods Love; this receiveth Divine knowledge and skill, not according to the measure of the externall will, what the external man will know and search out, but according to the measure of the internall Heaven; the internal Heaven doth enkindle [and enlighten] the externall, so that the understanding or intellectual seculty of the soule doth comprehend, and understand the external.

14. For God who is a spirit, and also a Being, but manifested himfelse by the externall World in a similitude, that the spirit might see it selfe in the Being essentially, and not so onely, but that the Creature likewise might contemplate and behold the being of God

in the Figure, and know it.

15. For no Creature is able to see the Being of God without it selfe; the spirit seeth God in the Essence and Lustre of the Majesty; and the same likewise in its selfe, and its owne sellow creatures like it selfe; for God is himselfe the spirit of all Beings (understand of heavenly Beings) so that when we see the Divine Creature, then we see an Image or likenesse proceeded from Gods Being; and when we see the will and working of that Creature, then we see the will and working of God.

16. Thus also is the New man borne of God; what it willeth and doth, that is Gods will and worke, its knowing is Gods knowing, for

we know nothing of God without Gods spirit.

17. The externall cannot fee the internall, but if the internall draweth the externall by a glimps or influence of light in its owner. Idea or speculation into it selfe; then the externall apprehendeth the mitrour or resemblance of the internal for an infination and direction, to shew that the externall World taketh its rise and originall from the internall, and that Our worker shall fallow in the Mystery; and that by the separation of Gods independent; by the fire of the Principle, they shall be set into the eternal World.

18. To which end God hath created Angels, and Men, namely, for his deeds of Wonders, that the wiledome of the Divine Power might appeare, and that God might behold himfelfe in the referriblances and Ideas of the Creatures, and have joy in himfelfe with the

Beings created ont of his owne wifedome.

10. Loving

ro. Loving Brother, take it not ill, that I fpeak roundly to you; you complaine that you are not alwayes able to reach, comprehend, and keepe the Divine Mysteries; and moreover you say that many times you get a glimps of them; and that my Writings are bard and difficult to be understood of you; I wil therfore shew unto you, according to the power and ability that I have received from God, how the being of your hidden Mystery standeth, which at present you are not able to understand.

20. Your meaning, and will is to keep [the light of the Myftery] in a continued fledfast comprehension; this is the will of the externall World in you, it would saine be capable of the Deity, and be freed from vanity; but the spirit of the externall World, must stand in continuall travell, and earnest Seeking; for by its seeking it findeth the wonders of its owne Magia, namely, the Type and

refentblance of the internall World.

27. For God doth not alwayes move himselfe, but the longing, and carnest travelling of the Creature movesh the Missey, that the Image, or Idea of the Divine wisedome may be sought and found; therefore Christ commandeth us to Seeke, and knock; and withall, promiseth to give us the Pearle or Jewell in the seeking.

22. The externall World likewise is of God, and from God, and Man is to that end created into the externall World, that he might bring the externall Figures into the internall; that he might bring

the end into the beginning.

and the more man longeth after God, and the more he panteth, and runneth after him, the more he commeth out of the end into the beginning; not onely to Gods wonder, but to his owne edification, for the twig of the Tree continually thirsteth after the sap and vertue of the Tree, at travelleth in defire after the Tree, and draweth its sap and influence into it, and so thereby it groweth up to be a great branch; thus the anxious hunger, and earnest longing in the Hunnare Mystery. draweth the Kingdome of God into it selfe; of which Chilst sayd, The Kingdome of Heaven sufferest violence, and the violent take it by, force to themselves.

or ger a body to it felfe, but it flarveth and pineth away; as we fee a body to it felfe, but it flarveth and pineth away; as we fee ahe fire of the Candle draweth, or attracteth the fat into it felfe, and devoureth it and yet it affordeth from its devouring, a fining light; thus it is with Man, he is flut up, and enclosed (with his first Divine Ellence) in the darknesse of death; but God hath againe opened

the same to the foule in Christ.

435. Now the poore captivated foule is this very hungry Magicall fire, which doth agains attract so it selfe out of the Incarnation of Christ the Divine disclosed Effence; and so it seedeth on Gods Be-

ing, and taketh it into it felfe, and from this [spiritual] and effential] eating, confirming, or digefting, it giveth forth a body of light, which is both like unto, and capable of the Deity; thus the poore foule becomes cloathed with a body of light, as the fire in the Candle, and in this body of light indeth reft; but in the darknesse of this World [in its earthly carkasse and cloathing of clay, wherein the Curse of God, and all evil inclinations and falte defires do stick] it hath anguish, and trouble.

26. But now feeing it is so, that it hath with Adam put upon it felse the earthly Image, it must therefore beare the same; as the fire of the Gandle must take its burning light from the darke lumpe of fat; if it had with Adam abode in Gods being, and had not put on the earthly Image, it needed not to have borne the same, but

now it is bound to beare it.

27. For Saint Paul faith, To whom you give your felves as Servants in obedience, bis servants you are; be it to sinne, unto death, or to the obedience of God, unto righteousnesses. Now seeing the soule hath put on the earthly Image, which worketh nothing but fruit to death, and hath yeelded and devoted it selfe a servant to Sin, it is therefore

now become the finfull servant of death.

28. Wherefore is it fallen in love with a strange Master that domineereth over it? Had it but remained a childe, and had not lusted after the Tree of knowledge of good and evill; it needed not then to have beene in subjection to both Governments, but being it would be as God in love, and anger, according to both the Principles of Eternity, thereupon it must now beare the Image, and undergoe the force and sway of both, and so endure the fire-burning [the curse and anger of God enkindled in the divided properties of Nature] till the day of Separation.

29. Therefore its called a bearing of the Croffe, for when the Magicall fire ariseth, it maketh a Croffe-like-birth; and the one forme of nature doth presse, and quite pierce through the other; that is, the one is contrary to the other, as sweet against source, sharp

against bitter, and the fire against them all.

30. And if the foule had let the body of light be onely Lord and Mafter, and had not imagined on the externall Kingdome of this World (that is, on the foirit of the great World in the Starres, and Elements) nor lufted after the earthly fruit; then the wrath [or the working power of darknesse in the Curse of God, which is the departure of his love from a *Being] had been as it were swallowed up in it; [and would not have beene manisest or apparent] there would not have been any sense, or feeling of the same; but seeing it is departed from the meeknesse of the light and gone out of the love of God; therefore it seeleth now the wrath, or burning anger of the eternall Nature.

* Or, Thing.

31. And therefore it must worke, labour, and endeavour to obtaine the light againe; whence it is that the life of man standeth in such anguish, in painefull seeking, in continual abstinence, and repentance; it earnestly desireth the Divine Rest, and yet is held back

by the wrath of Nature.

32. The more the life defireth to fly from the wrath [or fiercenetle of Nature] the more firong and vehement the strife groweth
in the life, besides that which the Devill by his poysonfull Incantations, Magicall imaginations, representations, and infinuations,
doth stirre up, and bring into his Nost [being the Centre of the
soule] he continually representeth before the soule, the Magicall
Image of the poysonfull Serpent, that the soule might still imagine
upon it, and kindle or inflame it selfe in the poyson of the same,
which daily commeth to passe; and thus the sire of the soule becom-

meth an evill poyfonfull burning brimftony-fire.

33. Yet if the foule departeth from the Serpent like Image of the Devill and rejecteth the evill earthly Tree [whereon the Serpent hath cunningly twin'd himselfe] which Tree is Pride, Coveteousnesses, and Falshood; and longeth not after it, but maketh it selfe as it were dead in this Figure, as if it knew nothing of it; and casteth away the very concupicence and imagination it selfe; and defireth onely the love of God submitting it selfe wholly to Gods will and working, that he may be onely its willing, working, and doing; then the Divine light beginneth to shine in it, and it obtaineth an eye of the right seeing, so that it is able to behold its owne natural some and seature, whereby it steppeth into plaine, downright, and meek humility.

24. It willeth nothing, it also desireth nothing, but resigneth, and casteth it selfe into the bosome of its Mother; like a Childe that desireth nothing but its Mother, inclining it selfe to her, and longing onely after her; it doth not much esteeme any Art, subtill Reason, or much knowledge; and though it knoweth much, yet it is not pust up, or elevated in its owne conceit by its knowledge, but leaveth, and resigneth the knowing, willing, and working, wholly to its Mothers spirit, that it might be both the will and

worke in it-

35. I fpeak according to my knowledg, that the Devill in the power of Gods anger doth continually shoot against, and oppose this preticus sprout of the soule [or noble twig of Divine light, and love, springing forth from the Tree of life, Christ. within us, and doth cast vaine infinuations, false desires, and earthly imaginations] after the root of nature, that is, after the formes of the fire-life in the first principle [to enkindle them in their owne natural working properties, which are selse-pride, coverousnesse, envy, anger, falshood, L hypocrisie,

hypocrifie, luft, oc.] and would continually by all meanes quite de-Thouseth HIST VALTON TO I rayes Into the foules Magicall fire with evil lifts, concupreence, and thoughts; and ministreth strange matby no meanes attain to a shining light; he quencheth, suppresent, and hindreth it, that his Kingdome might not be knowne.

36. But on the other fide, the note twig defendeth it felfe, and will have of the neite darks, and widthfull fource; it arifeth, and foringeth forth like a blant out of the wild earth, yet the Devill hu-

verh conmually against it.

27. Therefore my dearly beloved freind there is fuch ftrife, and contention in man; and hence he feeth the Divine light as in a mirfor, and formetimes he gettern a perfect glimps thereof , for as long as the twig of the foure can defend it felle against the poylon of the Devill; fo long it bith the mining light.

28. For when the Magicall fire of the foule receiverh the Divine effence (that is the divine body, Christs fiesh) then the holy spirit doth apparently arife, and glance forth in the foul as a triumph, as he goeth forth from God the Father through the word or mouth of the fonne (that is, from the Heart of the facred Ternary) out of the Drvine effentiality, and thus he goeth or proceedeth forth our of the being or effence of the noble filly-twig, which ipringeth forth and groweth out of the fire of the foul; which (lilly-twig) is the true Image of God, for it is the new-born or regenerated spirit of the foul, the spirit of Gods will sthe Triumphing Charlot of the holy spiriting which he rideth into the facred Ternary into the Angelical World.

39. And with this twig, or image 1 of God renewed in us] as

is before mencioned, we are in Chilit without this World, in the Angelicall World, of which the old Adam bath no understanding, or perceivance; also it knoweth it not, as the rough stone knoweth

not the Gold, which yet groweth in it-

The Gate of the true knowledge of the Threefold life.

40. Man is the true Similitude or Image of God; as the pretions man Mofes testifyeth; not onely, an Earthly Image (for the fake whereof God would not have become man, and put forth, unite, and espouse his heart and spirit [in deepest love] after the fall unto it) but he is Originally out of the Reing of all Beings; out of all the three Worlds Viz. out of the innermost Nature-world, which is also the most outward; and is called the darke World, whence the principle of the flery Nature taketh its rife; as is declared at large in my Booke of the threefold life.

41. And

41. And fecondly he's one of the light, or Angelicall World, out of the true Beling of God; and then thirdly, he is out of this external World of the Sunne, Stars, and Elements; an entire Image of God, out of the Being of all Beings.

42. His first Image stood in Paradise, in the Angelicall World; but he lusted after the externall World (that is after the Astrall and Elementall World) which hath swallowed up, and covered the precious mage of the internall Heaven, and ruled now in the similitude

Bin its owne propriety.

43. Therefore tis layd, You must be borne againe, or else you cannot see Kingdome of God: And therefore it is that the word or heart of God entred into the humane Ellence, that we with our foule might be able in the power of the word, or heart of God, to beget, and bring forth againe out of our soule, a new Twig or Image, like mot the first.

44. Therefore the old Carcaffe must rot, putrifie, and perish; for it in the Kingdome of God, it carrives nothing but its owne should be in the first beginning; that is, its wonders and workes, indefined; "in the Effecte of the first Principle, which is immortal, and incorruptible; being the Magicall fire of the foule."

45. And not this alone, but he must bring and unite the End with the Bedinfillig; for the externall World is generated out of the internall, and created into a comprehenfille Being; the wonders whereof belong unto the Beginning, and they were knowned to the theory in the wifedome of God; that is, in the Divine Manual of the Virginian of the Vir

45. And to this end, the poore foule frandeth in the prison of the Altrill and Elementall Kingdome, that it might be a Labourer, and remite the wonders of the externall Nature with the light World, and bring them into the beginning; and though it must now be brinked and prefied, and endore much, yet it is the Servan; in Gods Vineyard, which prepareth the precious Wine that is drunk in the Kingdome of God, it is the onely cause of the understanding, that the diew worketh in the Mystery, and manifelteth and bringeth forth to light the hidden wonders of God, as we see plainely, how man doth seatch out, and * reveale the wonders of Nature.

fearch out, and * reveale the wonders of Nature. * Or,
47. Therefore we must not be amazed, and strangely perplexed, forth,
when as many times the noble I mage is hid, that we cannot receive
my refreshment or comfort; but we must know, that then the poor
solle is put into the Vineyard, that it should worke and bring the

truit [to be fet] upon Gods Table.

48. It hath then a Twig or Branch of the wilde Vine given unto

* Or, Bring

it, it must trim, and dresse that; and plant it into the Divine, and Heavenly Mystery, it must unite it with the Kingdome of God;

this is to be understood thus.

49. As a plant, or grift that is set, doth worke so long till it putteth forth its branches, and then its fruit; somust the twig [grift, or scion] of the soule, which standeth overshadowed in a darke valley, continually labour that it might come to bring forth fruit, which is, the noble and precious knowledge of God, when the same is growne in it, that the Soule knoweth God, then it yeeldeth its faire sruits, which are good * Dostrines, Workes, and Vermes; it leadeth to the Kingdome of God, it helpeth to plant, and build, the Kingdome of God; and then it is a right labourer in the Vinevard of Christ.

30. And thus that of which I teach, write, and speake, is nothing elfe, but the same which hash beene wrought in me; otherwise I could know nothing of it, I have not ferape it together out of histories, and so made opinions; as the Babilonicall School dot, where men Eagerly contend about words and opinions; I have by Gods grace obteined eyes of my owne, and am able in my selfe to

worke in Christs vineyard.

51. I'speake plainly, and freely, that whatsoever is patcht together from Conjecture, and opinion (wherein man himselfe hath to Divine knowledge whereupon he makes conclusions) that [1[ay] is Babel, an whoredome; for conceit, or thinking must not doe it; yea not any opinion, or conjecturall apprehension, but the knowledge of God in the holy Ghost.

52. The Children of God have looken, as they were driven by the holy spirit; they have planted many and divers. Trees, but they all stand upon one root, which is the internall Heaven, none can find the same unlesse he likewise stand upon the same roote, and therefore the externall Heaven cannot finde them out or explain them

by art.

53. The words of the holy Children of God remain as an hidden Myflery unto the Earthly man; and though he thinkes that he understands them; yet he hath no more then a darkesome [hystoticall] glimps of them; as we see now adayes how men doe wrangle and contend about Christs doctrine, and worship, and fight about Gods will; how he must be served, whereas he is not served or worshipped with any opinion, but in the spirit of Christ, and in truth then serve God.

54. It depends not on what ceremonies, and manners we doe use, every one laboureth in his worke, and gifts, from his owne Confiellation, and property, but all are driven, and lead & om one, and the same spirit, otherwise God should be finite, and measurable, if the gifts

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were onely one; but he is a meere Wonder, who lover apprehends him, he walketh in his Wonders.

55. This I doe impart unto you in all fyncerity, out of a true Christian zeale, from my Fountaine, Gifts, and knowledge; and I doe exhort you to * understand it in a right sense as it is meant; I * O1, Takg. doe not extoll, or set up my selse, but I speake brotherly to your minde, to shirre you up and to comfort you; that you should not thinke the yoak of Christ to be heavy, when oftentimes the externall man doth cloud the internall, that the poore Soule mourneth for its Image, which yet is purified, and truly begotten, and brought forth under Tribulation [and the Crosse of Christ] it is even so with me, and other Christians besides, thinke not strange at it.

56. It is very good when the poore foule is in Conbate, much better then when it is imprisoned, and yet playeth the Hypocrite, and maketh devout shewes; it is written, That all things shall serve for

she best to them that love God.

57. Now when the combate of the foule doth arife, and proceed, that it would faine fee God, and yet cannot at all times attaine the fame; then know, that it fighteth for the Noble Trophee, of which the externall man knoweth nothing; yea the fpirit of God fighteth in the naturall foule, for that which is fupe naturall, that fo he may lead the Creature into God; hee would alwayes faine Crowne the foule with the precious Image, if the blinde Reafon would but give him roome, and fuffer the understanding to Cooperate.

58. We must labour and strive against the external Reason, and also against stell and blood, and wholly oppose the assaults and objections of the Devill, alwayes breaking them and casting them away, and resist the evill thoughts, motions, and instances, and effectually with our whole soule with prayer, supplication, or internal re-

fignation, preffe into Gods mercy.

59. Thus the precious graine of Multard-feed is sowne, which if it be well preserved, becommeth great like a Tree, upon which Tree the fruits of Paradise doe afterwards grow, on which the soule seedeth, when it will Prophesse, and speake of the Kingdome of God; when as it beholdeth the Divine Magia, even then it speaketh of the Wonders of God.

oo. For the Being of God is undivided, it needeth not any room or place, but it arifeth [moveth, and fiyeth] in the spirit of understanding, as the splendor of the Sunne in the ayre; it shootesh, or glanceth into the Image, like lightning, whereby the whole body is

oftentimes enkindled, and enlightned.

of. Moreover know that we in this life are labourers and not idle persons, for the birth of life is a continual strife and labour; the more we labour in Gods Vineyard, the more fruit we shall obtaine

and eternally enjoy, and it maketh for our owne edification, for our labour remaineth in our owne Mystery to Gods deeds of Wonder, and to our owne eternall Growne and Glory before God; as in

my other Writings is fet forth at large.

62. Concerning the Sabbath in this World, of which you have written, and ftill continue in the fame opinion, the knowledge and understanding thereof is not given to me; also I doe not know how there can be any perfect Being in the Torment-house of the Starres and Elements; I cannot finde such an understanding thereof in the Mystery, being the first man was not able to stand, when the heavenly Governour did rule in him, but was overcome by the Kingdome of the Starres and Elements; Might it not therefore be still dangerous?

63. When we consider the possibility and the impossibility thereof in the Mystery, it doth then appeare, as if there would be no
Sabbath in the Iad and forrowfull Mirror of the Divine Being, for
the Devill is a Prince of this World, and though he should be bound
for a thousand yeares in the darke World, yet the fierce wrathfull
Starres, and also heat and cold, have their rule and predominance
in this World, and this World is nothing else but a Valley of

Misery,

64. Now if the Dominion of the Starres should not reach us, or have any influence upon us, then we should not be in this World, but in Paradise, where no wicked man could oppose us, or see us,

for in Paradise we are swallowed, or shut up in God.

65. As little as we with our earthly eyes fee the Angels, fo little likewise shall a wicked man of this World see a new [regenerate] man in Christ, when we attaine the new man in Christ, then we are (as to that new man) already in the Sabbath, and doe onely waite

for the Redemption of the wicked earthly life.

66. For we are with Chrift in God, we are together with him planted into his death; we are buryed in him, and arife with the new man out of the grave with him, and live eternally in our owne. Being or Effence, understand, in his corporiety; we are with and in Christ, in God, and God in us; Where should wee then keepesabbath? Not in this World, but in the Angelicall World, in the light World.

67. And if the wicked should be tormented for a thousand years in this World, then the place [of this World] must be translated, or withdrawne into the darke World; for in this Solar World there is not yet any Hellish Torment; but if the Sunne were taken away, then it would be to indeed; and then the wicked would be yet far separated from the judgement; and there would be a Gulse of a

Principle interposed and fixt.

68. Moreover God is not a God of evill, that defireth revenge, or Torment; that he should out of his vengeance, Torment and plague the Wicked a thausand yeares before the ludgment; the wicked Tormenteth himselfe in his owne Lifes-birth; the one forme of life is every to the other: And that shall be indeed his hellish Torment; and God hath no blame in it.

69. He hath never defired the fall of man; but the wrathfull Nature, gott the upper hand and the spirit of mans will (which is free, as God himselfe) did freely and willingly yeeld it selfe up into the Combate, supposing to domineere, and rule.

70. It was out of pride that the Devill fell, and man also; if they had stayed in humility, God would have continued in them; but they themselves departed both away from God; but God did so exceedingly love mans Image, that he himselse out of love did re-enter into the Image of man; why should he then defire his Torment?

71. In God there is no Evill desire, but his wrath which is the dark World is a desire of evill, and destruction which hath brought the Devill, and also man to fall; the dark World caused the Devill to fall; and the externall wrathfull Nature caused Man to fall; and yet both these are tyed and bound one to another; which we should well see, and seel, if the son were taken out of this World.

Abrahams bosome, in Christs rest; for Christ hach destroyed the weathful death for us, that held us Captive; he hath opened life; that we in a new man are able to spring forth, blossome, and rest in him.

73. But the old man of the Stars, and Elements must abide in his owne Region, in his house of Torment and milery, till he be committed to the Earth; and then all passets into its owne. Mystery again; and the source abideth in its principle till the Judgment of God; where God shall again move, and enkindle the Mystery; and then every thing Severeth it selfe into its owne property. Each world shall take in its owne harvest, be it good, or bad; it shall part it selfe as light, and darknesse.

74. And therefore I doe entreat you wholly as a brother, and a Christian, that you would be pleased to have a case that you apprehend the Sabbath in the Rest of Christ; and be not so moved by the enkindling of the spirit, so ferrent instigation of your minde I but fearch whether you be able to ground, the same in the light of Nature; if you be able to ground, and reach it in the light of the Eternall Nature, then indeed you may goe on; but shew it us plaintly

plainely that we may fee it, else our minde will be unfatisfied, unlesse

It findes the ground.

75. It is not to be proved with Scriptures, which might be feemingly alleadged for it, they give as well the contrary, and may well be otherwise applyed, if my minde had not turned it selfe into the LOVE and REST of Christ, I would then shew it you after the saftion of this present Controversall World.

- 75. The Revelation is spiricuall, and concheth or sticketh deepe in the Mystery; it requires an high illuminate minde, and understanding, which hath Power to enter into the Mystery of God; in speaketh Magically: There belonges h likewise a Magicall understanding about it; on this manner I finde not the Magicall apprehension, for that is an Hystoricall apprehension.
- 77. He that will fet upon the Heavenly Magia, he must know the Heavenly Figures of the forme of the internall Heaven: Viz. The Centre or lifes-Circle, whence all Beings doe arise, whence this World is produced; if he hath not the Magicall guide in him, then let him not meddle with the heavenly Figures, or else Turba Magna hath power to Spew him out of the Divine Magia.

78. John the Evangelist, or whosoever wrote the Revelation, knew the Figures of the Divine Magia, and though he saith that he was ravished in the spirit and it was shewen him; yet they are Figures which remaine in the Divine Magia, and though they be revealed, yet thereto belongeth such a Magist, who understands Thesaurinelle is the little Treasury of Wisedome or Cabinet of the Divine

Magia.

79. He must understand all the Three principles with their Figures; and then he hath power to open and reveal them, else his labour [writings or expositions] sall anto the Turba; Ispeake syncerly; if you please, read my Booke of the Three fold life aright, and there you shall finde the rost of the Magia; although there be other much deeper extant, yet I would you might but understand that, for it hath sufficient ground, else you will not be able to apprehend the other; if it please you then to search surther you may very well obtein them, onely there must be Earnestnesse withall, otherwise they will remaine dumbe [or seeme to be onely a bare obscure hystory.]

80. For the ground of it is deeply magicall, as the illuminate minde shall finde indeed, if it will but dive into it; therein the Revelation is very easily to be understood, and in no other manner shall

shall it at all be understood save from the Mystery of God, he that is able to dive or finck himselfe into that, he sindes what fower he doth but

fearch.

81. Accordingly I would faine have you to prove your inflammation, that you might know the Guide of the internal! World, and then also the Guide of the external! World, that so the Magical! Schoole of both Worlds might be knowne to you, and then the Noble minde would be freed from Opinion, and Conjecture for in Conjecture there is no perfection.

82. The spirit must be capable of, and acceptable to the Mystery, that Gods spirit may be the guide in its seeing, else it onely seeth in the outward Mystery: Viz, in the externall Heaven of the Confellation, which of times doth vehemently enkindle and drive the minde of man; yet he hath not the Divine Magicall Schoole, which confifts barely in a plaine Childlike minde.

83. The externall Guide laboureth and speculates onely in the Glaffe, but the internall speculates in the Ellence, which yet it is not able to doe, unlesse Gods spirit guide it; therefore God makes

choyfe.

84. Whomfoever the heavenly Schoole taketh, he is made a Magift, without his hard running, and albeit he must run hard, yet he

is taken by God, and driven of the boly fairit.

85. Therefore man must try of what guide he is taken, if he finds that he hath the Divine light shining in his seeing, that his Guide doth bring him into the heavenly Schoole upon the way of truth to Love and Rightensfield, and that hee is thereby affured and confirmed in his minde with Divine certainety, then he may proceed in his worke.

86. But if it be in Conjecture and Doubt, and yet in a fiery driving, then the Guide is from this World, which ought to be tryed by its will and purpose, whether he seekes Gods, or his owne hanour and applause, whether hee willingly essente himselse to the Cross, and onely defire to labour in Christ Vineyard, and to seeke the Good of his Neighbour, whether he Seekes God, or Bread; and accordingly must his understanding judge, and give it leave, or reject, and tame it as need requires.

87. This I would not as a Brother conceale from you in a Chriftian exhortation, and I entreat you, that you would accept of it no otherwife, then as meant well unto you, as my due obligation requireth; for upon your defire I are your Debtor in Cheff, to your anxious Seeking minde, as one Member is bound to affift a-

nother.

88. Concerning your very Christian offer, I acknowledge and accept of it as done in Love, as one member commeth to helpe the

6

other in time of need; it shall be requited in Love; be pleased to make me acquainted with what your minde doth further defire, and I shall not withhold any thing from you, so farre as God shall enable me; and so I commend you unto the Love of Jesus Christ.

Dated Thursday senight after Martins day, 1620.

> Your affectionate Friend, and Servant, J. B.

The Name of the Lord is a firong Tower, the Righteous runneth thither and is exalted.

THE

SIXTH EPISTLE:

BEING

A very deepe and Phylosophick Letter,

To Doctor Godfreet Freu-Den-Hammern; and to Master John Heusern.

Concerning the Knowledge of God, and of all things.

ALSO

A Short Declaration of the False and True LIGHT.

The Salvation of our Lord Jesus Christ by his entrance, and Manifestation in the humanity, worke with his Love in Us all.



UCH respected Sirs, and dearely beloved Brethren in Christ; when God doth open to us by his Grace, the right understanding, that we are able to know, and understand aright the Image of God (Viz, Man) what he is in body, soule and spirit, then we acknowledge that he is the visible, and also the invisible spiritual World; namely, An Extrast of all the three Principles of the Divine Being.

2. In whom the hidden God through the expression and impression M 2

fion of his various diftinct Power, and eternall Wisedome hath set forth himselfe in a visible Image, through which hee doth Idea, forme, and shape, in the same Being the wonders of the expressed Word; in that the Word of his powers maketh it selfe effectiall.

3. And so in or by man he hath represented, and set forth an I-mage of his speaking, and our-spoken Effectiall word, in which the Divine Science with the various divisions of the Eternall speaking is

couched.

4. And hence he hath the understanding and knowledge of all things, that he is able to understand the conjunction of Nature, and also its disjunction; for no spirit hath any higher rule, or deeper reach then in its owne Mother whence it taketh its Originall, and in

that ground it standeth or abideth in its Centre:

5. This we see in the Creatures of the Stars, and Elements, that their understanding and knowledge is no higher then of their Mother in whom they live; each leadeth its life after the nature and condition of its Mother, wherein it is bounded in the distinct division of the expressed Word; and no Creature in the foure Elements whose Original is not our of the Eternall Science, is able to attaine the knowledge of the hidden spirituall World of Power, save onely and alone Man, who with his soule and understanding spirit is concluded in the eternall Spiration [or generation] of the Divine power, and various distinct division of the eternall Word of God.

6. Therefore the humane Science receiveth in the Centre of its understanding, good and evill, and doth Idea, and shape it selfe both in good and evill, and maketh it selfe Essential therein; and so with, and by the Science doth induce it selfe into will, defire, and

effence.

7. That so the Abyssall will out of the eternall word of various distinct division, doth bring it selse in the Creaturall Word (Viz. in the Creaturall Science of the Soule) into an Ess and Being, in manner and forme as the Spiration of God hath brought it selse through the various division of the Eternall will, in the visible world, into diverse properties; namely, into good and evill, into love and enmity; that in such a contrary, the Being might be distinct, severall, formall, sensible, and perceivable; that each thing might in such a Contrary, sinde and perceive it selse.

8. For in God, all Beings are but one Being, Viz. An eternall One, or unity, the Eternall onely Good; which Eternall one with-

out severalty were not manifest to it selfe.

9. Therefore the same hath breathed forth it selfe out of its selfe, that a plurality and distinct variety might arise, which variety or severalty hath induced it selfe into a peculiar WILL and properties;

perties; the Properties into Defires, and the Defires into Be-

ings.

To Infomuch that all things vifible (both Animals, Vegitables, and Minerals) doe arise from the severalty and comprehensive impressure, or formation of the expressed Word, out of the Science of the great Mystery; every thing from the Experience of the Severalized Word.

of every thing hath its owne separation in it selfe; the Centre of every thing is [a] Spirit from the Originall of the Word; the separation in a thing is a selfe peculiar will of its owne impressure, or forming, where each spirit bringeth it selfe into Being, according

to its Effentiall Defire.

12. The forme and feature of bodies arise from the Experience of the will, where the Centre of Every thing (being a particle or spark from the expressed word) doth againe expresse or speake it selfe forth, and bringeth it selfe into a various distinct Particularity, in manner and forme of the Divine Speaking; [or operation of the Eternall word in its Generation, and Manifestation.]

13. Now if there were no Free will in such Speaking then the Speaking should have a law, and would stand Confined, and compelled and no desire or free Imagington might arise and then the

speaking would be Finite, and incheative which is not.

14. But it is a Spiration of the Abyffe, and a diffinct feveration of the Eternall Stilneffe [or immobility] an effution or diffribution of it felfe where the particularity doth against and in its owne diffinct Severation in a peculiar felfe will, and is againe an Exprefling of it felfe; whence Nature and the Creaturall life take their Originall and hence in every thing a felfe-will is arisen.

15. That every thing doth bring it selfe from its owne experience into some, seature; and shape, and likewise into life, and operation as it standeth in its Centre, in the Vniversall experience; namely in

the Great Mystery, in the Mother of all Beings.

16. This we fee in the Earth, which in the beginning of its Materialls is rifen out of the Severation of the Divine Spiration in a Spiritual! manner; where the Severation of the word hath formed it felfe by its owne proper will into an Ens and Being, and so by the formation, or impression it hath brought it selfe into the Perceivancy of the Essence.

17. In which Perceivancy or Sensibility the Magneticall Defire is arisen, that the properties of the Severalized distinguishing, or separating will, have brought themselves through the Defire, into bodies, according to, and from the Nature of the three Principles of

the Divine Manifestation.

18. From which Original! the Earth hath so many and divers bo-

dies good and evill, as Earths, falts, stones, Metals, &c.; and such bodies lye mixt in the Earth; for the three Principles are mutually

in one another as one Being.

Centres (being the divine Manifestation) where each Centre doth make and produce out of it selse its owne Spiration [expression] Nature and being; and yet all doe arise Originally fron the Eternal ON E.

20. The First Centre is the breathing forth or Spiration of the Abysse Viz. Gods Speaking the Comprehensive impressure, and the divine perceivance of it selfe, where God doth beare, and begett himselfe in Trinity, and speaks forth himselfe into Powers.

21. The Second Centre, or Spiration is the Expressed Essence of the Divine Power and it is called Gods Wisdome; through this same the Eternall word breaths forth it selfe into knowledge, namely into an infinitenelle of plurality, and brings the plurality of knowledge into Imagination, and the Imagination into desire, and the desire into Nature and Strife till it comes to Fire.

22, Therein the Strife in the painfull Agony doth dye in the Confumption of the fire, from its owne Naturall Right, and property; and yet no dying is to be understood; but so the Power doth bring it selfe into Sensibility, and by the killing of the Selfe-destre of the properties through the dying or Mortification of its selfenesse

it brings it felfe through the Fire into the Light.

23. Where, in the light, another Principle (being the Grand Mystery of the true divine manifestation) is understood; and in the First Principle being the Eternall Nature, is understood;

and they are two in one; as fire and light.

24. The Fire giveth Soul, and the power of the light giveth spirit; and in this Power of the light of the Divine Spiration through the wisedome, through the manisestation of the Fire (understand the Spirits-sire) the Mother of the Eternall spirits (namely of Angels, and the soules of men,) is understood; and so also the spirituall Angelicall World, Viz. the hidden internall World of Power, which is a Mother of the Heaven, stars, and Elements; that is, of the Externall World.

25. The third Centre is the Verbum Fiat (Viz. the Naturall world of God) from the Power of the first, and second Principles; being a Separatour, or Creatour, and Maker of all Creatures in the Internall, and Externall World, in each World according to its

property.

25. This Seperator, or Spirator of the Severation of the Divine Powers hath spoken it selfe forth from it selfe, out of the first and second Principle: Viz. out of the fiery and light World, and also

out of the impression, and enclosure of the Adumbration; that is, out of the darknesse; and with the severation of the Spiration hath modellized and formed it selse, and made it selse Materiall, moving, and sensible.

27. Hence the third Principle, that is, the vifible World with its Being and Life is arisen; and also the whole Creation of the vifible World, whose life and Being is come out of Three into a Being and Life; Namely, out of the eternall Nature, out of the great Mystery; that is, out of the darknesse, fire, and light; to wit, out of Love and Anger.

28. The Fire is called Anger, being a paine and enmity, and the light fignifieth, or is called Love, being a fweet yeelding and giving of it felfe; and the darkneffe is a feparating of the knowledge and skill, that fo it may be understood what Light and Life is, and also

what is evill and painefull.

29. There is a twofold Fire, and also a twofold Light to be underflood; Namely, according to the darke impression a Cold fire, and a false light arising through the Imagination of the harsh impression, which light hath its Original onely in the Imagination, and hath no true Ground.

30. The second Fire is an Hor fire, and it hath a fundamentall true light arifing from the Originall of the Divine Will, which doth also bring it selfe forth in Nature through the fire into the light.

31. In this twofold fire, and twofold light, two Principles,

and also a twofold will are understood.

32. For the falle light out of the Imagination, arifeth out of the felfe-will of Nature; namely, from the impression of the preperties, where the properties doe prove one another, whence selfe-instantieth, and an Imagination, wherein nature doth modellize and fansie to it selfe in its owne defire, the Abysie; and desireth to bring itselfe in its owne might without the will of God into a Dominion, and Government of its owne selfe-will and rule.

33. Where this felle will refuse to be obedient and submissive to the unsearchable, and Abysiall will of God (which hash its Originall in its selfe without nature, and Greature in the E-ernall One) also it will not resigne, and whosly give up it lesse unto him, and be One will with him, but maketh its selfe to be its owne. Separator,

and Maker.

34. It draweth and maketh to its felfe a Science in it felfe, and fewere hit felfe from Gods will, as we may underfund and fee in the Devill, and also in the *false fallen Man is whereupon they were cast out of the Divine Separation, so that the Devill must remaine with his owne will in the Separator of the darke impression, wherein the Word doth induce it selse in nature, and principliness to featibility.

* Or, Wicked

fenfibility; namely, in the Originall of the fire-fource, which notwithstanding cannot reach or obtains the true fire, wherein the will of God induceth it selfe into the sensible life and nature; namely,

into a fhining light.

35. For the Separator of the naturall felfe-hood hath no true Ens, wherein its light may remaine stedfast, for it draweth not with its desire, out of the eternall One; (namely, out of the meeknesse of God) but draweth it selfe into Essence, its light ariseth onely in the comehood of Selfe.

31. Therefore there is a difference betweene Gods light, and the falle light, for Gods light arifeth [or takes its Originall] in the Eternall One; namely, in the Effence of the Divine Generation, and coth bring it felfe through the Will of God into Nature and Being; it is formed and brought by the Divine Separator into an Em, and

Thineth in the fire Nature in the darknesse. John I.

37. For the formed, or immodellized Science is (in respect of the Impression) a darknesse; but the Divine light illustrates it, so that it becomes a stery light, wherein the Spiration, or Speaking of God is made manifest in Nature and Creature, and standeth in a sensible or perceivable life; of which Saint John speaketh, Chap.

1. The life of man was in him [Viz. in the Word] and CHRIST saith, John 8. That hee is the light of the World, that giveth life to the World.

38. For without this Divine light proceeding from the Generation of the Divine Try-unity there is no Conflant true light, but onely a light of the Imagination of the Naturall Imprefion of selfe-

will.

39. Therefore man (being the Image of God) must open and lift up the Eyes of the understanding (wherein Gods light doth encline and tender it selfe to him, and desireth to shine in him) and not be as a Beast, which standed not with its Separatour in the internal in the Eternity, but onely in an External Figure of the ex-

preffed word.

40. Which hath onely a Temporall life in a finite; and inchoative Separator, in which the Eternall Separator doth represent it selfess in a Glasse or mirror of Ideas and bringeth the Divine Science into formes, and Figures, like a Pattern or Imitation of the Grand Mystery of the Spirituall World, where the Eternall Principles doe Cooperate and play in a Type or resemblance; both according to fire, and light.

41. And yet man in respect of his externall comprehensible or sinite body, standeth onely-in such a stitting sigurative shadow, or resemblance, and with his spirituall body he is the true essential! Word of the Divine property, in which God speaketh and begetteth his Word,

and there the Divine Science doth distribute, import, impresse, form, and be-

42. In which Image God is manifest (in a Sensible and Createrall being) and dwelleth and willeth there himselfe, and therefore man must break his owne will, and entirely submit himselfe to Gods

43. But if mans selfe-will will not doe it, then he is more void of understanding, and hurtfuller to himselfe then the wilde earth, which yet standeth still to its owne Separator, and lets it forme, and make

out of it what it pleafeth.

44. For God hath made all things in his Divine pley or operation out of his Spiration, through and in his Separator, and all things doe hold, or it and ftill unto him; onely the falle light caufeth the Separator of the Creature to bring it felfe into a felfe will, that the Creature opposeth the will of God.

45. Which falle light in man hath its foundation from the will of the Devill, who through the infinuation of his falle defire hath made man Monftrous, that he also hath affumed a falle Imagination, whereby (through his owne defire) he hath made the falle introduced

defire of the Devill Essentiall in him.

46. Whereupon in the humane body (which was formed out of the Limus of the Earth in the Divine Fiat) a bestiall Separator is arisen; which hath revealed or made manifest all the properties of all Beasts, whence such manifold, and divers Lusts, Imaginations, desires, and wills, are in man.

47. Which falle Separator hath advanced it felfe to the height, and got the Dominion, and attracted all the Principles unto it felfe,

and hath made a Monster, out of Gods Order.

48. Which monstrous Image hath in or with its will, and defire, wholly turned it selfe away from the will of God; from the Divine light; whereby the Divine Ens from the being, or effence of the bolly World, did vanish or disappeare in him; and he (Viz. man) remained onely as a Monster of Heaven; and was by his Separator mide a Beast of all Beasts, which even now tuleth in, over, and with all beasts; in whom the Spirit of the World with the Stars, and Eldments hath obtained the Rule and dominion.

49. Therefore man now runneth, and Seeketh againe his first right home, or Native Country; for in this Condition, or preperty he standeth in meer unquietnesse; and sometimes he is Seeking in one thing, and by and by in another, and supposeth to bring himselse to Rest in this Monster; and yet he runneth on in the salle awakend

bestiall will, which cannot reach the will of God.

50. He runneth now onely in the falle light of his felfehood, which is borne in his Imagination with a Minfrous Separator which N

Notes

maketh him an Earthly Minde, wherein the Conflellations have their influence, and operations; and he hash the whole visible

World for his Enemy.

51. And he standeth as a tose in a bush of thornes which is continually rent, ferecht, and torne by the thornes, and yet he could not be faid to be a Rose, if the Divine Grace had not come to assist and restore him, and agains inspired, and given in it selfe into his internal Ground, wherein the Love of God to the new Regeneration is tended unto him.

52. Therefore I say that it is most exceeding necessary for man to learne to know himselfe, what he is; before he runneth, and Seeketh; for his Seeking else, will prove onely a Tormenting, whereby he tormenteth, and perplexeth himselse in a saise Separator, and

yet cannot chraine the Reft; and true Satiffallion.

53. For all these Earthly wills [and wayes] wherein he thinketh to bring himselfe into rest and quiesnesse, are onely an adverse will, striving against God, Viz. the Eternals One.

54. For it leth not in any mans owne willing, going, running, as Saint Paul faith, but in Gods Mercy, that is in the Grace which is inspired into

bim.

55. For without Grace man is dead, and blind in respect to God, and he is not able to attain any true life; unlesse the Grace be filt-

red up, awakened and revealed in him.

56. Moreover in these Earthly wills there can be no awakening; for they cannot reach or obtain Grace, much lesse awaken it; and therefore the whole Man in soul, and minde, must onely immerse teleste into the Grace and be willing to become a nothing to itselfe; that desireth nothing but the Grace, that Grace might be living and working in him; and his owne will be Stupisyed, overcome, and mortifyed,

57. As the Sunne breaketh forth in the night [or darkneffe] and change in the Night into day; the like is to be understood concerning man; of which Christ saith; unless you turne, and become like Children you shall not see the Kingdome of God, namely the druine Separator, whence all things are risen, and spring Original-

Iv.

58. For no knowledge is right or fundamentall unlesse it comes from the Divine Science, out of the severation of the Divine Spira-

tion from whence all things have their Originall.

59. Now if such a knowledge shall againe arise in man, then the Divine Seperator must stand in an Effence of his likenesse; namely, in a Divine Ens, wherein the Divine Word speaketh, and the Divine light shineth in that same Speaking, or Spiration.

60. And even then the humane Science (which inchoatively is

ailen from the Spiration of the Word) may in that same light see, not onely it selfe, but, likewise all other natural things according to the severation of the Word; and after a Magicall manner worke in and with all things in a Divine way, nature and property.

61. For man is blind in all Gods workes, and hath no true knowledge, unleffe the Divine [breathing] foiration or speaking be revealed in his internal ground, after the nature and property of the

Spiration, whence all Beings proceed Originally.

62. All the fearching and feeking of Man, whereby hee will finde out the ground of a thing is blind, and is wrought onely in the shell or outside; wherewith the Essence of the Tree is covered.

63. If there shall be a true finding, then the humane Science must mer into the property of the thing, and be able to behold the very

Separator.

64. Therefore it is the greatest and most toylesome misery of mankindes, that they run, annot seeke altogether in blindnesse, and begin to seeke the shell in the bare letter, and its expression [or many formes of writings] whereas all things are outwardly signed, as they are in their internal Ens and Essence, and the Separator of all things hath shewn, and set forth himselse visibly, and formally, so that the Creator is known in and by the Creation.

65. For all Beings are but one onely Being, which hath breathed forth it selseout of it selse, and hath severized, and formized it selse; and yet it proceedeth out of that same impressure or formation into a Centre peculiarly distinct; that is, with each impressure and

forming of the defire.

66. Where the severized, parted, and divided will, doth impresse, and forme it selfe into a peculiar particularity, where a Centre doth asile, and in the Centre a Separator, or Creator of its owne Selfe | or Being], namely, a former of the re-expression, or respirating Will, as we see the same in the Earth, where every Hearb, such its owne Separator in it selfe, which doth so make and severize it into forme.

67. Now if Man (beings Gods Image, in whom the Divine feating, according to the Divine Science is manifest) will feareh the Coentres, and get reall understanding, and knowledge in them; he it either in Animals, Vegitables, or Mettals; he must then againe obtaine grace from God, that the Divine light may shine in his foreose, whereby hee may bee able to goe through the Naturall light, and then all things will be opened and revealed in his understanding.

68. Otherwise he runs on in his seeking as a blind Man that speaketh of Colours, and doth neither see nor know any Colour; this all States and Orders of the World are to confider, that they all run blindfolded without the Divine Light, onely in an Aftrall Sydereall imaginary fanfie, according as the Constellations of the Stars doe forme and frame in and upon Reason.

69. For Reason is nothing else but an humane Constellation; which is a darke draught, or resemblance of all the Principles; it standeth onely in an imaginary figure, and not in the Divine Science.

70. But if the Divine light be manifest, and shineth therein, then the Divine Word beginneth to speake [or worke] therein out of the Eternall knowledge [Science, or Wisedome] and then Reason is a true mansion or receptacle of Qivine Knowledge and Revelation, and even then it may be rightly and truely used; but being voyd of this it is no more then an Afram of the visible World.

71. It is therefore declared to all lovers of Arts (whose Separator is an Artist of Great Subtility in them) that they first seek Gold Love and Grace, and refigne up their selves to, and become wholly one with that; else all their Seeking is but a delution, or the Courting of a shadow, and to no purpose; and nothing is found of any fundamentall worth; unlesse one doth entrust another with Somewhat.

72. The which is forbidden to the Children of God, in whom the grace is revealed, that they cast not Pearl before Swine; upon paine of Eternall Punishment.

73. Onely it is freely granted them to declare the light, and to

thew the way of attaining the Pearl.

74. But to give the Divine Separator into the beftiall hand, is prohibited; unlesse a man knoweth the way, and will of that man

that defires it.

75. Thus my beloved brethren upon such consideration and instruction, I will (through the permission of divine grace and the Cooperation of this p esent time) a little decipher, and represent unto you the Divine Mystery, how God through his word hath made himselfe Visible, Sensible, Perceivable, moreover Creaturall, and formall; be pleased to consider surther of it; yet let it be done as is above mentioned; otherwise I shall be as one dumbe unto you, and the blame thereof is not to be imputed to me.

76. God (what he is in himselfe) is neither nature nor creature, neither this nor that, neither high nor deep; he is the Abysse, and the Bysse of all Beings, an eternall One; where there is no ground or place; he is to the Creature in its strength [or capacity] a No-

thing, and yet is through all things

77. Nature is his Something wherewith hee makes himselfe vifible, sensible, and perceivable, both according to Eternity, and time.

78. All

78. All things are arisen through the Divine Imagination, and do yet stand in such a birth, station, or Government.

79. The foure Elements likewife have fuch a ground [birth, or Originall] from the Imagination of the Eternall One, concerning which I will here fet downe a Table, how the one doth unfold and fpirate or breath it selfe forth out of another.

80. In which annexed Table, the ground of all the Mysteries of the Divine Manisestation is pourtrayed; for a further consideration of the same; the understanding and capacity whereos, is not in Natures owne ability without the light of God; but it is easily to be understood of those who are in the Light; and it is childlike [simple, plaine.]

81. Like as my Writings doe sufficiently, and largely shew; and

here onely is represented briefly in a Figure or Scheme.

82. And so Sirs, I commend and commit you to the salutation of the Love of Jesus Christ; who by his aspect, and salutation, is the very Key to understand this Table.

Dated, 11. November, 1623.

THE

THE

SEVENTH EPISTLE,

T 0

One of the NOBILITIE

SILESIA.

Our Salvation [is] in the life of Jesus Christ in us.



O B L E, and right Honourable Sir, The Divine light, and the internal Divine contemplation of the Soule in it felfe, and all bodily wellfare, with fyncere wifles, and cooperating defires of fellowship and Member-like fociety in Our I M-MANUEL, premifed.

 Seeing I have observed, that you are a lover of Divine Wisedome, and also a growing branch in the Life-Tree

of God in Christ, in whom all the Children of God are as Members; and moreover perceived how the drawing of the Father hath brought you into an hungry desire after the true Sap, and Divine Power, and likewise in some measure hath enriched you with the knowledge of the same Tree of Life; thereupon I have taken occasion (in a Christian and Member-like property and desire after the same Life-Tree of Christ) once more to salute you, and mutually to exhort one another, as Labourers set in the Vineyard of Christ, and called to this Worke.

3. Especially that we looke well to our selves in this valley of darknesse, and lift up our eyes and heads, in that we see the darknesse.

neffe and the very workings thereof before our eyes; and put our selves in minde, that Christ hath taught us, that Our Redemption draweth neere; and indeed, Goe out from Babel, which hath a long

time held us captive, and imprisoned.

4. And not regard the foul cry, and pratings, where they promife to us golden Mantles of grace, and put them about us, and comfort, tickles and flatter us with a strange pretence f or shew of holineffe] as if we were received to be Children of grace * from * Externally. without by a fundty particular Election; also that we looke not upon, or legard Our owne Merits, or abilities.

5. All which availe nothing before God; but a new Creature in Christ, borne of God, availeth before God; for Christ is onely the

Grace, which availes with G.d.

6. Now who loever is borne of Chrift, and liveth and walketh in him, and puts him on (according to his inner man) in his Suffering, Death, and Refurrection; he is a Member on his body, from him onely flow the streames of living Water, through the powerfull Word of Chrift, which as to the internall ground is become Man in him, and doth speake forth it felfe out of him through the Creature

in the Cofinite Spirit of the external! Man.

7. For as God hath manifested the grand Mystery (wherein the whole Creation hath Iyen in an Effential manner without formings) out of the power of his Word, and through the grand Mystery bath expressed [the word of powers] into the Severation or variety of spiritual formings; in which spiritual formes the Science of the Powers, have stood in the Defire; that is, in the Fiat; wherein every Science in the Defire to manifestation, bath brought it selfe into a corporeall bodily Being; Even fo likewise the same grand Mystery, Viz. The Essentiall Word of Gods power lyeth in Man (the Image, and likenetle of God) both according to Eternity. and time.

8. By which Mystery the living Word of God doth utter and expreffe it felfe either in Love or Anger, or in fanfie; according as the humane Mystery standeth in a moveable Defire [or affection] to Evillor Good; as it is written, With the holy thou art holy, and with the perverse thou art perverse; also, such as the people is, such a God

they also have.

9. For in what property the Mystery in Man is excited, and awakened; fuch a word uttereth it felfe from his powers, as wee plainely fee, that nothing elfe but Vanity is uttered by the

Wicked.

to. Now how thould there be a good expression and will, where the Mystery to the Speaking [and willing] is a fa'se ground, and poyfoned by the Devill in the wrath of nature; which falle Myffery

In Spiritu Mundi.

can neither will, nor doe any good, that may be acceptable to God; unleffe it be first enkindled by God, that it obtain a Godly will and defire; whence a divine expression, and operation of good followers.

then will he bring forth good fruit, where a falle tree standeth, under a strange shew [or glittering hypocrisse?] The purple-mantle of Christ hath its fruits in it; but what is that to a falle beast, that is sulf of poylon, and will cover himselfe with that Mantle and take it for his owne; and yet bringeth forth nothing but hellish fruit? Or what hath the Titular Christian to doe to boast, and glory that he is a Christian; whereas he liveth, walketh, and is, without Christ?

12. None is a Christian, unlesse he be Tinstured anew with the spirit of Christ; and sprung forth out of Gods love; that the grace of God in Christ he manifest in the Mystery of his life as to the soul;

and cooperareth and willeth in the humane life.

13. Now if he will become such a one, then he must turne from his Imagining in the Cosmick Spirit wherewith the soule is covered and disguised, and enters into Earthly workings, and [must] become as a Child, that onely inclineth it selfe with its whol affection to the Mother; and draweth into it selfe the Mothers Milke of grace, whence a new Engroweth, in which the life of grace ariseth; that is, the imputed grave must be borne, and become man in him, as to the internall ground; without this, there is none a Christian, let him make never such devout shewes; dissemble, flatter, and doe what he will, his sins must be forgiven him onely through the Divine Allopay, or in Spiration in himselfe.

14. Eor when Christ is Conceived in the inspired [inspoken] word of grace, which the soule doth take and impresse into it selfe from his Promise, then the soundation is layd in the corrupt, or decayed Mystery to a Child of God; and then the divine * Impresentation beginneth and proceedeth, wherein the humanity of Christ is conceived and borne; which onely is the Temple of the Holy Shost; and from this new birth, the siery soule eateth Gods bread, which commeth from Heaven; and without this, man bath no life in him, John 6. which no Hypocrite under the Purple Mantle of Christ can enjoy, but onely that man who is not borne of steff and blood, nor of the will of man, but regenerate of God, in whom the Word of God (whence the fust man was created) speaketh, suleth, liveth, and willeth.

15. For the life of Man was in the beginning in the Word (John 1.) when the same was inspired or breathed into the created Image; but when it turned it selfe from the speaking of the Word into a peculiar selfe willing and speaking in good and evill, that is, into

In Spiritu Mundi.

* Or, Breeding or Hatching.

ies owne lust and contrived Imagination, then the first good will in the Creature to the re-expreffing, did perifh; and now he must enter againe into the first Speaking Word and speake with God, or he is

eternally without God.

16. Which this present World cannot nor will not understand. for it hath wholly and fully turned it felfe into a felfish speaking to the pleasure of the flesh; and it speaketh forth in selfe-will meere Earthlinetle, and transitory things, as Honour, might, Power, and Authority; moreover, Pride, coverousnesse, Envy, and Malice; it atters nothing elfe but the cunning crafty Serpent with its young, and when these her young, cannot ger, and uphold that which the felfe-will willeth a then it speaketh forth from the cunning mischieyous Malice and Iniquity, with Money, through the felfish power and violence, many thousand Soldiers, who must maintaine it by force, that the felfe-will that is departed from God, may be truely upheld, as we now fee before our eyes, by which expression this selfe-will also is beaten downe, and kils, and destroyes it felfe.

17. Therefore beloved Sir, and fellow member in the life-Tree of Chrift, I would entreat you in a Chriftian way, and stirre you up (as one Member is bound to doe to another) in the present Expression [waves and courses] of the World (where the Turba Magna doth also play, and expresse it selfe, and a great contesting, pulling downe, or degrading shall be) constantly and stedfastly to keep your felfe in the internall speaking of Gods mercy, and continually to enter into your internall ground, and in no wife to be perswaded and missed by the Serpent to the false speaking of Brother-flaughter; but you (as a famous Lord) continually behold your selfe in the Looking-glaffe of Christs processe and Doctrine.

18. For this prefent speaking is spoken in the wrath of God through his awakend and enkindled Anger; and it is very evill, and dangerous to have a hand and voyce therein, especially when the * Turba must be spoken; it is altogether unfaithfull, and it devoures its Father and Mother that brings it forth, and it is a Besom

of Gods Anger.

19. Also there is great heed to be taken in respect of accepting. and joyning to any of the Supposed Religions, for which men contend and fight; and not to affent with the conscience of Faith, to one Party that gets the Victory; for there is no other true Faith which faveth, but onely CHRIST IN US, he onely destroyeth fin in us, and bruifeth the head of the Serpents Imagination in us; and arifeth in Gods righteousnesse (which he with his blood hath fulfilled in us) from the fleep of Death.

20. Christ must arise from death in our poore soule; namely, in a new humanity, which walketh and dwelleth with, and in Christ in Heaven,

Punishment, or fevere Execution.

Note.

Heaven, where Heaven is in the new man; whereout proceede the workes of Love, as it is meete and requifite for the Children of

God

2 t. And though the external man liveth in earthly weakneffe and infirmityes, yet that taketh not away the Temple of Jefus Chrift, for Chrift in the internal ground doth continually bruife the head of the Serpear in the flesh; and Chrift mith be continually flinged by

the Serpen in it beel, till we be freed of this Beaft.

22. More ver toving Sir, I doe intreat you in a Christian brotherly way, scrioosly to take notice of this present time, in the true seare of God; if you be pleased to let my good meaning take place with you, it will never repent you, for I speak that which is made known to me from the Most high, out of his Grace, be pleased diligently to consider of it, and let the spirit of God be your Meditation.

23. For there shall shortly come a time, where good friends shall be sifted and proved, that we might shand stedfast in Christ; of the which, in love, I would put you in minde; for the time of Refreshment commeth some after, where faithfull people shall intirely love one another; after which love I continually hunger and thirst, and it is my syncere and constant wish, that Babel may some come to her end, and Christ may come into the Valley of Jehosophat, that all Nations might see and

praise bim.

24. I entreat you to send my three Treatises (Viz. 1. of Repentance: 2. of the New birth: 3. of Resignation; some whereof I gave you my selse, and the rest I sent by Mr. Rudolff) to Mr. Rudolffus of Gerschorp; for I have written to him that he should send them me to Zagan, to Mr. Christianus Bernhard, from whom I shall have them by one or other; or if you your selse had any occasion toward Zagan, be pleased to send them to Mr. Christianus Bernhard, dwelling upon the Market place; a yeare fince he was Customer; he is a young companion of the Theosophick Schoole; to him I have convenient opportunity every weeke.

25. These Treatises are very much defined of the Lovers, and may doe much good; I pray send them by the first opportunity; for it is of much concernment; and when you shall finde convenient leafure to study, I will send you somewhat more deep, for I have written this Autome, and Winter, without ceasing: And I commend you un-

to the Love of Jesus Christ, and his gracious Protection.

Dated, 19. Feb. 1623.

THE

THE

EIGHTH EPISTLE:

An Answer upon four

QVESTIONS.

1. Of the Serpent, which after the Curse must eate Earth, and creep upon the Belly.

2. Of Paradife, and the Garden of Eden.

3. Whether the Beasts (being they were in Paradise, and moreover wholly earthly) did also seed upon Paradisicall Fruit?

4. whether the Beafts before the Curfe, were so wild, bairy, and rugged, as now they are ?

Our Salvation in the Life of Jesus
. Christ in Us.



ORTHY, much respected, very Learned, and beloved Friend and Brother, in Christ our onely life; I heartily wish unto you an happy New yeare, that you may begin the same in a Divine will, in the drawing of the Father to Christ, and likewise should working power of the spirit of Christ in his vineyard, and that many Grapes may grow in

the Garden of Christ within you, and that God would be pleased to preserve you in the bundle of the living, in this yeare when the Constellation of his Wrath doth draw the Sword; as I doe not doubt,

.....

but that you (as a Cooperating branch on the Vine Christ) will

thew forth your felfe in Good, New, and Heavenly fruits.

2. For the Gate of grace and knowledge standeth likewise in a peculiar motion [and doth open it selse in a singular defire, and assection] that the Children of Christ might also reape in their harvest [and struits of Christian love, and piety, as well as the Children of Babel their harvest of Envy, Contention, and desolation] if they would but seriously labour; and not lye so faint and sluggish in the Sleep of Antichrist; as the grace of the most High bath given me to know, and understand.

3. I intended to have spoken with you against the last time at my Returne; but by the Guidance of God'I was led another way; and I shall yet doe it, when ever I come that way, if occasion per-

mitt.

4. I think also of the discourse we had then at our Meeting, where many things were put to the Question which by reason of the many objections then made (which cause much mistaking, and consustion) could not be so well determined as they ought, being

I was also in hast.

5. Yet (upon the defire of some high persons, with whom I did Converse in the Christmasse holy dayes when I departed from you, where some very Learned men of laver, and of String, together with other brave Gentlemen, were present) I have written a pretty large Book concerning. Election; in that all those questions, and more are

fet downe at large and determined in the deepest ground.

6. And I hope that the same shall put an End to many contentions, and controversies; especially, of some points betwixt the Lutheranes, and Calvinist; and other controversiall Seds besides; for there the true ground is set downe at large before their eyes; and every ones Opinion, is satisfied; and the two Contraries are as it were united into one body; if any shall be able to see, know, and understand the same against the poyson of the Devill, by reason of the Earthly Imagination; as I doubt not, but that the time is at hand that strife, and controversie shall be changed into truth.

7. Whereas yet among the true Christians, and the Children of God in all nations there hath not been any controversy, and division, for in Christ we are all but one Tree spread forth into many

branches, and twigs.

8. And controversie is hence arisen, that the World is fallen into its selvish lust and Imagination; whereby they have rent themselves of from Christ their Stem; in whom Christians should stand in unity but have turned themselves unto Images [opinions mentall Idols] and questions.

9. Our of which questions such controversies, and contentions

are

are arisen; where the pride of the Devill hath been involved in the questions, and hath so imprinted, and immodellized it selse on the Image of man; that they have fought for their Images and opinions, and have therein extolled, and advanced themselves; and Christs Humility, wherein we should dye in Christs from our evill nature, is quite forgotten; so that for the present we are rather a Monster of an Image, then a living Christendome, in spirit, and in Power.

To. For a Christian must, and ought to stand in the Tree of Christ with the Encrease and groweth of Christs life, and also live in the spirit of Christ, and beare fruit; in whom Christ himselse (as to the internal ground) liveth and is all in all in him; who continually breaketh the head of the Serpents will in the sless in and bringeth to naught the workes of the Devill; he must know, will, and do from Christ; it must come to effectual doing (that is, into the Di-

vine working) for without this, none is a Christian.

11. Christ must wholly receive and take possession of the internall ground of the scale; that the severe justice of God (which holdeth us captive in the Anger) might be satisfied with Christs sulnesse [and essential merit] that Christ may swifill the anger of God in us with love, and mortise the will of the Devill; and also the nature in the wrath of God, and wholly annihilate it's will, that so he may dye in the love of Christ, and bring forth a new will in the L ve-spirit of Christ through the nature of the soule, which liveth and walketh in God, as St. Paul saith, Our conversation is in the Lord.

12 Lip-labour, and the Pratings of the mouth avail nothing; the same make no Christian; a Christian must alwaies be borne (or regenerated) of Christ; else he is no Christian, no outward imput-

ed righteousnesse, or grace helpeth at all.

13. All the comforting, flattering, foothing, and diffembling is but in vaine; where the purple-mantle of Christ is put upon the man of iniquity and malice, [or the Cain-like hypocrite,] who from without will be an adopted Child of grace.

14. For no Whore, or *one that is impregnated, can be a Virgin, albeit she puts on a maides Garland; yea no Prince, or Poten-

tate can grace her with any Virginitie.

15. Thus the flattering hypocrifie, and comforting [with Christs Merits, and promises] is to be understood, unlesse we be converted, and become like Children which hang on the breasts of their Mother, and receive and conceive in us the Ens [or essential Power] of Christ, which destroyeth the Harlot; that a new spirit may be borne in us out of Christ, which hath in it Christs sufferings, and death; that we be borne out of his Resurrection, and resigne up our selves into the whole processe of Christ, which is the imputed grace in Christia.

* One that is got ten with Childe. 16. A Christian must be begotten, and regenerated of the same grace, that he be a christian in, and of Christ, namely, a true branch in the tree which is Christ; that the Engrasted word of life may spring forth and become essentiall, living and working in the soule; and then the merit of Christ and the imputed grace doth avail, when

he's growing on the tree, as to the internal ground.

17. Beloved freind Mr. Frederick your questions require a large declaration; in the Treatise or Commentary upon Genesis they be all determined at large; and if you obtain the eyes and fight of Christ, then there need not any such questions at all in such small things; which indeed are too high for Reason; but in Christ they are nothing but a Childlike play; but however I will answer you breisty thus.

The First Poynt.

Of the Serpent, which after the Curse must eate Earth, and Creep upon the Belly.

18. First, concerning the Article of the Serpent (which after the curse must seed upon Earth, and creep upon the Belly) [I answer] that her Shape and Forme was such, but her Body and Spirit was not so evill in the stery Science of the ground of nature, as after the Curse.

19. For both Tirctures of good, and evill, of the originall of the first and second principle were manifest in her; and therefore she was so exceeding Cunning; that the nature was able to see in her Centre in the Tirctures the ground of the whole creation.

20. She was in her ground before the Creaturall originall (whence she in the Grand Mystery was put into the Severation to a creature) a faire and excellent Ens of great power and vertue:

21. But the Devills Imaginations (when he fate like an Enrironed Prince in the ground of nature in very high power and dominion,) poyloned this En; which in the Severation formed it selfe into a Serpent; and therefore he made use of her for his Instrument by the same cunning and by the same poyson in which lay the mightiest power to make Eve monstrous.

22. Yee Phyfitians! It behoveth you doubtleffe well to know, and understand the Mystery of the Serpent, and whar lyeth hid under her poyson; if you take out the same, and proceed aright in the procedle thereof, then you may get a Tinthure against poyson, the like

whereof is not to be had-

23. Shee was in the Ens of the Grand Mystery, before shee was a Creature.

Creature, a Virgin; but after the Curfe, fhee became an Whore;

Magically [or Parabolically] to be underftood.

24. She law in her the ground of the inward, and outward World, and therefore one must come out of the inward World and kill her monster, which she hath putt upon Eve; and an whole Booke might be written, of what the defire of the Devill hath wrought, by

and through her.

God accursed the same that she became blind as to the internall ground; and was also altogether Manifest in the sour Elements; and so she fell into the Earth whence the body was taken, and moreover she fell onely to the wrath [or bad part] of the Earth; she can no more obtain or reach the good part or quality of the Earth as other Beasts doe; and therefore shee must eate Earth; namely, the property of the curse in the Earth.

26. Shee was a flying Worme, else nature would have provided her legges, as other Wormes have on Earth; but her nimblenesse, wily subtlety, and cunning, made Eve to long after the forbid-

den fruit.]

The Second Point.

Of Paradife, and the Garden Eden.

27. Paradife was the temperature in Man, when hee knew not what good and evill was; where the Divine light did shine through Nature, and Tinctured and tempered all things; for Paradife is re-

vealed in us againe in Christ, as to the internal ground.

28. But when God faw and knew that he would fall, then Paradife forung not forth wish fruit any more through the Earth in the whole World (albeit it was every where manifest) but onely in the Garden of Eden where Adam was tempted; for that is the place; but Paradife is the quality; to wit, the life of God in the fimilitude [or Harmony of the universall Being.]

The Third Point.

Whether the Beafts (being they were in Paradife, and more-over wholly earthly) did also feed up in Paradificall finit?

29. Beloved Friend Mr. Frederick, every Spirit eareth of its Mother;

Quint-effence in Spiritu Mundi.

Mother ; out of what the Beafts were of that likewife, they did eate; namely of the * fifth Effence of the Earth in the Cofmick fpirit; for the deepest ground of the Beasts is nor by many degrees like unto Man; thus did they feed upon their Mother; namely, the spirit of them feeds upon the Cofinick spirit, and the body upon the foure Elements.

20. God knew very well that man would not frand but fall, what use or profit then should the Paradificall food be to the Beasts; in the Quinteffence there lyeth indeed a Paradificall property; upon that they feed even to this day; for in every Beaft there is a power which is incorruptible, which the Cosmick spirit draweth into it

felfe to the Separation of the last Judgement.

The Fourth Point.

Whether the Beafts were fo wilde and rough before the Curfe as shey now are?

31. Beloved Mr. Frederick; the Garment which Adam had before the Curse when he was yet naked, was exceeding faire, and became him very well, so likewise was the hide of the Beasts rough and hairy, unto them; but in the Curse all things (both in the Beasts, and in the Plants of the Earth) were deformed, and changed into a monstrous strange forme; they had indeed such a cloathing, but far more glorious in Colours, Feature, and Ornament, of the pure TinEture.

*Or the Book called the My-Sterium Magnum; An Expolition upon Genesis.

32. And I entreat you about these Queries, to looke into the * Grand Mystery with the eyes of Christ, in whom all the Treasures of Wisedome doe lye; and then you shall see them better in the understanding, then I can in hast briefly set downe in writing; and I commit you to the Love of Jesus Christ.

THE

NINTH EPISTLE.

The open Fountaine of God in the heart of Jesus Christ bee our refreshment, and constant Light.



ORTHY, much respected, and very Learned Sir, I heartily wish unto you even that which my very soule desireth of God; namely, the reall true Divine Knowledge in the love of Christ, that God would vouchsafe to open the Centre of the Soule, whereby the Paradificall Lilly-twig in Christs Rose garden, might spring forth, grow, blossome, and beare fruit; and the streams out of

Christs Fountaine might flow from you; and you might be taught of God, that his holy spirit might drive and rule you: As it is written, Those who are driven and moved by the Spirit of God, they are the Chil-

dren of God.

2. I have received your Letter, and thereby understand that you have read my Writings, and that you doe delight in them; and I wish from my very heart, that the sease and right meaning of the same may be apprehended and understood; and then there would be no need of any further asking and searching.

3 For the Booke in which all Mysteries lye, is Man himselfe; he himselfe is the Booke of the Being of all Beings; seeing he is the likenesse [or similitude] of God; the great Arcanum lyeth in him,

the revealing of it belongeth onely unto Gods spirit.

4. But if the Lilly in the humanity of Chrift fpringeth forth in the new birth out of the foule; then out of the fame Lilly the spirit of God proceedeth, as out of his owne originall and ground; and the same [spirit] seeketh and findeth all Mysteries in the Divine Wisedome.

5. For the Lilly branch which springerh forth in the new birth, out of Christs humanity (understand the new borne spirit, out of the soules Effence, out of Christs power) is the true reall branch spring-

ing from, and remaining in Gods Tree.

r

6. As

6. As a Mother beareth a childe, even so is the new man borne in and out of God; and no otherwise at all is he Gods childe and

heire, a child of Heaven and of Paradife.

7. No imputed righteousnesse availeth (a stranger cannot inherite Gods Kingdome) but an inhate righteousnesse out of Gods Essentiality, offit of the water and spirit of God, as Christ told us, that We must become like unto Children, and be conceived in Gods Essence, and hie new-thildren in God, we must spring forth, and be borne anew; as a faire flower springeth out of the wilde Easth, or as precious Gold groweth in a rough stone, or drossy Oare; otherwise we cannot see, nor inherite the Kingdome of God.

8. For whatfoever will potteffe the internall spirituall World, must be borne out of the same, the earthly slesh from the source Elements

cannot inherite the Kingdome of God.

9. But the Quint-effence (which is the one Element; namely, Paradife) whence the foure Elements mare their fife, birth, and proceeding, that fame must be predominant; and trule over the some Elements, in like manner as the light containeth the darkness as it were swallowed up, and yet the same is really in it; even so it must be with Man.

10. Onely it cannot be so with the outward man in this time of the earthly life; for the outward World roleth over the outward Man; seeing it was made manifest in Man, which is his fall.

11. And therefore the externall man must perish, as the externall World perisheth and passes away; and therefore Man in this one cannot attaine perfection; but the true man must continue in combate and strife against the earthly corrupt life, which is its owne enemy, where eternity and time strive one against another.

12. For through strife or the mutual combate in Nature, the great Arcanum is opened, and the eternall wonders in Gods wisedome

are made manifest out of the soules Essence.

13. As the eternall God hath manifelted himselfe through the time, and bringeth his erernall Wonders through the time, into combate and contest, that through the combate [or strife] that which is hidden [and lyeth in the Mysterious Nothing] might open it selfe and be brought to light; even so in strife and combate, the great Mystery must be revealed in Man, where Gods anger and love, as fire and light are in combate and strife.

of the Fathers property, that is out of the Eternall fire out of the Fathers property, that is out of the Eternall un-inchoative Nature, out of the darknesse) that light (which did extinguish and disppeare in Adam) must be renged and borne agains in the incoming of Christ, and then the Kingdome of Christ, and of God is

freely given him out of grace. . @

15. For

16. For none can take the fame unto himselfe unlesse the love of God doth againe preffe out of grace into the Centre of the foule; and bringeth the divine will out of the fire of the foul as a new fprout or new Image into the heavenly effentiality; as the light shineth out of the fire.

16. Therefore all what soever Babel teacheth of the externall imputed rightquinette, and the externall affumed Adoption, and particular Election and Rejection from eternity) is without foundation and footing; Christ said, You must be borne againe, else you cannot

fee the Kingdome of God.

17. The feeming holy flattering comfort with Christs death, awileth nothing, but to enter into Christs death; and to spring up new in him; and to arise in him and with him and become Christ,

or an annointed child of God] in the new man.

18. Like as Christ hath mortifyed, extinguished and overcome the World, and also the anger of his father, (being the centre of the Eternall Nature) in the foules property, with his love, (that is, with the new love fire introduced into the foules effence; into which the Devill before had brought in, and placed his Defire; eren to must we in and with Christs spirit quell and quash the earthly Adam in Gods anger, and mortify it through Gods love, that the new man may foring forth; else there is no forgivenelle of hip, nor my Adoption [or filiation] por any righteousneffe.

19. The Kingdome of God must be inwardly innate, and borne within us, elfe we cannot fee with the eyes of eternicy into the an-

elicall World.

20. All Imaginations, inventions and wayes; all reading, studyin and teachings is to no purpole, without this way of the new birth] no art or reason can attain it : we must enter onely through thegate which God hath opened to us in Christ; and spring forth in Gods Kingdome and dye unto the earthly will, so that it neither hindereth nor flicketh on us and cloggeth us; the leed of the Woman must continually, bruise the Serpents head in us.

21. Selfe-reason cannot make a child of God; for it lyeth not in our willing, running, and keeping a doe, as faint Paul faith; but on Gods

mercy and Compassion.

22. My selfehood cannot attain it; my selfehood must dye in Christs death; and fall or refigne unto the nothing; and then my felfehood falleth into Gods Mercy ; and is in the limit of the first man, and standeth againe in the word Figs; where Gods mercy in Christs entrance into our humanity dorn make [or recreate] the nor man out of grace.

23. And therefore the corrupt earthly will must dye in a reali the, upright repentance, and enter into the Refignation; that is, into into the nothing, and wholly furrender the will of reason unto death, and neither will or know himselse any more, but enter into the

mercy and compaffion of God.

24. And then this faying hath its place and meaning, as God speaketh in the Prophet. My heart breaketh in me, that I must take pitty on him, can a Mother forget her Childe, that shee should not have compassion on the Sonne of her wombe? And albeit shee should forget, yet I will not forget thee; Behold, I have noted thee in my hands.

25. In this (namely, in Gods mercy) the new man doth arife, and foringeth up in the Kingdome of Heaven and Paradife, though

the earthly body be in this World.

25. For Saint Paul faith, Our Conversation is in Heaven: Thus the new man walketh in Heaven, and the old man in this World, for the

Heaven in which God dwelleth is in the new man.

27 Thus (beloved Sir, and Brother) and in no other way and manner, have I found the Mystery: I have not studyed or learned the same; but if you or any other doth thirst after it, I am engaged as a Brother in my affection and love, to shew him the way how I met with it, as I have set downe at large in my Writings, chiefly in the Booke of the Threefold life of Man, and in the Booke of the three

Principles of the Divine Being.

28. Indeed I did it for my selfe, as a spiritual exercise in Gods knowledge, in the Mystery of the great Wonders of God; which notwithstanding by Gods providence and guidance is come so farre as to be published and read; and I would gladly that every one the earnestly desires to understand the same, might have it; and I wish from my heart, this is may be really manifest and made knowne to the Reader of this Epistle, and to every one in himselfe, and then there would be no need of any further searching and seeking.

29. But feeing God hath promifed by the Prophets (especially in Joel) that he will powre forth his spirit in the last dayes upon all thesh, therefore the time is to be considered and taken notice

of.

30. I say as I have knowne it, that whosoever at present will dye to himselfe, him shall the spirit of the Lord according to Joels Prophesic apprehend, and manifest his Wonders by him; therefore if any be in earnest, he shall sinde it by experience.

31. Yet let every one be faithfully warned, that if Gods light doth arife in him, that he continue stedfast in great humility in refignation,

namely in the death of Christ.

32. (For the Heaven shall now at last powre forth its long contrived Egestum of the Constellations which it hath wrought in the humane property) least he also be taken hold of by the starry Heaven, and goe beyond the limit out of refignation.

33. As

Note:

or Disciples of

Ilaias Stee-

Metts, that

feland Ezekiel

held perfection

in this outward

1 33. As it may be seen by the * Meiss, who came even unto the gates of the Deep, and were againe captivated by the starry Heaven, and entred into themselves, and exalted themselves, and surceased the strife against the Serpent, and entred into a selfethood [or a singular Luciferian conceir of their owne holinesse] supposing that they were changed into a Deity, and so they have consounded the external World with the internal.

34. Which is unfound, and voyd of ground, and of which we must take great heed, and see that we continue stedfast in deepest humility, that the seed that is sowne may grow unto a Tree, and may come to the blossoming, and the spirit of God get a forme

in us.

35. For out of the Bloffome arifeth the morning Starre, that Man may learne to know himselfe what he is, and what God and Time is.

36. I give you Sir out of good affection to understand, that this present time is seriously to be taken into confideration; for the Seventh Angel in the Revelation hath prepared his Trumpet; the powers of Heaven be in peculiar motion; moreover both Gates stand open, and light and darknesse are in great desire; as every thing is taken, so it shall goe in.

37. At what the one shall exceedingly rejoyce, the other shall mock at it; whereupon solloweth the fore and severe judgement

upon Babel.

38. And fo I commit you and yours unto the pleasant and amiable Love of Jesus Christ.

Dated, Gerlits, 27. Odober, 1621.

e the trade of the control of the trade of t

TENTH EPISTLE,

OF

The Killing of Antichrist in

AND ALSO

How wee may attaine unto Divine Contemplation.

Our Salvation is in Christ Jesus.



ORTHY, and much respected Sir, I wish unto you the grace, knowledge, and bleffing of God in Christ Jesus; after I was informed of D. K. that you as a Christian Brother, and tellow-member in the Lord, doe shand in an hearty Defire in the drawing of the Father to Christ Jesus; and doe also labour in your minde how you may come

to Divine Contemplation and Vi-

fion in your selfe; therefore upon the request of the Doctor, I would not omit to visit and salute you with a short Epistle, and briefly to declare unto you out of my Gifts, out of Christian love the way to Divine Vision and Feeling; and hereby to present unto you in brotherly love the Sap of my little Corall in the spirit and life of Jesus Christ, as one branch or twigg on the Tree is bound to doe to the other; and I defire that I might be well understood, if peradventure I might give further occasion to your zeale.

2. Seeing that you very well perceive in your felfe that Antichrist in Babel beareth the sway and government in Christendome; and act-

eth

enh felfehood and the just of the flesh; and that our deare Immanuel buthsfaithfully warned us thereof, and fayd, That flesh and blood shall not inherit the Kingdome of Heaven, John 6. And yet the Antichcilt feelerh and defireth nothing elfe, but onely temporall honour, might, and power, to climbe up and advance himselfe in the lust of the flesh; and moreover that this Antichrist hath for a long time so givilly and demurely deckt and adorned himselfe with Christs * Purple Mantle, that men have not differ ned him, but they have honouredund adored him for a Saint; the which is reasonably well revealed to me in the Grace of the most high; and thereupon I would declare unto you in briefe what a Christian is ; and also what the Antichrift in man is, for your further confideration.

3. Christ saith; Whosoever forsaketh not houses, land money, goods, wife, children brothers and lifters, and deny himselfe, and follow me, he is not my Disciple on fervant; also you must turne and become like children; or be borne a new of water and the spirit, else you shall not see the Kingdome of God; this is not meant that one should run out of his vocation and *calling from his wife and children into a folicary Defart and wilder- * Or, Employnelle, and forfake all ; but onely he must forfake the Antichrist; ment, that is, the SELFE in all [the meum and tuum, the mine and

thine.]

4. Whofoever will attain to Divine contemplation and feeling within himselfe; he must mortify the Antichrist in his soule, and depart from all ownehood of the will; yea from all Creatures; and become the poorest creature in the owne-hood [selfenesse or felfe interest] of his mind; fo that he hath or ownerh nothing any more for a propriety; be he in what effate and condition he will.

15. And though he be a King yet his mind must for take all ownehood, and efteen himfelfe in his place, dignity, and Temporall goods no other then a Servant of God; and that he therein ought to serve God, and his Bretheren, and that he hath and possessethall that he hath, not after the right of nature, as if it were his owne to doe according to his owne will and pleasure therein] but that it is his fellow-bretherens and members; and that God hath fee him as a Steward and officer over it; and he must thinke that he therein

ferveth his Lord, who will require an account of him.

6. He must wholy and fully refigne up in himselfe his owne will (which driveth him to fuch possession of owne-head for selvish affection or union with the Creature]) to the foffering and dying in the death of Jesus Christ; and humbly beseech God in right earnest repentance and conversion, that he would morrify this evill will to selfenesse and temporall lust, in the death of Jesus Christ, and bring the will of his foule into the true adoption or filiation of God; that fo he might not will and defire any longer to his felfe; but that

Or, His feamleffe Coate.

Gods will might be in him his will and defire; that he might be dead (as to the will of the foule,) in and to his felfe or owne bood

and that God in Christ might be his life.

7. He must wholly immerse his will in deepest humility into Gods mercy, and lay hold on such a will and resolution in the Divine promise of grace, that he this very houre will depart from all owne-hood of the pleasure of this World; and never enter any more therein; albeit he thereby should become the soole of all the World; he must wholly immerse himselse into the deepest submissive lowlinesse and unworthinesse before God with repentance; and yet in the soule apprehend and hold saft the promise of grace, and stand therein, as a Souldier before his Enemy, when it concerns his body, and life.

8. When this commeth to passe, then his owne will (seing the Antichrist will be apprehended, and mortifyed in the death of Christ; and his soule will toone become as a young simple child which hath lost its naturall understanding of selsehood; and beginneth to lament before God as a young child before its Mother, and trusteth in

the Mother to give what she pleaseth to it.

9. And this is that, which Christ said, ye must turne and become as children, and for sake all, and follow me; for Adam departed from Gods will into selfe-will; and hath in his owns selfe-defire brought the infinuations of the Seipent, and the will and defire of the Devil into himselfe; so that he hath brought himselfe and his lifes comfort (which afore stood in mutuall harmony' and Agreement in one onely will which was Gods) into a division, and disnion, where the properties of nature departed from the Equall Agreement and Concordance; each property entring into its selfe-hood (being an owne-or peculiar selfe-defire) whence the suft, and I-magination to good and evill did arise in him; and heat and cold presently sell on him; and he dyed from the holy life in the equall and mutuall concordance; wherein he lived in one onely pure Element, wherein the four Elements were in him in equall weight or Temperature.

And of this God warned him, faying; eat not of the Tree of the knowledge of good and evillelfe you shall dye; meaning thereby the death to the Kingdome of Heaven; namely [the disappearing] of the faire Angelicall Image, which dyed presently in the fasse introduced desire of the Serpent; and therefore this false will of the Serpent must first dye in Christs death by true Conversion; and out of this death Christ ariseth in his spirit againe in us, in the heavenly Image which dyed in Adam; and the inward man is regenerated and

new borne in Christs spirit.

11. This new Spirit commeth to Divine viñon or contemplation in himselfe;

himselfe; it heareth Gods Word and hath Divine understanding, and inclination, and may behold the Grand Higher, in Divine and naturall Mysteries; and albeit the earthly slesh yet cleavesh unto him in its inclination, yet the same hurteth or spoyles not [the new borne spirit] at all in him.

12. He is in this new birth as folid fine Gold in a rough droffy flone, the droffy foyle of the stone being not able to destroy or spoyle the Gold; for his right will is dead to the earthly desire, and continually desireth to kill and mortise the lust of the slesh, and doth likewise kill it without intermission, for here the Seed of the Woman, Viz. the new Man borne in Christ, bruiseth the bead of the

Serpents will in the flesh [which will] is Antichrift.

13. And beloved Sir, I give you as a Christian and Brother in all faithfulnesse, syncerity, and uprightnesse to understand, that we in our Supposed Resigion (wherein men doe nothing but contend, confute, and revile one another about the Letter [and the different Opinions thence contrived] are as yet in the midst of Babel, and that it was never Worse then now; whereas yet men doe boast that they are gone out from Babel, and have the true Religion, which I leave in its worth [to be well considered.]

14. But for so much as is knowne to me in the Lord my God, in my exceeding precious Talent given to me of God, I say, that men indeed have dipped Christs Mantle with its purple colour in the blood of Christ, and taken it upon them for a covering; and therewith they have onely covered the Antichristian childe of selse will, and so have painted over the Antichristian Bastard with a strange

mlonr.

15. For men doe exceedingly flatter ie, and cover it with Christs suffering merit, and death, and comfort it, that Christ hath payd all for it, saying, It ought onely to [apply or] comfort it selfe with the merit of Christ, and receive it in faith as a satisfaction, and thus

they flew us an outward imputed righteoufneffe,

16. But it hath far another A. B. C. in the true understanding; no comforting, selse-willing, running, or keeping a round, availeth any thing; the suffering, the death of Christ, will not be given to the Antichristian Beast in Selse, but to them that depart from, and reliquish all the ownehood [and propriety] of the creatures, and wholly resigne up themselves into the suffering and death of Christ Jesus; and dye to their owne will, in and with Christ, and are buried with him, and also arise in him to a new will and obedience, and hate sinne; who put on Christ in his suffering reproach, and persecution, and take his Crosse upon them, and follow him under his Red Banner; to them I say, it will be given, these put on Christ in his processe, and become in the inward spiritual Man

Christs members, and the Temple of God, who dwelleth in U S.

17. None hath right to comfort himselfe with Christs merits, unlesse he desireth wholly to put on Christ in himselfe; and he is also no Christian before he hath put him on by true repentance and conversion to him with an absolute resignation, and unseigned selfedenyall; so that CHRIST esponseth and betrotheth himselfe with him.

18. The beginning of which comes to passe in the Covenant of Baptisme, where the childe promiseth and sweareth under Christs Red Banner, that which afterwards must follow in very deed, or reall practice; or if one hath turned himselse away. [from the practice of what he then promised] he must in such a conversion of his will turne himselse thereinto againe; and I say upon sure ground that to many an one the Mantle of Christ will turne to hellish sire, in that he covereth Antichrist therewith, and yet remaineth but a Beast.

19. For a Christian must be borne of Christ, and dye to the A-damicall will; he must have Christ in him, and be a branch or member on his flesh and spirit, not according to the Animall Beast, but

according to the foirituall Man.

20. For the spirit of God possesseth not the Beast [the outward fensuall naturall or rationall Man] but indeed, the Temple of Christ, Viz. Christs spirituall stells and blood in Us; for Christ sayd, Whose ever shall not eate the stells of the Sonne of Man, hee bath no life in himselfe.

21. Now there must be a mouth which indeed is proper and fit to eate it, for it will not be given to the Beast, much lesse to the Enrof the Serpent; for every spirit eateth of its Mother, whence it is arisen; which I give to every understanding man to consider of, and here I onely mention what a Christian ought to be, if he will ac-

count himfelfe a Christian.

22. For a Beaft is no Christian, but he that is Baptized with the Holy Ghost in the Death of Christ, who hath put on Christ, and liveth in Christs heavenly slesh and blood; who hath rasted Christs Supper, and sitteeth with Christ at Table; he is a Christian that walketh in Christs footsteps, and continually morty sieth the Antichi stian evill Beast in slesh and blood (which still adhereth to a Christian) binds it, and deprive th it of its strength, and patiently resigneth himselse up in temprations, which many hundred wayes are offered him, for his tryall and purification.

23. A Christian must learne the A. B. C. backwards, and account the wisedome of his Reason soolishnesse, that Christ may gaine a some in him, and he be made capable of the heavenly Wisedome.

24. For the wisedome of the outward World is blind in respect

of God, and feeth him not; Albeit all things live and move in God, and he himselfe is through all things, and yet he possesseth nothing. five that which dyeth from its owne will; that he must possesse, and he possesset it willingly, for it willeth nothing without him, and it

is in the End of the Creation, and also in the Beginning.

24. Whereof Foould further mention unto you, if occasion here did permit, the which I have in my Writings largely described and declared out of the centre, and Originall of all Efferices; and here onely I have hinted in briefe, what a Christians state, being, and condition is; if it should please you further to consider of it, and to give up your felfe into this processe, as I likewise hope that you are already in it.

26. But for a more brotherly recreation, I thought good to vifit you with a fhort Epiftle; and to solace my selfe a little with you in the hope and faith which worketh, and is in Us, untill we be once freed from this Cottage, and be afterwards refreshed, and quickned perfectly one with another in Divine and brotherly Union, and

Vision.

27. And this I have done upon the defire of the Doctor above mentioned, in all syncerity and uprightnesse; and so I commend you to the tender Love of Jefus Chrift.

THE

THE ELEVENTH EPISTLE:

Our Salvation is in the effectuall working Love of Jejus Christ in Us.



E AR E. Brother in the life of. Jefus Chrift, I wish from my heart the Divine working Love unto you, that your noble Lilly-twig sprung forth in Christ, may in the power of Christ, grow great, and bring forth much fruit- in the Paradise of God, to the heavenly joy of usall, and our eternall brotherly sellowship.

perceive that a goodly, vertuous, faire Branch is sprung up in our Tree of life Christ; and I hope also to be a partaker of its good fruit.

3. As one branch on the Tree doth enjoy the sap and power of the other, and they all doe mutually grow, and beare fruit in one onely Power; so likewise we are in the Tree of Christ all onely One, which [Tree] is CHRIST in us ALL.

4. Seeing then that you freely and unfeignedly with all acknowledgement of heart and mouth, doe approve your felfe to this Tree of life; and on the contrary doe renounce, and gainefay the poyfon, and delution of Satan; therefore I wish nothing more at present, then that I might be able in the power of this Tree which is Christ, to impart and give the influence of my power received from him unto you, that we might grow together as members in one Power.

5. And I make no doubt, but the most High hath begotten his Lilly-twig in you, for without Divine Power we have no longing, or hunger after God, and also we cannot know him without his spirit in us; all that we understand and know of him fundamentally or in reality commeth from his Revelation and Operation.

6. For albeit the World prateth and talketh much of God, yet it doth it onely from Custome, and receiveth its knowledge from the

Hystory

Hyflory of the literall word [by the habituall faculties of its naturall reason] and yet it is void of true knowledge.

For none knoweth the Father but the Sonne and he to whom the fon will

reveal him.

7. And therefore we have no true knowledge of God, unleffe it be given us of the fon, who liveth in us, if we be [living] branches on the vine.

8. For Christ said, whosever is of God he heareth Gods word; and to the Reason-learned who were onely skillfull and taught in the letter, he said, therefore you doe not heare, because you are not of God; also

you are not my sheep; you are ravening wolves, and hirelings.

.9 Therefore I say, that if we will speake aright of God, and understand his will, then his words must abide in us, in a quicke and living working; for Christ said without meyou can doe nothing; also none can call God Lord without the holy spirit in him; for his calling Lord must be borne of God, and slow from the holy Ghost.

10- Nothing is pleafing to God, and also nothing is accepted of God, but that which he himselfe doth and worketh in and through the spirit of man; therefore saith Christ, all the plants which my Heavenly Father hath not planted shall be rooted out and burnt with five,

your felfe to the Originall of life; and defire power and ftrength from it; you shall be well quickned refreshed and strengthened, you are an acceptable guest to God and the members of Christ, in [this]

your purpole.

12. And if you perfevere fledfastly and resist the devill, the World, and the Earthly slesh and blood; and prepare your selfe to fight like a true Noble Champion, for Conquest against all these; and overcome in you the Porent, and open Enemy selfe-love; and come aright into our Generall LOVE; then you shall certainly know, and sinde by experience that the noble and exceeding worthy Trophee, or Crowne, of Christs conquest, which he obtained in the overthrow of death and Hell shall be set upon you, with the Heav. nly Kingdome of joy.

13. And then all the Children of Christ together with the holy Angels, shall exceedingly rejoyce more with you, then for 99 righte-

ous ones, who have allready obtained it.

14. And the fair and noble Sophia (hall be given for a spoule unto your soule, which now at present standard at the doore of your soule, and doth earnestly entreat and call you with her voice; and knocketh bidding you to come forth, and hold out aright, in Battle against sindeath, Devill, and hell, and with your earnestnesse or fixed resolution, to set the great Petards against the strong Fort of nature, and shee will helpe you to blow up, and demolish this strong Fort.

* Shepheards Crooke.

Y Or, Marke.

15. And then you shall fee great wonders, and at the hour of Conquest the joyfull nuprialls or marriage of the Lambe shall be celebrated in Heaven in you; and then the * Shaphoards shaffe shall be given by Christ, into the hand of your soule.

16. But be sure, remember to keep truly and faithfully unto the end, what you have promised unto this chast Sophia; it must be in right earnest and not to looke back again into Sodom, as Loss Wife;

who was turned into a pillar of Salt.

17. But you must goe out of Sodom with Lot according to Gods command, and enter into the footsteps of Christ, not at all regarding the scotsings, reproaches, and opprobrious speeches of the World; but love the *Brand of Christ more, then the friendship, honour, and goods of the whole World, and then you may walke along with us, upon the Pilgrims path of Christ.

18. But if you doe not relift this, but minde and defire rather the pleasure and honour of the World, then you are not as yet ready and prepared for the Marriage, and to come to your Spouse, our lo-

ving and deare Sophia.

19. Therefore confider well your selfe, behold and examine well your whole heart, if you finde a longing defire and drawing thereunto (as I in part perceive and take notice of) then doe not delay or put it off an houre, but goe forward, and enter with a right earnestnesse [or fixed minde] into repentance, and yeeld up your will wholly and fully, to enter instantly thereinto, and never to goe out from it againe; albeit you should therefore for sake body, LIFE, Honour, and Goods.

20. And if you doe thus then you are rightly prepared, and the true Pioneer will come unto your foule, and doe that in you which

you cannot doe without him.

21. And although afterwards [vaine] inclinations, and great ftrife and opposition in the flesh might stick and cleave unto you; and your reason call you a Foole; yea though Gods anger should cover and cloud you in soule and body, yet all this will not hurt you; you shall spring forth under such thornes with a new minde, and walke with the spirit in Heaven.

22. And albeit the earthly body must be conversant with the creatures, yet it shall be with it, as with a rough stone, in which fine

Gold groweth.

23. Be not at all offended at my tribulation, and perfecution; neither be afraid; for it is the march of Chrift; Looke but back into the Scripture, and fee how it went with the children of God; how were they continually perfecuted and killed by those who should have taught the wayes of God.

24. For I am entrusted with a precious Pearle, which God doth

10

fo cover, that the unworthy fee it not, but are blind therein, and are offended at the fimplicity of the perfon; that fo they may remaine blind to themselves in the wisedome of their owne Reason; this they see, and yet doe not understand it, seeing they scorne and despite the simplicity of Christ.

. 25. But the time is very nigh at hand when they shall give an ear-

nest account for it.

26. But that God hath given you to understand what it is, and from whence it commeth; be thankfull to him for it, it is befallen you out of grace; for you have humbled your selfe before him, and there may yet greater grace happen unto you, if you persevere sted-

fast in humility, and earnest Prayer.

27. I will willingly impart unto you my Love, as a member of Chrift, with praying and cooperating; for it is meer joy in my heart fo to doe; albeit I must therefore suffer bodily trouble and calamity; yet I rejoyce to see what God the Lord hath done by me poore Man hitherto.

28. Satan cannot hinder the wayes of God, and though it feemes as if he hindered them by his murtherous cryes, yet they are thereby the more divulged and made knowne, so that the Children of God

doe enquire after the true ground.

29. But the wicked crew is thereby hardned and hindred; but others are thereby called, and this you shall fee before a yeare come about; and though they kill me, yet it must goe forward; for it is from the Lord.

30. And I commit you to the tender effectuall working Love of Jelus Chrift; and commend my felfe unto your brotherly love, fa-

vour, and affection.

Dated at Garlits, April 25. 1624.

J. B.

THE

THE TWELFTH EPISTLE:

Mr. JOHN BUDOFSKY.

Our Salvation in the life of Jesus Christ.

worthy, much respected. Sir,

All syncere wishes of Divine Salvation in holy Power; and of all temporall welfare premised.



Have received your Letter fent to me for Christian friendship and refreshment, in Divine knowledge, in Divine desire, and affectionate hearty Christian Love, and it is exceeding welcome, and acceptable to me.

2. And also I doe rejoyce that yet God hath his children, and little flock here and there, whereas else at present the World is deeply drowned in wickednesse, and is apprehended in the

fire of Anger, which shortly shall make a great rent in the Antichristian Christendome, as it is knowne and manifest.

3, And that man doth very well and right, who learneth to know himselfe aright what he is, which cannot be brought to passe through Reason, and sharpe searching [or deep studying and speculation in naturall acruments of Reason] but in the true * processe of Christ, in a reall resigned soule, which disclaimeth and sortaketh the Reason, and its owne wit and humane selfinesse, and entreth with a true conversion from the earthly way into the highest simplicity of Christ into the true and deepest humility under the Crosse of Christ, as Christ hath saithfully taught us, and sayd, Unlesse you turne and become as Children,

* Or, Follow-

Children, and be borne anew of the water, and holy spirit, you cannot see the Kingdome of God.

4. Whereunto a true reall Resignation, and renouncement of humane selfe doth belong; that man wholly betaketh himselfe into his inward Ground, and wholly annihilate himselfe in Selfe, and turne himselfe by earnest Repentance with inward entire desire from this Worlds Being in to God, and wholly dye in the death of Christ to his owne strength and selfe will, and self downe or finck into the mercy and compassion of God; that so he may be apprehended of the holy Spirit in the inward ground in himselfe, that the same may see, will, and act through him, what is pleasing to God; who onely is the true Searcher in Divine knowledge, and the light of the soule, in which light it beholdeth and knoweth God, and in no other way may it attaine to Divine and Naturall knowledge, vision, and contemplation.

5. For the natural rational man understands nothing of the Myftery of Gods Kingdome, for it is without, and not in God, which is plaine and manifest by the learned in Reason, in that they contend, and wrangle about the Being and will of God, and yet know it not,

for they heare not Gods Word in them.

6. And all is dead and voyd of understanding in reference to God, which hath not the living voyce, and the Divine hearing of the new birth in the Ens of Christ in it; that the spirit of God say give Testimony of his outward hearing and teaching in him, in which internall seeing, God onely is knowne, and his Being understood, to which the outward literall, or written Word is onely a forme and a prepared Instrument.

7. But the true understanding must flow from the inward ground, out of the living Word of God (which must before be opened and revealed in Man) and enter into the written Word, that there may be one concordance and harmony, else all teaching of the Divine Being land Will is nothing but a building upon the great Babylon of

earthly Reason and Wonders.

8. In which internall ground all my knowledge concerning the Divine and naturall ground hath taken its rife, beginning, and understanding; for I am not borne of the Schoole of this World [or educated in Scholastick Arts] and am a plaine simple Man; but by Gods spirit and will, I am brought with out my owne purpose and desire, in to Divine knowledge in high naturall Searchings.

9. Which knowledge, and free gift of Grace, I shall heartily and willingly impart to my deare Brethren, and sellow members in the life-Tree of Jesus Christ, and dayly make supplication to God, that their hearts might be opened in Divine hearing and understanding; that such knowledge might be manuelt, and made knowne also in

them,

them, and we might be delivered out of the contentions Difforting Babylon, and be brought into one brotherly love, and bears in us what

Gods will and being is.

To. And Sir, I let you understand that your acknowledgement and tendered friendship, is of great acceptance with me; and I wish also to discourse with you of Divine matters, and recreate my selfe therein, which (being we are so from one another) cannot be done so well, and yet it may fall out; for I am fully intended (when the dayes be a little lengthened, and we be somewhat better assured of more constant weather, if God grant so much favour and time of Peace) to conferre with you and other good Brethren, and friends in those parts by word of mouth; and then I will answer your propounded points, and speake with you fundamentally of them, which now in haste cannot be done: And I commend you, and yours, to the meek Love of Jesus Christ.

Dated, 13. December. 16 22.

THE

THE THIRTEENTH EPISTLE.

A LETTER Written to one In TEMPTATION, and trouble of Minde, shewing whence it ariseth.

> Our Salvation is in the life of Jesus Christ in us.



EARE Sir, my Fellow-member, and Brother in Christ our Saviour; my cordiall wish and cooperating desire of the Divine Love and Grace premised: I desire to let you know in Christian Love, that I have considered your condition in a Christian Sympathy and fellow feeling; and have brought it before the gracious compássion of the most high; to see what hee would be pleased to let

me know therein.

2. Whereupon Sir, I must tell you, that I in the same gracious compassion obtained such an insight and Vision of your condition and Temptation, that the ground and cause of it is made knowne to me; and I will set it downe in briefe for a Memorandum, that you may consider and ponder it seriously by your selse.

3. The first cause of such strong working temptation, is the supernaturall super-abundant and unspeakable love of God; (that is, the

Divine

Or, Things.

Divine good will, and then the creaturall will of man strugling one against another) that the humane will refuseth fully to refigne and give it selfe up with totall confidence unto such great grace of God; which is tendred unto it out of pure love; but seeketh it selfe and its owne love of transitory things; and loveth it selfe, and the *beings of this World more then God.

4. Therefore mans own nature (which in its owne centre without the love of God, standeth in meer anguish, strife, enmity, and unquiet contrariety) tempteth him; into which also the Devill shooteth his falle delire, to lead man astray from such high grace, and love of God.

5. This temptation is the greatest; and it is even the combate which Christ maintaineth with his love (shed forth into the nature of man) against such selfenesse, also against Gods anger, fin, death, Devill, and hell, in which combate the humane Dragon must be devoured by the love of Christ, and changed into an angelical I-mage.

6. And if the love of God in Christ had not its influence in you, you should have none of this combate, but the Dragon (Viz. The salse develish will) would maintaine his natural right [and pos-

selsion without any such conflict or disturbance.]

7. Now therefore this perplexing, and diffreffing temptation is wrought very fentibly in nature by the Dragon, who is in travelling anguifh with his owne nature, when such great love of God commeth into him and would change his natural right into a divine [felfe denying] will.

8. For here Christ [the Serpent-stroyer] standeth in man, in hell, and stormeth or assaulteth the strong prey-fort of the Devill, whence ariseth such strife; where Christ and Lucifer sight for the soule, as God hath given you to see, and know experimentally in the

first Temptation.

9. Thus Christ bruiseth the head of the Serpent, and the Serpent stingeth Christ in the heel, and the poore soule standeth in the middest in great trembling and sadnesses, and can doe nothing, but onely stand still in hope; it is not able also to lift up its face before God; and power forth its effectuall prayers; for the Dragon turneth its face towards the vanity of this World, and shewes it the beauty, and glory of this World; and mocketh it, because it will become another creature; and represents unto it the Kingdome in which it liveth and its naturall ground.

10. And here the foule standeth with Christ in the Wildernesse, in the forty dayes Temptation; where the might, glory, riches, and plea-

bre

fure of this World is tendred unto it; alluring it to elevate it felfe, and enter into its owne felfe-will.

11. The Second Temptation of Lucifer, and the felfish Dragon of nature, is this, that when the soule hath tasted the Divine love, and hath beene once illuminated, then the soule will have that same light for its owne propriety, and worke therein in its owne Power and ability as in its owne peculiarpossession; understand, the nature of the soule, which being without Gods light is a Dragon as Lucifer, that I say will have it for its owne propriety; but this Dragon will not refigne up his naturall right; he will be a maker and disposer of the Divine power, and live therein in great joy in his stery [felfish] nature; and this cannot be.

12. This Dragon (Viz, the fiery nature) must be changed with its owne will into a Love-fire and forgoe his natural right; but he is unwilling to doe it; but he in such a change or transmutation looketh for an owne selfe power, and yet findeth none, and therefore he beginneth to doubt of grace, because he feeth that in such working he must forsake his naturall desire and will; and hence he continually is afrayd, and will not dye in the Divine light from his owne naturall Right, but alwayes thinketh that the light of Grace (which worketh without such sharpnesse and stery might) is a sale light.

13. Whence it commeth, that the outward Reason (which however is blind [and seeth nothing aright of it selfe]) continually thinketh: O! who knoweth how it is with thee, whether it be true or no, that God hath illuminated thee, that he is in thee? It may likely proceed from such a Fanse; thou sees not the like in other people, and yet they thinke to be saved as well as thou, thou makest thy selfe thereby onely the soole of the World, and standest in searce and trembling at Gods anger, more then those who comfort themselves onely with the promise of grace upon the fature Revelation.

14. Thus it commeth to passe, that then the internall ground doth figh and pant after the inflammation and motion of the light, and faine would have it; but the nature is able to doe nothing; it is as if it were wholly rejected of God, which is also true, as to the Selfe-will; for God hath planted a new will into it, it must dye to its owne will, and be changed into Gods will.

15. And because the will of nature must here dye and resigne up its owne right to the will of God, therefore such grievous temp ations are therein; for the Devill will not have his Prey-Fort to tall, or be demolished; for if Christ shall live in Man, then the spirit of selfe-lust

felfe-liast and imagination must dye, and yet it doth not wholly dye in the time of this life by reason of the flesh, but it dyeth dayly, and yet liveth; and therefore there is such contest, which no wicked man feeleth; but onely those who have put on Christ, in whom Christ

fighteth with Lucifer.

16. The Third Temptation is in the strong holds of the Devill, namely, in the will, and minde, as also in sless and blood; where the salse Centres lye in man, as a peculiar selfe-will to the proud temporall life, to the lust of the flesh, to earthly things; also many curses of men which have beene wished upon his body and soule, through his temptation; all the fins which have grounded and concentred, and yet stand in the Astrall spirit as a strong Fort; in which Christ now sighteth, and will destroy it; which strong hold of might, pleasure, and beauty of this World, the humane will doth still effected and hold for its propriety and best treasure; and will not refigne it up, and be obedient to Christ.

17. Therefore beloved Sir, and Christian Brother, I tell you, and give you to understand what our loving Lord Jesus Christ hath shewn me in my consideration; examine your selfe, what your Temptation is; our Deare Lord sayd, We must forsake all, and follow him; and so

we should be right * Christ-like poore.

18. Now if you yet stick with your minde in the selfe lust, imagination, and love of earthly things, then therein (namely in those Centres which yet worke in you) you have such Temptation.

19. But if you will follow my child like counfell, I tell you this, that when fuch Temptation doth arife in you, you must then imagine nothing else to your selse, save the bitter suffering and dying of our Lord, and confider his reproach and scorne, his contempt, and poverty in this World, which he hath undergone and done for us poore men; and refigne your desire and whole will thereinto, that you would very saine be conformable to his Image, and with all unfaigned willingnesse follow him in his * processe, and patiently endure whatsoever is layd upon you to suffer, and that willingly for his sake; and defire onely to be conformable or like unto him; and for his love sake and will be content to be abject, despised, in contempt, and affliction, that you might but mainetaine and keepe this his Love in you, and will no longer to your selse, but onely what Christ willeth through you.

20. Deare Sir, I feare me, there is yet fomewhat in you, that is displeasing to Christ, by teason whereof there is such strike in you, Christ willeth, that you should with him dye to your owne will, in his death, and arise in his will, and live with him; and Christ is at

present in your soule, and striveth for your soule.

21 Let

* Or, Truely spiritually poore.

*Or, Way of life.

21. Let all earthly will goe, and refigne up your felfe wholly and fully; let joy and fadnesse, comfort and consist, be all one unto you; and so you shall with Christ be a Conquerour over the World, Devill, Death, and Hell; and at last finde by experience what Christ hath beene in you; and wherefore this hath hapned unto you, which hath been the processe of all the children of Christ: I speake out of Christian affection.

Dated on the day of Christs going to his Suffering, and Dying:

AN. DOM. 1623.

J. B.

THE

THE FOURTEENTH EPISTLE.

TO FREDERICK CRAUSEN,

AT GOLTBERG.

The open Fountaine in the heart of Jesus Christ be our refreshment and constant Light.



ORTHY, Learned, and kind Sir, my Friend and beloved Brother in Christ; all hearty wishes of the love, illumination, and bleffing of God premised; your diligent Study in the Divine Wifedome is very acceptable, and joyous to

2. And so much the more, in that I perceive in your Letter, that God hath opened your heart and spirit to a right understanding; and I wish from my

heart (as indeed I doe not at all doubt) that the precious Corall in the humanity of Christ might againe spring forth (in the spirit of Christ, and his tender humanity in us) from the inward man in your Paradificall Plant withered in Adam, and bring forth true fruits for the Table of God.

3. And that the noble, and pretious branch may be fast engrafted in the vine of Christ, and spring forth a fresh from the same; and may bloffome with us amidft this prefent wicked Thorny World; and helpe to foretell the Summer of Christ in his time of the Lilly;

indeed

indeed finte branches out of Christs Rose-garden doe here and there appeare; and doe spring forth as a wonder of God in the midst of the fire of tribulation in Babel.

4. But that you fay, my Writings have given you fome direction, goe to; be thankfull to God for it, who thus manifesteth his wonders, and deep hidden wisdome by mean and unexercised People, and sets them for a light to the children who in the Gradle of the World, worke in their Babel, and Fable; and that they are convinced by mean Simplicity, that their workes, will, and life, is onely a carved Image, and a forged selfish invention; that hath not its seundation and root in him.

5. As at present the most high hath given us manifoldly to unde stand whence in short time his wonders in his hidden wisdome are [and shall] be declared to the World in Writings for the light thereof; in which our posterity, and all chose who obtain understanding from God in them, shall not onely wonder, but exceedingly rejorce.

6. I understood by Mr Walter, that you have received some of my Writings, which doe much delight you; yet I could wish that you had the last peeces also, which are more plaine and cleare, and have a Sweeter soundation, in which the manifested God, may be knowne in all his wonders, and workes very clearely.

7. They will in many places open more light unto you in your practice; for the ground of nature is very clearly discovered therein; as also our very fair pleasant Garden of Christ, of the new birth.

8. Beloved Frederick it will give you much furtherance to temporall and eternall exercise; and I hope that you (being an engrafted eyon) shall not breake of from the tree of the Divine wisdome; for shortly there will come a time when it shall be of needfull use and you shall rejoyce among the striplings that goe out from Babel.

9. I highly thanke you for your Present which I have received; and I shall, for its recompence, cary it in my will into the Mystery of the most high; and; it shall be received as a treasure for you; and I acknowledge hereby, your true open heart.

10, However the Pearl will not be therefore given, but for nothing; as God hath done for us in Christ; and so one member is bound unto the other; and I commend you to the sweet, and pleasant love of Jesus Christ and exhort you further to seeke after the Pearl.

Dated, 17. July 1622. J. B.

THE

THE FIFTEENTH EPISTLE.

The Salvation and Light of Godin the life of Jefus Christ enlighten you, and give you further to understand his will.



OURTEOUS Sir, and good Friend; I cannot but rejoyce with you, in that you have given up your life to [be] a plant of God; and fo it fpringeth and buddeth forth in the body of Jefus Chrift the Sonne of God, who hath begotten us againe to a living creature in himfelfe, and hath fet us before his Father as a lovely plant in his pleasant Paradificall Garder, to his joy, and deeds of Wonder.

2. And I finde (if I confider aright) that you are not onely a Plant of God for your felfe, but as a pleasant Hearb, and Flower doth not hold its strength and vertue within its Selfe, but doth east forth and diffuse its vertue for a sweet rellish unto all living * Essences; and freely presents it selfe unto all creatures, what ever become of it, and so it doth not spare it selfe, but continually produceth its power and smell,

3. And thus I finde it to be with the foule of man, which continually groweth and freely yeeldeth its power or vertue for him to tast that destreth it, and is capable of receiving its power; be it either to love, or anger; to the life of God in Christ, or to the life of pride, leading into the utmost drift of misery, which in the end befalls those that are not growne in God.

4. But praise, glory, and honour, unto those who are regenerate in Christ, who although they doe here lose their life, and appeare before the Sting of the Thorny Plant as a poore uselesse Hearb, that is trampled under foot; but as an Hearb that is cut downe and is no more seene or discerned, and reason sayth it is quite gone, but for all that it hath its root in the Earth, and springeth up;

* Or, Things.

thus likewise the soule of the Saints is engrafted into the boly life of Jesus Christ, and standeth in God his Father, and springeth forth againe through Death.

5 At which (feeing we have knowne the same effectually) we doe pejoyce; and therefore we esteeme the life of this World, which confifteth in the source of the Stars and Elements, as the least, and doe rejoyce that we are the Children of God.

6. Seeing we know that God is really in us, and yet he is hidden to our earthly life, therefore we know that our foule is in God, and fpringeth up in God, and the body is in the Dominion of the Stars

and Elements, according to the fource of this World.

7 Thus we are Gods Image and likeneffe, who himselfe is all; Should we not therfore rejoyce? Who will separate us from God, if the

foule be in God, where no death or destruction is?

8. Therefore my deare faithfull Friend, and Brother in Christ, I esteeme it great joy unto me, that I have found a precious plant of God of you, of which my foule fmelt, and thereby was ftrengthened, when the Oppreflour would have torne it out of the Land of the living; when it lay under the Oppressours; and the Thorny Plants of Antichrift intended to devoure us.

9. But as God commeth to helpe the branches which stand in him with his power that they might not perish; albeit Devill and Death doe storme against them; so they must spring forth againe through death, and the wrath or herceneffe of the anger and Sting of death; and though God beftow the most noble and precious hearbe of his Garden upon it, yet his will must stand; what is sowne in him, that

must grow in him.

10. This we know, in that he hath given his heart (Viz. the most precious plant in himselfe) to become Man for us to a strong sweet favour of regeneration in him; that when we were in death, we might be able to spring forth, with, and through him out of death, in God his Father; and bring forth the fruits of Paradife.

11. Being then we know that we are the Plants [Fruits or Nurferie of God, let us not feare any thing, but continually grow in the life of God, and bring forth fruit to Gods honour, and deeds of

Wonder, we shall enjoy them eternally.

12. And being we know, that our pretious life standeth in great danger (betweene the Kingdome of Heaven, and the Kingdome of Hell; lying Captivall to both, in this time of life) therefore we must walke warily, and circumspectly; that our Pearl may not be broken; we must not let the Savour of * wrath into us, for to corrupt and spoil us; whereby the pretious fruit is hindred in the growth and God should complain of us; that he is like a vine-dresser that gleaneth; and would faine enjoy the pretious grapes. 12. There-

Sin, intille it.

13. Therefore let us be watchfull to fight against the Prince of wrath; that the pretions Grapes, and fruites of God may growe in w; in which God may have a good smell and tast; that we may be

a Pleasant Sweet savour to him in Christ.

14. We shall well enjey it, when we are rid from the vanity of this life; and then we shall live and spring up in God, and eate of the pure life of God without defect; and he will be our food, and we his that so there may be a pleasant mutual! Paradificall growth in one another, we in God, and God in us; in the eternall source of the holy life in Gods Nursery; wherein is meete perfection in pure love.

15. For which cause we labor so earnestly, and suffer the scorne and contempt of the World, that while our earthly life springesh in death, our heavenly life may spring forth through death, that so the earthly life may appeare before the heavenly as a scorne; which indeed is not worth to be called a life, comparing it with the heavenly.

venly.

16. And therefore we fuffer patiently in the earthly life, and rejoyce, in the heavenly, in hope that we shall be freed from vanity; and then we shall be well refreshed with consolation; what we have beene faine here to sow in tribulation and trouble, we shall reape

in great joy.

17. Wherefore my very deare Brother in the life of God, in which you fitand, you are more acceptable to me, that you have awaked me out the * Sleep, that I might goe on to bring forth fruit in the life of God, and afterward to rejoyce therein with the Chiden of God.

18. And I give you to understand, that after I was againe awakened, a very strong Odour was given to me in the life of God; and I hope to bring forth fruit therein, and to awaken the sleepy, as God

hath awakened me out of the fleep wherein I lay.

19. And I entreat you for the holy life fake of God in Christ, that for the future, you would not be faint or weary; but animate, and quicken up your life in Christ, that our spirits may be apprehended

and understood, which cannot be without the Divine Power.

20 For every one speaketh from his Essences in the Wonders of God, according as his life is enkindled in God; and no man can bring us to an understanding, but the onely spirit + of God, which in the day of Pentecost did in the mouth of the Apostles change the tongues of all Nations into one, that the languages of all Nations could understand the tongues of the Apostles, whereas they spake but from one tongue, but the heart and spirit of the Hearers were opened in God, that they all understood them every one in his owne language, as if the Apostles had spoken in their languages.

21. Thus

* That is, By bis writing to bim to employ bis Talent, for he intended to write no more after his first Book was by force taken from him.

Notes

† Out of, at proceeding from God.

21. Thus it is onely possible in God that one spirit can apprehend and understand another; for I feare me, that in many places of my Writings I shall be difficult to be understood; but in God I am very easie and plaine to the Reader, if his foule be grounded in God from which knowledge Lonely Write.

22. For I have very little from the historicall Art of this World. and I write not for the Pride and Honour fake of their Art, for I am not begotten of their Art, but out of the life of God; that I might

beare fruit in the Paradificall Rose-Garden of God.

23. And that not for my felfe onely, but for my Brethren, and Sifters; that we might be one holy body in Christ to God our Father, who hath loved and chosen us before the foundation of the world

was layd.

24. Therefore as Christ spared not his life, and so also his true Disciples, but did freely Preach the Kingdome of God; albeit they fuffered fcorne and death in this World for it, and that onely for the fake of the heavenly Kingdome; fo must we not feare so much the temporall scorne and death, for the heavenly lifes sake, and so pray, that God would deliver us from all evill, and give us unity in one minde.

25. But I am forry that I am fo difficult to be understood of you in some points of my Writings, and I wish that I could impart my

foule to you, that you might apprehend my meaning.

26. For I understand that it concerneth the deepest points on which the maine depends; where I have used some Latine words, but my meaning refleth in truth, not barely in the Latine tongue; but

much rather in the Language of Nature.

27. For it is opened unto me in some measure to sound out the Spirits of the letters, from their very Originall; and I would very gladly give you the meaning and interpretation of those words which I have used, and in which you have a misunderstanding; but seeing it will take up some roome; and now (being 1 am in hast) it cannot be done; I am very willing to offer my felfe to give you a very cleare interpretation of them very shortly.

28. For I have beene so busied with travelling up and downe, and other affaires, that I could not pleasure you therein: I pray have a

little patiente to waite for it.

29. For I have yet so much to doe, by reason of my Brothers Daughter (who is lately dead) that I must run every week into the Countrey; and was also faine to make two fore journeys, with which the time is run away.

30. If it please God, that my travelling be once over, I hope, that it shall doe many a poore soule good service in its hunger; yet * Or, witherwhat God will, be done; as many a spile of Grafe & ce isherh, eth.

when the Heaven giveth not its raine; so doe worldly affaires hinder

Gods Kingdome.

31. Yet I know at present no other remedy or meanes to mainraine the earthly body, with Wise and Children; therefore I will use all diligence, and set the heavenly before all earthly things, as much as lyeth in my power; and it shall (if you have a desire to read any thing of my Writings) be faithfully communicated unto you; albeit I would faine learne of Gods Children, and refresh my selfe also in their Writings.

32. For I account my selfe to be the most simple among them; I have written onely a little for my owne remembrance, and Divine exercise; but seeing you doe so please to read it, I have no cause to

conceale it from you.

33. For I acknowledge your great paines, that you bestow therein; and I thanke God, that he in this World hath sent me a man with whom I may boldly conferre about Gods Kingdome, whereas else all is full of such blindnesse and madnesse, that I dare scarce open my mouth.

34. I heare the Scoffers, which come along, but care little for their fcoffes; I know what spirits Children they are; I could wish, that they had my knowledge, and then they would leave their jeering.

35. Concerning the Transcribing of my Writings which I am to fend, I cannot tell whether they may be so fafely done by M. for he cannot hold his peace, and I often heare vaine scoffing men speake of my Writings, which I suppose comes from him, and cannot beleeve otherwise; for he is onely a worldly man, and borne wholly from the Schoole of this World; we should have little fidelity or security by him.

36. We should not at first cast the Pearles (seeing they are costly) in the way, but stay for another time, till they be more com-

mon, least the Oppressour devoure them.

37. It may well be handed him to Transcribe, yet not the first time; but after that it is once copied out, that so the Oppressour may

not be able to destroy the same.

38. Concerning your defire about the Affaires at Prague, where I was present at the comming in of the new * King (that the same is brought into Sagan you have understood that it is already done) he came in at the Fort upon Resshin of Shlan, and was received of all the Three Orders with great Solemnity, as the custome thath been sormerly among all Kings.

39. I exhort you to heed well what the prophet Ezekiell hath lome. written in the 38. and 39. Chapt. whether the time of the great expedition be not at hand upon the Mountaines of Israel in + Babel,

especially in respect of the * Sevenberger who should get help from

* Palfgrave Frederick.

† Confused Christendome. * Bethlem Gabor. the Turck and very eafily come to the River Rine.

40. Where the great Slaughter of the children of Babel may then come to paffe; where two great rods of God shall appeare; the one by War, the other by Mortality, in which Babel shall be rained; sheweth the spirit of the Lord in all those who have prophesied before us.

41. Although 1 account the election of a right Germane Emperour must be yet a little while deferred, and in the meane time great War and Contention; also desolation of many Citties strong holds, and Potent Countries shall sollow, so far as even now is the right time, of which the spirit prophecieth; which we doe not so pumstually understand.

42. For a thousand yeares before God is as one day; the spirit feeth all things nigh at hand, and then the *fidereall man suppos-

eth that it will be instantly, yet it stands in Gods countell.

43. However we know for certain the ruine of the Citie Babel to be very nigh, and it appeareth to us as if the time were even inflantly at hand; whereas yet we cannot fully apprehend the Counfell of God, but as a Pilgrim, that is a day in a Country cannot learn all, even so it is with us.

44. For God keepeth the time and houre to himfelfe; and yet

fheweth by his fpirit, the wonders that are to come.

45. I give you to know, that H. N. hath fought to copy out my defired Booke; and feeketh to get the right original of the † first, the which as I understand shall be effected; it may the most conveniently be brought forth by N. N.

46. However it be; the *new Antichrist doth mightily Triumph in the growth of the † old, and burneth like a fire in Juniper wood; it supposeth it is joy; and [a golden time] but it is in misery;

and oppression; and * Babel is of a flaming fire.

47. At prefent being in hast, I have no time to write more at large to you; for there is nothing more as yet begun; yet I hope soon to begin it, as my minde in the driving will continually sheweth me; I shall faithfully send it you at the place appointed

48. And I faithfully commend you into the Meeknesse of Jesus

Christ.

Dated, Thursday after Martinus, 1619.

* The Astrall Spirit, or apprehension of reason.

† The Aurora: Being then in the bands of the Common Counfell.

* The Worldly. † The Spirituall.

* The confused Christendome.

THE

THE SIXTEENTH EPISTLE

The open Fountaine in the heart of Jesus Christ bee our refreshment.



Ob'e, Honoured, and much respected Sir,
The salutation and kind wish of Divine
love, and fulnesse of joy in Our Immanuel, in his wonderfull sweet power,
together with all temporal prosperity
of body premised; I desire to let you
know, that I am certified howyou are
a Well-wisher to the ** Fountaine of
wisedome, and doe make use of some
of my Wrisings, and also that you bear

a great defire after the well-spring of Christ, and the Noble Wisedome, which hath moved me to write unto you seeing you have perused

some of my Writings.

2. But there are some found, who out of envy, misapprehension, and milanderstanding of them doe prate and storme against them, as may be seen by the annexed Pamphlet, how the poore, proud, filly, man, vapoureth, and stormeth, and yet hath not the least understanding whence my writings slow.

3. Yea he puts a falle and most strange sence and meaning upon them that he might thereby onely confirme his miserable opinion, for he hath spread abroad some writings concerning Gods Election of us, and thereby thinketh to entangle and snarl us in despaire, and so

to open a gare of all lewdnesse, and wantonnesse.

4. And therefore he liketh not the taft of the open fountaine of Christ in my writings; whereupon I have made a short declaration upon his annexed pamphlet, and have given it onely in breife to the corfideration of him that reads my Book, seeing the ground is else where sufficiently and satisfactorily to be found in my writings; that men may see how this Carping Pamphletter thinketh to beguil, and bereave us of the cheisest treasure, on which our Eternall Salvation

* Text · Fons Sapientia.

and happineffe dependeth, and that with Comping words by alleadying and quoting of the Scripture; as a Toad that sucketh poylon out of honey; even so he * Perverteth the Scripture; as is to be feen in * Text. Pulhis description of the Virgine Mary and the promised feed of the Woman; leth it about by how he therein fallifiyeth, and imbirtereth the Scripture whereupon the haire : he buildeth the Election.

5. At the which I am much grieved in my heart, that the man is so burthened; and possessed with such an opinion, which burthen is very heavy, and he cannot get rid of it, unlesse he learne to understand the Centre of all Beings; whence good and evill arise; what Gods love and anger is, and learne to understand the Three Principles,

elfe he will not be freed from fuch Opinions.

meanes it was propagated.

6. Albeit I wonder not, that my Writings feeme strange unto him; for there is somewhat New that surpasseth the reach of reason, they have another fense, another understanding then his; another root whence they fpring; for I have not gathered them together from the Letter, neither learned I them from other mens Writings; I was an ignorant childe in that respect, as Lay men usually are; I knew nothing of fuch things; I fought it not also in such a way; I fought onely the heart and open well-spring of Fesus Christ, to hide my felfe from the Tempest of Gods anger, and from the opposition of the Devill, that to I might get a guid and leader that might rule and direct me in my life.

7. But when this did preffe fo hard upon me, and my minde forced to firongly into the Combate against finne, and death; and towards the mercy of God; that I was refolved rather to part with my life then to give in, or defift; fuch a Garland was then fet upon me, which I hope to enjoy, and rejoyce in it for ever; and I have no Pen sufficient to describe it; much lesse can I expreffe it with my mouth; and frem thence my knowledge came, and also the desire to set it down, onely for my owne memoriall, and I was intended to keepe it by me till the last of my dayes, and how it came to paffe [that it was published] you know Sir, very well, by Mr. N. But Gods providence and permiffion herein was fuch, that you and your Brother were called as Firstlings unto it, by whole

8. Therefore I exhort and entreat you for the eternal! fal ation fake, to heed and minde well, the Pearle that God favoureth us with; for there will come a time, that it shall be sought after, and greatly accepted of; let no stormy gusts drive you to and fro; but looke upon it aright, and pray Go! the most High, that he would be pleafed to open the doore of knowledge, without which no man will understand my Writings, for they surpasse and transcend the Astrall Reason; they apprehend and comprehend the Divine birth; there-

Couls it by the eares.)

fore there must also be the very like spirit, to understand them aright; no speculation [or acute apprehension or notion of reason] teacheth them, unless the minde be illuminated from God, to the finding of which, the way is faithfully shewn unto the seeking Reader.

9. I speake in good truth and syncerity, before God and Man, and appeale also therewith before the judgement of God, and declare; that there is no good at all in any Diputing, without Gods light, and spirit, also nothing that is permanent, constant, undoubtedly ground.

ded, or well-pleasing to God, may arise from thence.

To. Therefore he that will learne to understand the right and true way to God fundamentally, let him depart and forsake his owne Reason, and enter into a penitent, humble, and to God refigned childlike, or filiall life, and so he shall obtaine heavenly power and skill, and shall put on Christs filiall spirit, that shall lead him into all

* The Pearle of Sophia. The Divine illumination, truth; else there is no true way to God, but this onely.

11. If it come so farre that the * Virgins Garland be set upon him, he shall not need say any more, Teach me, Gre. For it is written, They shall all be taught of God; otherwise I have no knowledge skill or understanding; I have been in my Writings as a young scholar that goeth to schoole; or as a shower that passeth by, whatit I ghteth upon, it hits; thus hath my apprehension beene, even to this day.

12. The Booke Aurora was my first childish beginning, I wrote also contrary to Reasons conceit, onely according to the appearance of light; in a magicall [cabalificall or parabolicall manner] I understood it very well, but it was not sufficiently explained; it needed a more large description and exposition; for I intended to have kept it by me, but it was taken from me against my will, and Published, as you Sir, know; and I commend me into your favor, and us all into the meeke love of Jesus Christ.

Dated the third of July, Anno Dom. 1621.

THE

THE SEVENTEENTH EPISTLE.

worthy, and much respected, Noble Sir,



E hearty falutation and defire of Divine love and fulneffe of joy in Our I M M A N U E L, in his wondrous fweet-power, with all bodily and temporall welfare premifed: I give you friendly to understand, that I have entirely considered of the conference lately held; and being I perceive you to be a zealous lover of the truth, and Divine Mysteries, I would not omit to

wifit you with this Epifle, seeing opportunity hath beene given me to answer somewhat, upon the Article of a Person, who opposed me in the Article of Gods Free-grace [of] Election; and I have sent this my Answer for you to read over.

2. But so far forth as the minde cannot rest satisfyed with this little; I am ready, and willing, if it be desired, to write such a Book, and to enlarge, and unfold it so, out of the Ceure, that the heart might rest satisfyed thereupon; albeit I should suppose that a Christian might sinde so much in this little that he might be satisfyed in reference to this, and other Articles.

3. But feing nevertheleffe that this Article hath perplexed many men, and thereupon such opinions are stated and concluded, which doe set open a gate for all iniquity, unto the World, I am therefore greived at it; being it is given me to know from the most high, that this article hath not as yet been understood from the very ground, and I wish from my heart, that it might be understood; that we might not looke so strangely one upon another as Men Devills, are as loving bretheren; and the innate, dearely purchased children of Christ, that we might walk in a right true love one towards another, which in such a concert and conjecture, that God chuseth one and not another, can never be done.

4. But if I looke upon my brother as my [owne] flesh and T 2 spirit,

foirit, then it may be truely effected; which the Scripture and also the Original of mankind do powerfully teftify and convince us of; and vet much more my Conscience in the spirit of the Lord convinceth me that I ought to love my brother as my owne life, or as my God; what would God command me to love one that is a damned Devill? no, but one that is the member of my owne body.

5. Therefore for this cause I have taken an occasion to write unto you and christianly to entreat and admonith you, better to confider this article, and in that confideration, not to fuffer any thing at all to poffesse your minde, or take place in you, save the pleasant Name of Jesus, who is come into this world and manifested himselfe in our humanity, to feek and fave us poore loft men dead to the King dome of God; and to reftore againe, what was loft in Adam.

6. I write not this, to be a mafter over you, but in a brotherly manner, for a mutuall Search, and recreation with you that our fairh, and confidence towards God, may be strengthened in the Lord for we are on all fides but men, and fhould of right behave our felves in Doctrine, and life towards one another, as members; for he that findeth his brother in the spirit of Christ findeth him-Jelfe.

* Or, Under-Standing.

* Or The Phylosophers Stone.

7. Much difputing is not at all profitable, it maketh onely confuson; goe with me in my Writings unto the Centre of all Beings, and you shall see the * originall in good, and evill, and be freed from all this error for you shall finde so much in my Writings that will give reall fatiffaction to the minde; fo far as the centre of all beings is apprehended there ariseth such joy in the minde, which surpasseth a I the joy of this World; for the noble and pretious * flone of the wife men lyeth therein, and he that findes it, accounts it of higher excellency then the outward World, with all its glory; should not that he joy to finde and know God, so that man in himselfe is able to fee and finde all things, and what is scarce desiphered in a thousand Bookes; and to know it really in every thing? with whom shall I contend and wrangle about Religion, if the same be manifest in my heart; that I am able really to behold all things in there root; and originall.

8. I doe not speake this to boast of my selfe; who am as nothing. and God is all in me, but to the end that if any had a minde to feeke; that he might also seeke and obtain; albeit I sought it not in that manner, also undestood not, yeaknew nothing of it; I onely sought the pleasant love heart of Jesus Christ to hide my selfe therein, from the wrathfull Anger of God, and the enemy, the Devill; but then more was revealed to me then I understood, and sought for ; and thence I have written, not thinking to be known withall among such

High People.

9. For

9. For I thought that I wrote onely for my selfe, and intended to have kept it by me, even to my end; yet now it is manifest, and come into many mens hands without my knowledge and endeavour; thereupon I am urged to entreat you and others, and to put you in minde not to looke upon the simplicity or meannesse of the Author, or to be offended at the Person; for it pleaseth the most High to manifest his counsell by foolish people, which before the World are accounted nothing, that it may be knowne and acknowledged that it comes from his hand.

you fhould looke upon them as of a Childer, in whom the Highest hath driven his worke; for there is that couched therein, which no Reason may understand or apprehend; but it is children, plaine, and very easie to the illuminate; it will not be apprehended of Reason, unless Reason be enkindled with Gods light; without that, there is no finding; and this I desire to minde you of, and all those that

read them.

11. Christ sayd, Seeke and you shall finde, knock and it shall be opened with you: my Father will give the boly Spirit to boat that aske but for it: Herein lyeth the Pearle hidden, he that will have it must thus obtaine it, else there is no finding, save onely an halfe [lame] blind knowledge, like a delusive shadow of sanse [or a painted sound] in the Pearle there is a living knowledge, where a man need never aske, is it true? For it is written, They shall be taught of God: Also, We will come with you and make our abode in you: Also, Hee that hath not the spirit of Christ is more of bis: And therefore Chr st saith, Seeke stift the Kingdome of God and the Righteousnessee thereof; and then all other things shall be added unto you: He biddeth us to endeavour and seeke after it; not to six still, and wait upon Election; but To come to him, Manth, to, and to labour in his Vineyard; and not wait and expect driving, but to come willingly.

12. Seeing then I have found a wife heart in you, I am the more emboldened to write unto you, hoping that you will judge wifely; now if any thing in my Writings should seeme darke and obscure, and difficult to be understood; I pray set it downe and send it me as occasion serveth; I will make it more childlike, plaine, and cleare: And I commend you and yours, and my selfe with them, in brotherly

union, into the meek tender love of Jefus Christ.

Dated, 3. July, 1621.

THE

EIGHTEENTH EPISTLE



OBLE Sir, After withing you the Divine love and fulnefic of joy in Our Immanuel, in his wondrous fweet power, and all bodily and temporall properity; I friendly certific you, as now opportunity giveth me leave, that I have confidered of the Conference wee had lately; and being I have obleved your felloand others, there prefers in high Divine zeale, as lovers of God, and his truth; who defire to fearch with

earnest nesset the Mystery, and ground of all Beings, and to come into the light; thereupon I would not omit to write unto you, and put you all in minde thereof; and withall give further advantage to such a realour feeking, and declare how the Pearle is to be sought and found.

2. For I am also among the Seekers, and it lyeth me most chiefly in hand, not to hide, or bury that which God hath entrusted me with-all, but to set it forth, that Gods will might be knowne in us, and his Kingdome might come and be manifest in our Seeking and Desire; and we might be found as Children of the most High, one towards another, and acknowledge one another as. Members and Brothers, and not as strangers and Outcast; or as Devill Men'one towards another, as the Article of Election (as it hath of some beene bitherto handled) doth give forth and import little lesse.

3. And albeit we are apprehended and captivated in the heavy fall of Adam in the Anger, that his Anger hath indeed chosen us to be Children of Dannation; yet God hath bestowed his beloved heart, Viz. The Centre of the Deity, thereupon; and hath manifested it in the humanity; that he might againe regenerate us in him, and manifest the life agains in its.

4. And as the heavy fall came from one upon all, and paffed [or preffed] upon all; so likew se the grace came from one and passed upon all; and the Apostle saith, that Jesus Christ came into the World

to feeke, and fave that which is lost; that is, the poore, lost, damned finner, apprehended in the wrath of God, and chosen to damnation; and not the righteous, and who with Abel, Seib, Henceh, Noab, Sem, Abraham, Isaac, and Isaoc, are comp chended in the Love; but the poor finfell man captivated of Gods anger; as Cain, Isinael, Eslau, and the like; [he came] to seek and call these, to returne, and be converted; as God said to Cain, in ever the sin let it not have its power; if Cain could not have done this, God would not have commanded it him; also if it had not been possible for Adam to have stood; then he had never so bid him the tree.

But being man cannot thus absolutely conclude, demonstrate, and give satisfaction to the minde; for it searchesh further after Gods Omnipotence, thereupon there is another Study (equifite; that a man learne really to know the centre of all essences, to love, and anger; what the eternall love of God, and what the eternall anger of God is, which doth harden, and devour man, and maketh him to be a child of eternall death; and how man may and is able in the time of this life to be freed out of this prison and captivity of Gods anger.

6. But Seeing that I have so declared, and set it forth at large in my Bookes, that I thought the minde should be satisfied; especially in the Booke of the Threefold life, and in the Three Bookes of the Incarnation of Jesus Christ; and yet surcher and deeper in the Book of the Sixpoints concerning the Grand Mystery; the eternall birth of the deity; and of the three principles of the three Worlds, soon they stand mutually in each other as one, and how there is an eternall peace and agreement towards each other; and how one doth beget the other, and desire each other, also that one without the other were a Nothing; I supposed that the minde would therein sinde satisfaction, seeing the same can be demonstrated in every Being, and thing.

7. But feeing Master N. hath part of these Writings in his hands, though not all, be pleased to enquire after them; if they have a minde to them, they shall not onely finde the ground of this Article concerning Elestion, but of all Articles; and even of all whatsoever the minde of man turneth in selfe unto; if the ground be followed and attained which is there opened.

8. My Noble heart, I pray take not in jeft, what God manifestech unto us out of his Love, looke not upon the simplicity of the men by whom he doth this; it is his good pleasure to manifest his might in the weake and fifty, as the World accounts them; it is done for instruction to the World; seeing all live in contention and strife, and will not soften his sixten draw them, that they might know and acknowledge Gods Kingdome to be in US; therefore the

Centre of his Being, and of all Beings is manifefted unto them 4, this is done all out of his love towards us, that we might yet depart from the miferable ftrife, contentions, and wranglings, and ftep into a brotherly and child-like Love.

g. Sir, sceing I have found a longing minde in you, I would not conteale from you; that it will be a time of serious earnestnesse; and I say, blessed and happy are those that are comprehended under the Sound of the Trumpet, that bath already founded; for there commeth hereaster such an earnest severity, that Babel and contention, together with all Pride, Ambition, Falshood, and unrighteousnesse, shall drinke an earnest draught, and even that which shee hath silled; I entreat you for Eternall Salvation sake, further to consider of it; it is knowne.

10. I am ready, so farre as the minde might not finde ground enough in my Writings, for its rest and satisfaction (if the same were noted downe and sent me) so to explaine, and enlarge it, out of the Centre of all Beings, that I hope the minde should be fastisfied; although it lyeth not in Searching, for no searching obtaineth or reachest the Pearle without Gods light; a penitent humble minde is required thereunto, that wholly resigneth it selfe into the grace of God; and that doth not search, or will any thing, save Gods Love and Mercy, in that ariseth at last the bright morning Star, that the minde sindeth such a Pearle, wherein soule and body rejoy eth; and when this is sound, then there need no surther searching or teaching; for it is written. They shall be taught of God: Such a Pearle as this the sound of the seventh Trumper doth open in the hearts of many; who with earnestnesses the six in a humble, and unto God resigned will.

II. Therefore my Noble heart, I would not conceale this from you; much disputing, and grubling in Selfe-Reason, findeth not the Pearle; but an earnest fixed penitent will, sindeth the same, which is more precious and costly then the World; and hee that sinder it, he would not give it for the riches of the whole World; for it associated him Temporall and Eternall joy, that he is able to rejoyce, and be merry in the midst of the Dungeon of darknesse, and he accountes the goods of this World as dirt and dung in comparison of it: Christ sayd, Seeke, and you shall finde, knock and it shall be opened unto you: Also, My Father will give the boly Spirit to them that aske him for it: HEREIN LTETH THE

GROUND.

12. Let no man say, My heart is shut up I cannot pray; and if my heart say statly no, yet I will cast my felse into the suffering and death

The Eighteenth Epiftle.

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death of Christ; let him cast me into Heaven or Hell, yet I will be in his death, he is made an Eternall life to me; and then, it is sayd, None can plack my Sheep out of my hands.

13. The way to feeke and know the precious Pearle is very sufficiently opened in the Booke of the Threefold life, else I would have mentioned something thereof: And I commend me into your favour, and us all into the meek love of Jejus Christ.

Dated, 2. July, 162 1.

V THE

THE NINETEENTH FPISTLE



OBLE, Worthy, and honoured Sir: All fincere wishes (through the Love of Christ wherewith he loveth us in himselfe by his Incarnation in 45) of an happy, and in God joyfull new yeare, and all bodily welfare premised.

2. I am glad of your bodily health, and yet much more glad am I, that I obferve, how the drawing of the Father in the

spirit of Christ doth continually stirre up and worke in you a constant hunger after the precious Pearle of the Divine knowledge, which 's being it hapneth in the tree and growth, wherein I also spring up and grow) doth bring to me (as from a sellow branch in our Angelicall Paradificall Corall) meer desire, and acceptable Love will; and it rejoyceth me in my meditation, that the spirit of Christ hath yet his Church and Temple in the midst of the thornes, as it now appeares; and I wish from my heart with panting desires, that it might shourish and grow yet stronger; that Babel, and the Ringdome of contention and strife might thereby be abolished and taken away, that we might converse and walke together in love and union as the Children of Christ.

3. I should be glad withall my heart, seeing you read some of my Writings, that they might be understood according to my comprehension, and minde not for a temporall praise, and glory to me, which is in Christ onely, and not mine; but for our eternall fellowship and fraternity sake, which we shall have in Generall one with a

nother after this life.

4. And I would very heartily impart to my loving breiheren my Pearl which God hath given me, that they also with me might in Divine knowledge and love bring in their fruits upon the table of God, which worke and labour is more acceptable to me then all the temporall praise, honour, and goods of the World.

5. And though I am in comparison to you as a child void of understanding, yet my Saviour hath beene pleased out of his love and grace to bestow his sence, minde, and understanding upon me and

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to open is through bimselfe, that I effectually know him and his

6. Which [albeit it feemeth foolishnesse unto reason] is as cleare as the fun- thine unto me, and it affordeth me joy, and defire, that I in all temptations and afflictions from the Devill, and his confederates am able boldy and confidently to hide my felfe therein; and my bope is therein ftirred up and enkindled with Gods love-fire; and I have as it were a fair Garden of rofes therein, which I doe not onely beteem unto my bretheren to parrake of; but I also defire. and wish from my heart, that the golden roses might also blossom in

7. I have understood how that you are yet solicitous and troubled in the Article about the will of God and his Election of mankinde, and are yet in a deep conceit in reference to the Decree concerning man. as if God chose some according to his purpose, and some again he chose not out of his decree and purpose, and therefore he draweth them not in the spirit of Christ to the Father; or that the father draweth them not in Christ; which for my part hath very often perplexed me, and I wish unseighnedly that it might be apprehended, how the ground is in its owne property.

8. For the words of the Scripture are right, and true about Eledi. on, but they are not understood aright; and thence commeth the great Evill and Mischeise with contending, and eager contests; when I goe into the centre, then I finde the whole ground; there is nothing so subtile, or profound, there is nothing that can be asked about the will of God but it is manifest therein as clear as the

9. For I finde the whole understanding both of good and evill; of Gods love, and anger; both delires | Viz. of the darkneffe and of the light | these I see into the humanity of Christ, how God is become man; and I confider how the formes of the humane properties in the humanity of Christ, were wholly and universally without particularity tinclured with the love of God in Christ, with the eternall word or voice of the deity (that is with the Divine mercury) with Divine effentiality (namely in the blood of Christ,) and the wrath which was manifest with Adam in the humane property was enholly drowned, and thut up in eternall death; of which the Scripture now declareth; Hell where is thy Victory? Death where is thy Sting 3

10. As the Artift, or Philosopher doth change Saturne, and Mars, in the Mercurie, (which in Saturne and Mars in their owne fierce * Or, Strength. wrathfull * might, is an evill poyfonfull fource or quality) into a Panacea, that is into a Paradificall fource and property, where nei-Saturne, Mars, or Mercurie are perceived in their wrathfull properties,

perties; but out of their fierce wrathfull Malignant property there; is an aftension of love and great jo; thus it is now also with the evill man, when he departeth out of his wrathfull, malicious will, and in refignation wholly giveth himselse in the death of Christ into the Panacéa (Christ.)

vil. And as the sun in the Firmament shineth upon the good and evill, so likewise the desire of the Panacéa Christ (being the Divine sun that shineth therein) presents it selfe to all men; if they would but open their will, and depart from their selfenood, and set there

define into that, Christ would be borne therein.

12. For the foul (as it is purely in it felfe) was fpoken or breathed into the humane body out of the eternall speaking word of the Father out of the fire and light World, as out of Gods owne Being, and it hath both wllis Free; out of the fire (that is, out of the Fathers anger, which is the eternall nature, in which shee is a creature, in the spirituall Sulpher, Mercurie, and Salt,) and out of the light of the Divine power in the Divine sound, in which the soule is an Angel, and an Image of God.

13. And though it hath loft the light with Adam, yet Christ hath regained the same; and hath again moved or awakened the centre of love, that the life of the light (if it stirreth up its defire) may again in the humanity of Christ (which passeth from one upon all, as

the anger paffeth from one upon all) enkindle it felfe.

14. And though it might be faid, that he enkindleth whom he pleafeth; yet I declare it as a pretious truth worthy of acceptation, that the Divine light is not ingreffive [or a light comming into a man from without] but it is hidden even in the wicked man in the Centre; as God is hidden in the time, but it is Arifive [that is a light foringing up or opening it felfe from within] as the light of the Candle arifeth out of the Candle.

that there should not be any possibility at all left in him; and though he be corrupt, and spayled; yet God (when he received and took pity on man) againe stirred up, and awakened the Centre of his Love (being the true Deity which hidd it selfe [or disappeared] in the Sinne [or fall of Adam]) in the humane Property.

16. And as the Sinne and Wrath of Adam (being yet but One) prefied upon and into all; so likewise passed and present the motion or affection of Gods love in Christy humanity, and out of Christs

humanity through the whole humanity of all men-

17. Chrift is againe become the heart in the Humane Tree; the Divine Sound [voyce, or word] which hath revealed it felfe in Chrifts humanity effectually, that foundeth through Chrifts humanity

in the Univerfall humane Tree; and there is nothing wanting, or in the way, but that the twig which is on the Tree will not draw the

Sap of the Tree into it felfe.

18. It hapneth oftentimes, that the property is too much in love with Mars, and draweth it into it felle, and stirreth up the hear, whereby the twigg withereth; and so the Mars of the soule draweth wrath and fallhood into it selle; whereby its Mercurie becomes poyfonfull, and then Saurne (which is the impression of the lifes prosperty) groweth altogether obscure and darke; and as long as the Mercurie of the life, liveth in such a property, he may not be drawne of the love of God, but of the anger of God, and is chosen to damnation, so long as he liveth, or continueth in that Free evill wicked will.

19. The love of God offers it selse unto him, but he resuseth to accept of it; God is destrous of him; but the wrath holdesh dim: As Christ sayd, O Jerusalem, Jerusalem! How offer would I have gathered thy Children, as a Hen gathereth her Chickens under her wings, but you would not?

20. The unwillingnesse lyeth in the way; that man in his life letteth himselfe be kep; or held of Gods anger, being the wrath in the out-spoken [or expressed] Mercury, according to the fiery Pro-

perty of the Father.

21. Deare Brother, here lyeth the wicked Childe; learne but to know what God Almighty is in Love and Anger; and how Man is even that same Being, and an Image, out of the Eternall

Spirit.

22. Doe not say, God willeth the evill; he cannot will or defire any thing that is evill; according to the property, in which he is called God; But if I should call this property [Viz. of Anger] God; then I call Hell, Heaven; darknesse, light; and the Devillan Angell.

23. True, all belong unto God [or all is Gods] yet God is onely understood in the Source [or working property] of the love of the light; the Anger is in his light a cause of the love desire, and of

the Kingdome of joy.

24. When the foule bringeth its fire defire out of its owne felfewill into the Love-defire of God; and goeth out of its owne felfewelle, and finketh into the mercy and compafion of God, and cafteth it felfe into the death of Chrift; and willeth no longer the firefource, but defire in its fire-life to be dead in the death of Chrift; then the poylon of the Mercurial life dyeth in the will of iniquity, and there ariseth a new twigge, and budding of love-defire.

25. Loving Sir, and Brother, know, that I write not as one blind or dumbe, without knowledge; I have my felfe found it by Expe-

Tience +

rience: I have been at despoin your opinion at your fells: yet my Saniour hath opened my eyes, that I fee: I doe not fee in my owne ability or power but in his; as he knoweth me in himfelfe, and he will fee; and I with with all my heart, that you might have an infight into my feeing; and that you might fee with me out of my feeing; I would willingly impart my heart, and love to you for a propriety, and love through this glatte out of you.

26. But I perceive that I am as yet dumbe unto you, and that I am not as yet knowne to you, in my knowledge which is given me;

and I wish from my heart, that it may yet [quice] be.

27. I intreat and exhort you as a Christian, in all humility that you would but gather your Objections together, and send them to me in Writing; I will deale according to my gifts, as a Christian ought, and I will declare and explaine them in such a manner, that I hope

you shall acknowledge me as a Brother in it.

28 Not that I prefume to doe it from my selfe, but my desire which burnes in me like sire, requires it of you; and I (as I am I) hope to God that we shall both so prosper in it, that God will unite us in his love-desire and knowledge; and it shall not prejudice you at all, with scorne or disgrace; for I have a heart that can conceale Secresse.

29. I exhort you in love to a filiall humility in the true Resignation of Christ; therein you may be able onely to obtaine and comprehend it; otherwise my well-wishing, good intent, and beginning is to no purpose; for I can give you nothing but my good affection, and charitable will; if you will accept of it, 'tis well! If not, I protest, and testisse before you, and the face of GOD that I have begun my christian devoir aright towards you, and in you; I have done my part; as I am bound in Conscience to doe.

30. I may come to fee you my felfe, if my affaires will permit; provided that it may conduce to Gods Honour and mass Salvation; for I know many thirty foules thereabouts, with whom I might refresh my felfe, and they in me.

31. I have at present found a very pretious Jewell, which might be profitable not onely for the soule but for the body, and good for

your Patients.

32. If men would labour in Christs vineyard, God might even now give us such a funshine, which might warme the Apothecaries shop, of which many honest People have beene a long time destrous; which sun shine would boldly dispell the smook in Babel and be a refreshment to the Children of Christ in their Oppression, Misery, and Tribulation.

33. But in truth because men will be so Wicked and Godlesse,

there shall be an horrible storme of hail, and rain, at which the Earth shall quake, and many thousand souther be drowned in the water.

34. I would gladly neere mention fomewhat unto you, but at this time it cannot be; be pleased to take notice of the forme towards the East, that towards the North, is not far stom it; in the South, there is a great smoak, that causeth the eyes of those in the West, to smart.

35. Let no man fay, when the ftorme passeth by, that this man, or that man is righteous before God; it shall goe well with him because of his Religion? the auger of God is ensindled in all, and they are all asset that him for all their Religion, as long as the one liveth like the other.

36. The most High sweeperh out one besom with another; but there springeth up a Lilly unto all nations; happy are those, that ap-

prehend the fame.

37. The thirty foul must not say; the Lord bath for sken mee, he hath forgotten me; as little [can God forget] as a Mother can forget her child, and affect thee should forget; yet the Lord hath not forgotten his poor exceeding difftested and affected Christensome, he hath noted her in his wounds perceed with nailes, his light shall shine from the East to the West for a Testimony unto all People.

38. From the South there arifeth a Lilly towards the North; he that getteth it for a propriety [or for his owne] shall fing the song of Gods mercy; and at that time the Word of the Lord sourisheth as graffe upon the Earth and the Nations sing the Song of Sabel in

one Tune; for the beginning bath found the end.

39. Thinke upon my darke fayings, for at this time I might not be more plaine; feeing men have onely fought after Pride, and covereous effect and despited the mirror of Anger; and have not repented, but have wrought iniquity with iniquity, untill iniquity devoures it felfe, and the wrath of God is well satiated.

40. Humane Reason shall here hinder little with its Consultations;

but blow up the fire, and give further occasion.

41. God was good before diftreffe ; but seeing men forsake God,

thereupon followeth scorne and misery.

42. Let every one have a care of himfelfe; but he that doth not feek and preferve himfelfe shall be sought, and preserved: And so I commit you into the Love of Jesus Christ.

Note

THE

THE TWENTIETH EPISTLE

Our Salvation in the life of Jesu Christ in U.S.



OBLE Sir, for. All Cordiall wifhes of Divine light in effectuall Divine working power, in the fountaine of Love, Jesus Christ, and all temporall prosperity premised: I thought good to vifit you with an Epistle, and to put you in minde, out of a Christian faithfull intent and affection, of the Conference between H. N. and D. S. about the Divine purpose, and will, concerning Man.

2, And D. S. was not sufficiently answered at that time, upon his question; being I was not exercised in their Scholastick way, in reference to this Article in the contemplation of the internall ground, the outward ground; and also because such meetings by reason of the Drink (to which I am unaccustomed) do darken, and

cloud the fubtile, and pure understanding.

3. Also by reason of their Latine tongue is or Scholastique expressions I was hindered to comprehend the same in his ground; in so much that he began to tryumph with his received Opinion; yet without sufficient understanding of the alleadged sayings of Scripture, and also without sufficient ground of Logicall conclusions in Reason, in which verily he is excellently well exercised, in their Scholastique way.

4. With which discourse afterward I turned my selfe in Divine grace to the internal ground of Divine Vision, to prove the same; and prayed anto the Lord that he would open the understanding of the whole ground thereof unto me, that I might know the same in its

proper and peculiar Species.

5. Whereupon it appeared so unto me, that I (by a Divine introduction into the wonderfull worker of God) have sufficient cause

and

and ground therein; whereby also it came upon me with great defire, to fee downe this Ground of the Divine will and eternal purpofes in Predestination, and to bring it into a Booke; the which afterwards, being it was defired of Mr. B.T. and others. I tooke occafion to doe.

6. Not to the intent to despise any body in his Opinion, or to undertake to prejudice him with any unchristian disgrace, or girding taunts; but out of a faithfull reall Christian affection, and brother-

ly imparting of my Talent, lent me of God.

7. Which worke is so deeply and profoundly grounded, that not onely the ground of this Question concerning Gods will may be understood; but likewise the hidden God may be knowne in his manifestation in all visible things, with a very cleare explanation how the ground of the Grand Mystery (which is the eternall expressed word of God, wherein the wifedome hath wrought from Eternity, and wherein all things have beene seene in a Magicall manner or Idea, without any creaturall being) is to be understood.

8. And also how the same Grand Mystery hath brought it selfe through the expression or outspeaking of the divine Science, through the Word of God (in the place of this World) into a severation and comprehenfibility to the Creation; and how the originall of good and evill in the Severation of the Divine Science in the Grand Mystery, in the Eternall Principles, to the Divine manifestation,

and working, is to be understood.

9. In which the hidden God, may not onely be understood in his Being and will, but likewise the whole ground of his manifestation through his expressed Word, out of the eternall Powers of the Grand Mystery, being the Essence of Eternity; and how the same is come into a vifible, comprehenfible, creaturall, externall Being; and what likewise the ground of all Mysteries is? And how the same is sufficient-

ly made knowne and manifest.

10. Also therein is a large expositive ground of the * Cosmick Spirit, wherein the Creation of this World liveth; and withall, a very cleare ground of the internall, spirituall, Angelicall, and soulish life; also of the rife, fall, and reltitution of man; and also of the Typifications of the Scripture in the Old and New Testament, concerning the Kingdome of Nature and the Kingdome of Grace; what Gods righteousnesse, and his Election, or purpose is; how the fame is to be understood?

11. Also a cleare demonstration of the Line in the Kingdome of Nature, from Adam upon his Children; and of the Kingdome of the manifestation of grace in the inspired Grace voyce of the incorporized Divine Science, in the Word of Love, in the wombe of

Grace.

Note. What is contained in the Booke of Ele Etion.

* Spiritus

* Ot, Sensible,

12. And then a cleare explanation of the places of Scripture; especially of The 9, 10. 11. Chapters of the Epille of Paul to the Romans: On which, reason props up it selfe, where a full "Sensall ground is demonstrated by the quotation and examination of the Scriptures.

13. Yet not in a Logicall way, as 'tis treated on in the Schooles; where they make onely Objections and Contradictions one against another, contriving knotty Arguments, and Dilemma's; and the one will not prove and examine the ground and meaning of the other in a Sensall way in the understanding; whereupon they bang, urge, judge, condemne for a Heretick, and revile one another; which indeed is nothing else but Babel, a Mother of proud, haughty, grand Whoredome, of errours and consustion; where the Name of God is blasph-med, and the holy spirit is reviled and judged by Reason, in the literall Word.

14. Which I wholly difliked of to follow in my Talent; for not one jot or tittle of the Law in the Scripture shall perish till all be sulfilled; and the sayings of the Scripture together with there types must remaine true, and be not contrary, as reason suppos-

eth.

15. And thereupon I have taken those sayings of Scripture which seem contrary one unto another (as, it is written; God will that all men shall be saved; and then again God bardnesh their hearts, that they understand not albeit they see it) and so cleared and reconciled them together; that I hope to God, and his Children; that they will see the Divine manifestation of grace, and understand it, and depart from such strife and controversy about the will of God, and the person of Christ, and see the Justification of a poor sinner before God; and learne to understand it.

16. which I have faithfully and diligently done towards every one according to my gifts, out of a christian brotherly heart; with a further Offer, that it any should yet stick in such a conceit and opinion, and were not satisfyed in his thoughts; that he would in a Christian and friendly way set down his opinion with his conclusions thereupon in writing, and send them to me; and hee shall receive such an answer upon his Questions and objections, that he shall see, that I meant christianly, and that it came from a Divine

gift.

17. Seeing Sir, that you together with your Brother Mr. H. S and likewife the deepe learned Doctors J. S. and J. D. K. are my very much respected Friends, and in the Life-Tree of Christ my Eternall sellow-members and Brethren in Christ; and I as a sellow-member (from a religious heart) doe rejoyce also with them, seeing God hath adorned and endowed them with understanding, and

wisedome,

wisedome, and other Christian Vertues; whom likewise I have acknowledged alwayes as my favourable, charitable, and gracious Mafiers; thereupon I have taken order that they should get a copy of this Treatise among them, defiring and entreating them to deale one with another, in a Christian brotherly way, and communicate it to each other for the transcribing of it, by reason of greater imployments of my Talent, and that would be an hindrance to me; else I would have sent to each a copy of it.

18. Yet if this Treatife should be intercepted and not come unto their hands; then I will fend them my owne Manuscript; and I entreat them that they would be pleased to read it over and confider it without prejudice or informatie; they shall finde such rich sense and meaning therein, that it will be profitable to them in many things,

but especially in the Christian exercise of the New birth.

19. And wherein I can be further ferviceable to them in my small gifts, I shall be mindfull alwayes faithfully to performe the same, as an obliged Christian, in thankfull gratefulnesse of their good affections,

uplightnesse, candor, and favours towards me.

20. And albeit I am a man of no repute, in respect of their greatnesses or highnesses, and also in respect of D. D. yet let them but for
a while a line show up Reason, and think that it pleaseth the most
High to manifest his wonders by simple people; and [such as are]
accounted swolish in the Worlds eye; as it hath come to passe from
the beginning of the World hitherto, when Alterations have beene
to come.

an answer unto any mans high or profound questions, if they be vertuous, apt, and Christian; for the same is committed to me in trust

from the most High, and given as a free gift of grace.

22. The which I mention in a Christian intent and affection, that if any had yet any scruple in that opinion [to see] whether I in love could helpe him to quit himselfe of it, and bring him into the Temperature of the minde; I should not thinke any paines too much to impart my gifts and understanding to him: And so I commend you and yours into the Love of Jesus Christ, and my selfe into their savour.

Dated, 20. Feb. 1623.

X 2

A POSTSCRIPT.

22. The tribulation of destruction of Babel approacheth with exceeding hast, the storme ariseth upon all Coasts; it shall be a foar Tempest; vain hope deceiveth; for the breaking of the Tree is at hand; which is knowne. in the wonders.

* Domeflick intestine.

+ Pride cove-

teousnelle, envy.

24. The * homebread fire burts its owne native countrey; righteoufnesse and truth are troaden under foot; great heavinesse trouble and Calamity grow on abace.

25. Men shall mourne for an old empty ruinous Cottage on which Salvation relyeth not; they will be enraged for the Nest wherein Satan hath hatche his + young.

26. The Towre of Babel is without foundation; men suppose to prop it wrath, and all up, but a wind from the Lord overthrows it.

falshood, under 27. The bearts and thoughts of men shall be revealed; for there coman holy shew of meth a *Proba from the Lord wherby the verball Titular Christian shall be laid open in his faile heart, and soule; as a reed that is toffed too and fro of the wind; feeing his heart is wavering, now this, now that way; that his

falle ground becomes manifelt.

28. Many (hall betray themselves, and ruine both body and goods, through Hypocrifie; the Hypocrites, and titular Christians shall quail for feare when their false ground shall be revealed.

29. The Orientall + Beast getteth an humane heart; and ere this cometh to pase, he helpeth to tear downe the Towre of Babel with his

Clawes. 30. In the darknesse of the North there ariseth a Sun which taketh its light from the fenfall properties of the nature of all beings; from the formed, expressed, and re-expressing word; and this is a wonder at which all Na-

tions doe rejoyce. 31. An * Eagle hath hatcht young Lions in his Neft; and brought them prey so long, till they have growne Great; hoping that they sould likewise bring their Prey to him again; but they have forgotten that; and they take the Eagle, and pluck of his Feathers, and bite of his Clawes for unfaithfullnesse; fo that he can fetch no more prey albeit be should Starve for hunger.

32. But they fall out about the Eagles nest and teare one another in anger; till their anger becomes a fire, which burneth up the nest; and

this is from the Lord of all beings.

+ The Turck Chall surne a erue Christian.

Religion.

* Or. Proofe.

The Emperor Germany.





33. If the Rich man knew upon what foundation he food, he would enter into himselfee, and looke unto his latter end.

34. The Sun giveth to many things life, and likewife to many things death.

35. But he that lyeth still in Selfe-will; and giveth way for his internall ground (out of which man is originally,) to lead and guide him, he is the Noblest, and richest upon the Earth-

35. The Postilion arising out of the ground of nature, cometh, and carrieth the Sword over the Earth; and hath six windes for his assistants, which for a long time have ruled upon the Earth; these breake the Postilions Sword through the Revelation of the Seventh winde, which they alwayes kept hidden in them; but by reason of the Postilions Power, they must call and manifelt him.

37. Which Seventh winde a new fire revealeth, and at this time the fountaine of grace shall flow with sweet water, and the afflicted and

oppressed shall be refreshed.

THE

ONE AND TWENTLE

TO
FREDERICK CRAUSSEN,
DOCTOR
OF PHYSICK.

Our Salvation in the life of Jesus Christ in U.S.



EAREST Sir, Christian, and faithfull Friend, I wish unto you and yours, and all those who Defire and Love Jesus (in all faithfull reall Cooperating Love-defire,) the light, and effectuall working power of God in our Life-Tree Jesus Christ; together with all bodily welfare.

2. Upon the defire of your felfe, and Mr. N. I have confidered those fayings of scrip-

ture, which Mr. N fet downe in his Letter, which you delivered to me; wherein I was exhorted to expound the fame in Christian love, according to my gifts and understanding; but especially the ninth and eleventh Chapter of the Epistle of Paul to the Romans; at which Reason stumbleth; which I have not onely done willingly, and readily in Christian

Christian obligation and good affection with expounding those alleadged Texts; but I have also set downe and described the true GROUND of the Divine Manifestation in such a manner, that I

hope, men will fee the truth.

3. But if there be a minde divinely bent, and addicted that can give the honour unto God; I hope it will be understood, and taken according to my meaning, and apprehension; and not otherwise interpreted, as was done formerly; which I passe over, and rather prefer christian love, as we are bound in Christ to instruct one another friendly in our severall gifts and therein give God the honour, and despite none in his Divine gifts, for he that doth so, he blaphemeth the both spirit; and against such a one the Scripture pronounceth an hard senence

4. Now although this Treatife be formewhat large, yet let not the Reader account it tedious and irkforme; for I thought it of little importance for me to goe about to prove, and cleare such a writing without sufficient ground; and therefore I have fet the alleadged places of Scripture upon the innermost ground; and shewne how they Originally arise out of their centre; and what their sence and un-

derstanding is.

6. For it is not enough, that I should gather together a great heap of stripture places for to oppose and contradict the alleadged; no, no; this availeth nothing before God, and the truth; for the least titule, or letter of this Law shall not passe away till all be fallfilled saith Christ; the sayings of the scripture must remaine true, and tot class one against another; and though they seem to be contrary, and gainsay one another; yet it is onely to those, to whom the understanding of them is not given; and are not gifted, or made capable to explain and interpret them.

6. But he that will undertake clearely to interpret them aright, he must have the understanding of the Accordance; that he may know how to reconcile those places which unto reason feem contradictory; and not transfer or place them upon a conjecture, or opinion; whether it be so or no; if he will teach studdamentally and affuredly thereof; for from opinion and conjecture ariseth onely strife and controversy; upon which great Babylon is erected. Viz. the spirituall pride, and Whoredome; where one will be an Apostle; and yet is not sent or acknowledged of God; but he runneth is spinion and in the driving [or instigation] of the * Cosmick Spirit.

7. And albeit many runne in the Drawing of the Father; yet if Mundithe true light of the eternall life in the word of the Divine effects (being an expressing or spiration of the holy, and also of the naturall word in its severation, whence the creation is arisen, and whence good and evill have their Originall,) doth not appeare unto, and illuminate

* Spiritus

illuminate him; he will be far from being able to unite the suppofed contraries of the Scripture-sayings, and to speake from ONE centre so, that not the least tittle be diminished in the Accordance

[or reconcilement of them.]

8. The which I fet downe, not to displease N. or any other; but onely by reason of the long continued opposite disagreement of reason, in which the World runneth aftray, and truth lyeth Vailed; where by men in this article about the will of God doe so judge, and run on in reason and its reasonings without ground: but where Christ is borne in man, there strife ceaseth, and God the Father speaketh his Word in Christ through the soule of man; ro such conclusions [and reasonings] there must be an inward divine light, which affordeth cer-

tainty; elfe there is no grounding upon the reason.

9. You may get this Treatife of Mr Michael of Ender, who hath now received it, which containeth in my owne hand Writing about 42, sheets; and if you are pleased to communicate the same to N, as your good friend and Kinsman, I am content; provided, that you rell him that he would not understand it so, as if I had written anything therein passionately against him, or any other; for such passions or affections lye not so near in my soule, without Vrgent and great cause; albeit I am not without failings, and declinings, yet my Saviour Christ in me hath shewne me such grace, that all investives and opposite objections against me, (by one word which proceeds out of Divine love towards me, where I perceive a divine earnest-nessel ode sall away and are rejected as a weed, which I would not willingly plant in my Garden; for from thence groweth nothing but a naughty weed again.

To. Further it is againe defired of N, out of christian love, that feeing upon his defire I have expounded his alleadged places of Scripture according to my small gifts, which are knowne unto God; he would be pleased (if this my exposition did dislike him, and were not in his opinion sufficiently grounded and sundamental!) to doe me so much savour as to expound the alleadged texts. especially the 9. and to. Ch. of the Epistle of S. Paul to the Romans and even those very Scriptures which I have explained; together with the whole ground of the Divine will, to good and evill; how its originall is in man, or out of

man; and unfold and declare them in a fenfall manner,

11. And then I defire that he would declare and expound unto me, the infirred word of grace, in the feed of the Woman in Paradife; and then the two lines 3Viz. Of the Kingdome of the Corrupt humane nature, and of the Kingdome of grace in the in-spoken voice of grace.

12. Or if my exposition in respect of Abraham, Ishmael, Isaac, and also of Isacob, and Esav, did not like him; that he out of christian love would

would flew his gifts, and expound the ground of them; that I might finde this gifts, and understanding in those places; and then if I can see that God meh gifted him with a larger measure of understanding in these high Mysteries then me I will accept it with great gladnesse and will love tim in this gifts and give thankes unto our God therein. and I will rejoyce with him, as a member, in our gifts, in the fpirit of Christ-all which would conduce more to the profit, and benefit of our brether, and christian fellow-mentiers; and would be more Godly, commendable and praise-worthy, then a raw contradiction, out off affections; for mans willfull felfe fake.

13. But I pray unto my God in Christ, that he would be pleased to open his heart that his soule may see into the ground of my gifts; for truely I am a fimple man; and I never either studyed or learned this high Myftery; neither fought I after ioin fuch a way, or knew any thing of it; I fought onely the heart of love in Christ Jesus, but when I had obteined that, with exceeding great joy of my foule, then this Treasure of divine and naturall knowledge was opened, and given unto me; wherewith I have not hitherto vaunted, but heartily defired and begged of God whether the time were yet come that this knowledge might be revealed in the hearts of many, concerning which I obteined my effectuall answer; so that I know very well what I have hinted, and made mention of [in my writings.]

14. And though I am therefore hated by many in the World; yet men will shortly see; wherefore God hath opened and revealed unto a lay, meane [abject] man the grand Mystery; Viz. The ground of all fecrets and Mysteries, and yet I may not reveale all that is made knowne unto me; but notwithstanding it might be done unto worthy People, if I found that it were Gods will, and profitable to men, as a while fince a very pretions Pearl was revealed to me, which hath its-time for effectuall practicall use and benefit; but it is alwaies a benefit very profitable in my foule; and doe not fo much wonder and marvell at the simplicity of what God doth; for the time of the

proud is come to the end.

15. Further I defire and entreat Mr N, to deale christianly and candidly, in love, with his gifts; and not as formerly to taunt and feandalize my name; whereby the gifts of the holy Ghoft are evill spoken of; and then he shall be answered in like modelty, mildneste, and respect; but if it shall fall our contrary to my good intent and hope that I be further scandalized by People, or with writings, let him know (that if I either see or hear the same with certain ground,) that he shall not want an answere to purpose, in a Divine gift; and he shall have no advantage or praise thereof.

16. And I mean syncorely; and I doe exhort him out of christian love and obligation to answer; if he will not declare and explaine thole those places in a sensal large answer; then let him reconcile the contraries which seem to be one against another; and so we shall mutually exchange our gifts, and bring them into one ground, to the

love and profit of our bretheren.

17. And I commend you and yours, and all those who seek and desire the child Jesur into the effectuall working love of Jesus Christ [desiring] that he may be conceived incarnate, and borne in all, and then strile and contention hath an end; when the seed of the Woman breaks the head of the Serpent, we come against into the Temperature; and are in Christ onely one; as a tree in many boughs, and branches.

Dated, Feb. 19. Anno 1623.

THE

THE TWO AND TWENTIETH EPISTLE.



U C H respected Sir, and loving Doctor, be pleased to give Mr. N. my Letter to read over, but not this Note; and exhort him to Christian humility; to try if peradventure the eyes of soule might be opened, which I heartily and freely wish unto him, it will be no disgrace unto him to love, and imbrace the truth; for I perceive very well what lyeth in the way, and holds him off; nothing else but selse.

love, in that he hash hitherto layd open and divulged his ground to far; and obtained great repute and respect among many, and this my ground doth not wholly agree with him; thereupon selfe love driveth him to the contrary; whereas he hath not as yet apprehended

my Ground, and is as yet an Infant thereunto.

2. But if the Honour of God and memberlike love, doe take place in his affections, he hath in truth nothing against me, and my Writings; yea they might yet better and christianly improve him, but without an affectionate will, he will remain blind in them; for m reason understands this ground without the eternals love of God;

wherein all the treasures of wisdome are couched.

3. But what his opinion is, I pray fend me word back again, in a Letter; his hidden ground is hereby opened; I hope that he also will become seeing, being he hath otherwise a sharp reason, and hath well studyed the Logick; peradventure he will search surther, but if he will not, his opinion doth not abrogate the gifts of God; he cannot overthrow this my ground, especially the Exposition of those Texts, with any Scripture; I meane syncerely towards him.

4. Moreover I would entreat you to flew me this friendship, as to lend the Treatise of Elestion to Mr. N. to read over; seeing he is a curteous Gentleman, and also the Disputation of this Article, carre off so with him, that it is not so to be looked upon, as if man were struck dead in ignorance.

Y 2

4. Eut

• 5. But if need require, I shall so explaine my selfe, that they shall see from what ground I write; let them give me what Questions they please; let them be in Nature, or out of Nature, in the Time, or in the Eternity, I will not at all be lacking therein, in Divine Grace, but give a sufficient above; i provided that it bedone has Christian way, and not out of affections, passion, cavilling, or reviling; I shall

in like manner deale with them.

6. In our late meeting I was ill disposed to such a Disputation, for Wine, and sumptions fare doe hide the Pearl's ground, especially because I am not accustomed thereunto, and at home I fare very meanly and soberly; and Mr. N. was not sufficiently moved to but I offer to answer him, and all other that mean Christiansy, decithem but give me their Questions in writing, and explaine their opinion therein, that I may see what they conclude; I will give them a sumadamentall large expositive answer, and not defend my less with any Sect or Sectation Name, or Patronize my selfs therewish, in the ground of truth, not a Flatcinian as N. supposeth, but I shall stand in the

ground.

7. For I teach no Selfe ability without Chrift, to atteine the Adoption as N. thinketh, onely I am not fatisfied with his opinion, much leffe with Mr. N. N., which wholly clasheth against the Scripture; for I am dead to all opinions in me, and have nothing but what is given me of God to know; and I leave all you to judge whence I know what it is; that I as a Lay, Illiterate, unexercized man have to doe with you, who are bred up in the high Schooles, and must fet my selfe against Learned Art, and yet in my reason I know not, without Gods knowing, to attaine thereunto, but I looke upon what God doth; but in the ground of my gifts I know well enough what I doe in this purpose and intention; and yet it is no intention in me; but thus the time doth bring it forth, and thus HEE, who ruleth all things, doth drive and order it.

8. Concerning our feeret discourse (as you know) you must yet be patient to goe on in that knowie pro esse a good while; and in this beginning no other will be admitted; it may well in the seventh yeare, be accomplished in this processe; for it must bee opened through all the fix Properties of the spiritual Ground; albeit it is already opened through the Sunne, yet the Key is scarce come into the first or second degree of the Centre of nature; for each property among the fix formes of the spiritual life hath a sundry or peculiar Sunne in it, from the strength, induence, and original of the light of nature; that is, of the Essential Sunne, and age to be open-

ed in order, as their birth and originall is.

9. First, Saturnes Sunne is opened through the Key of the outs ward Sunne; that the Severation of nature is discerned. Secondly, Jupiters

Tipiters Sun is opened, and then the powers are discerned, as a blof-

toming Tree, and hitherto you are come.

10. Thirdly; Mars, Viz. the fire foule is opened, and then Virgin Venus appeareth in her white robes, and playeth with the foule to fee if it might move the fame to the defire of Love; it goeth out and in, up and downe with the foule; and lovingly accolates with ir, to fee whether it would introduce the fugitive properties of felfewill (where the foule departed out of the temperature into the fugitive life, of the divided properties of the body) againe into her; that Virgin Venus might be againe animated [or Soulized] and re-obtaine the Fires Tincture, wherein its joy, and its life confifteth.

11. For Virgin Venus is the splendor of the white in the Sunne, understood in this place; but the fability to the shining is not its owne; the spiritual water is its owne propriety, which water arifeth out of the fire, where the separation beginneth in the Salniter in Mars his Sun, then Virgin Venus separates it felfe in it selfe, and covereth her selse with a Copper Vesture; for Mars would have her for a propriety; but he defiles her exceedingly in his malignity; and spatters in earth and rust; for he cannot have her as his espoused, upleffe he gives her his owne fire will for a propriety; and that hee willeth not; and therefore they strive a long time, they are marry-

ed ones, but they are faithleffe to each other.

12. And even then comes the Sun, and openeth the Sun of Mercury, which is the fourth Key, where you shall see great wonders; bow God hath created the Heaven and the Earth; and moreover the ground of the foure Elements; and if you then rightly observe, you shall see your owne proper Genius unfolded before you, and see how the Word is become Man, Viz. the expressed Word in the re-expresfing [or speaking it selfe forth] into the severation of the Powers, you will fee how Virgin Venus is severed, and how the formes of pature doe take her into them, and goe about in a pitifull estate with her; and take her into their owne Domination, and change themfelves in her, into a purple colour; they would murther, but shee is their Baptisme to the new life, in this place.

12. The fifth Key is Virgin Venus her felfe, wherewith thee openeth her * Gold, Viz. the Sunne, that shee giveth her will and faire * Aliter, God. Garland to the murtherers; fo that thee standeth as one impregnate or humbled then supposeth the Artist that he hath the new child.

but he is far enough from it, till the birth thereof.

14. The fixth Key is Luna, when the Sun openeth this, then Mars, Jupiter, and Saturne, must all forsake their owne will, and let their fugitive aspiring Pompe fall; for the Sun in Luna taketh them into the Incarnation; then the Artist beginneth to be sad, and thinketh

he hath lost, but his hope shall not be ashamed; for the Moone in its opened Sun is so hungry after the true Sun, that shee attracteth it with force and effect into them; whereupon Mars quaileth in his wrath, and dyeth away in his owne right, and then Virgin Venus receiveth him, and insuoates with her love into him; whereby Mars in Jupiter and Saturne is quick in this love of a joyfull life, and all the fix properties doe give their will in to Venus; and shee giveth her will to the Sunne, and then the life is borne, that standeth in the

Temperature.

15. Deare Mr Dollor the pen is not to be trufted, yet have a care unto the worke, it will be fo; and no otherwise, move it not; least Mercury be enraged before his opening; for outwardly he is evill. but inwardly he is good and the true life, yet Mars is the cause to life; also they proceed not so plainely and punctually in the order with their opening, albeit the opening is done in Order; but the fenfall wheel turneth it felf about and windeth inwardly, till Saturne cometh with his will into the internall ground, and then he standeth in the Temperature, and preduceth no longer inclinations; but all that you now tee, are the revolting fugitive spirits; and Vaunt with Virgin Venus, but they live all in Whoredome; and they must be converted and turne into the inner ground, that they may be fixed; this is done to long, till Virgin Venus loofeth her materiall grotle impure] water, in which the Adulterers wantonize with her in falle-will; that so she may become holy spirituall; and then the fun shineth in her; which changeth the nature into love.

water from the fire, and light; Viz. The power of the fire, and of the light; when it is severed from its groffiesse, through the opening of all the properties of nature, then it is rightly spirituall; then the Solar spirit receives hno other property at all into it selfe, save onely, that which is able to reach its sensall sun in the opened; for the sun taketh northing into it selfe, but its likenesse; it taketh its Heaven out of the earth, (if you will understand me aright) for it is its food, whence it generates a young Sun in it selfe, which is also called Sol; but it is a body, therefore I say unto you, keep you differently and precisely to it; you shall well rejoyce, it God let you live so long; if onely you have the right Father; which I have sounded

for and am greatly in love with him.

17. This is well knowne to me, for I have lately feen it at which I doe not onely wonder but rejoyce; therein much is revealed to me, and albeit I might write somewhat more largely yet it is not necessary in this precess; also the pen is not to be trusted; it may be done another time; and I pray you to keep this Letter secret, and in faithfulnesse; if I come to you, I may entrust you with somewhat which

which I have lately feen and received; yet I shall goe so far as I dare if opportunity give way and the troubles which are nigh hinder me not; then I come to Breslaw about Shrovetide; and so I may visit you in my returne.

18. Mr Differ become feeing, read the treatife of Eleltion with inward deliberation [or ponderings] it hath more in it in its internall ground, then outwardly, in reference to the fayings of the Scripture [is to be expressed] which inward ground, I dare not

give, or unfold to the unwife.

19. Be faithfull in the * Mysteries and account the wicked World not worthy of them in its covereousnesse; what you cannot understand Parabolically, there questions are requiste; somewhat more shall be revealed to you; yet in order onely to doe that, I am prohibited by the Prince of the Heavens; in nature and manner of the blossoming earth, I dare well doe it.

20. Therefore imitate the Bees that gather honey of many flowers; often writing might doe you fervice; yet what you please; God takes God, need takes need, each thing receiveth its like.

* Text, In

THE

THE THREE AND TWENTIETH EPISTLE.

TO

CHRISTIANUS STEENBERGER

OF PHYSICK.

Our Salvation is in the life of Jesus Christ in U.S.



ORTHY, Learned, Christian deare Friend; all hearty wishes of Divine Love and Grace premised: Desiring, that the Fountain of Divine love might be opened through the Sun of life, unto you, whence the Divine water springeth; as I doubt not but the Bridegroom hath called his Bride, Viz Your sould, to this well-spring; seeing I understand that God hath placed you under the Crosse, and Tribulation.

2. This is thefirst marke and figne of the Noble Sophia, wherewith shee figneth her Children; for shee useth to manifest her selfe through the thornes of Gods anger, as a faire Rose on the thorny Bush; so farre forth as the soule keepeth its vow and fidelity, for there must be a faithfull and firme Bond and Covenant between the soule, and this sire burning Love of God.

3. Man must set upon such a purpose, that he will enter into Christs bitter passion, and death, and dye therein da, y to his sins, and evill vanities, and pray earnestly unto God for the renewing of his minde, and understanding: He must be apointed and illuminate.

nated

nated of the holy spirit: and pur on Christ, with his suffering death and resurrection, that he may be a true branch on the vine of Christ; in whom Christ himselfe worketh and ruleth, according to the internal ground of his Starie.

which Mystery is comprehended in faith, where the deity and humanity are then conjoined according to that same internal ground, *Or, Make in manner as the fire doth * through heate the Iron, and yet the the Iron red Iron retaines its substance; but so long as the fire burneth therein, hot.

it is changed into a meer fire.

5. Not that the creature apprehends it in its owne might; but it is apprehended; when the will doth wholly refigne it selfe up to God; and the spirit of God ruleth in this resigned will; and the will is the true Temple of the boly Gbost; wherein Christ dwelleth essentially; not in an Imaginary thought-like creaturely manner, but as the fire in the Iron; or as the Sun in an hearb, where the influentiall power of the sun doth forme and make it selse essential in and with the influence of the hearb.

6. Thus it is to be understood likewise in the spirit of man, when the holy power of God doth forme and Image it selfe in mans spirit and faith; and becomes a spiritual being for essence which onely the south of faith, doth lay hold on; and not the earthly man in steff and bloud, which is mortall; it is an Immortal Being, wherein Obrist dwelleth in man; it is the Heaven of God enstamped on the little World; and it is a Revelation of the place [Throne or seat.] of God, where the paradise doth again spring forth, and beare

frnit.

7. Therefore the Dragon must be first slain, and albeit he yet hangeth unto the earthly sless, as the rind and barke on the tree; yet the
spirit liveth in God, as Saint Paul saith; our conversation is in Heaven, and as Christ also said, he that eareth my flesh, and drinketh my bloud
he abideth in me, and I in him, also without me you can dee nothing.

8. Therefore I say, if any one be a true Christian; he is so, in Christ, he is begatten and innate in the life and spirit of Christ; and puts on the Refurrection of Christ, for thus the satisfaction of Christ is imparted to him; and thus also Christ doth overcome sin, death, Devill, and Hell in him; and thus he is reconciled and united with

God, in Chrift.

9. For the new birth is not a grace imputed from without; that we need onely comfort our felves with Christs Merits, and continue in the Hypocrific of fin; no it is a childlike innate grace; that God hash put Christ with the Justification, on the convert; that Christ also doth redeem blim in himselfe, with the power of his Refurrection from Gods anger; else, he is no Christian, let him statuer, and make devout shewes in hipocrific, as he pleaseth.

10. Concerning

to. Concerning the interpretation of some words (and also of that which you desire of me,) which are specifyed in my Book called Aurora (which have very hidden Meanings, the knowledge whereof was given me of the most High;) I give you to understand that at present it is not convenient to write at large and Express, thereof in Letters seeing the time is dangerous, and the Enemy of Christ doth horribly rage and rave; till a little time be past, yet I will give you a short hint, further to consider of it.

11. As first, there is a twofold meaning of the Northern Crowne; The sist poynteth at the Crowne of life; Viz. The Spirit of Christ, which shall be manifest in the mid'st of the great darknesse, Viz. In the contrition [or distresse] of the sensible nature of the Conscience; where a peculiar motion is present; then commets the Bridgeroome; Viz. The power of Christ in the mid'st of such a mo-

tion.

12. The other fignification is a Figure of the outward Kingdome; where the great confusions, entanglements, and contentions, shall be when as the Nations shall stand in controversie; There also is the figure, Viz. the Victory intimated; as it stands in the Spiritual figure; how it shall goe, and what People shall as last Conquer, and how in the mean while, in fuch lamentable time of Tribulation Christ shall be made manifest and knowne; and that after, and in that miserable time the great mysteries shall be revealed, that men shall be able to know even in Nature the hidden God in Trinity, in which knowledge the strange Nations shall be converted and turn Christians; and therein is fignifyed how the Sectarian contentions in Religion shall be destroyed in such Manisestation, for all gates will be set open, and then shall all unprofitable Praters which at present lye as so many Bars before the Truth, be done away; and all shall acknowledge, and know Christ, which Manifestation shall be the last, then the Sun of life shall shine upon all Nations; and even then the Beast of iniquity with the Whore, end their dayes, which is fignifyed under the Chara-Aers Ra. Ra. Ra. P. in R.P. As is to be feen in the Revelation.

13. We dare not at prefent make this large Interpretation more cleare, all will shew it selfe; and then men shall see what it was, for

there is yet clean another time.

14. Concerning the language of nature, I certifie you; that it is so; but what I understand in it, I cannot teach or give another; indeed I can give a fignification thereof, how it is to be understood; but it requireth much roome; and there must be a Personal Conference and intercourse in it, it is not to be set downe in writing.

15. Also concerning the Phylosophicall worke of the Tinthure, its progresse is not so bluntly and plainely to be described; albeit I have it not in the Praxis, the Scale of God lyeth before it to conceale

the

the true ground of the same, upon paine of eternall punishment, unleffe a man knew for certaine, that it might not be mif-used; there is also no power to attaine unto it, unlette a man first become * that * Enter into himselfe which he seeketh therein ; no skill or Art availeth, unlesse the New birth. one give the Tindure into the hands of another, he cannot prepare it unleffe he be certainely in the new birth.

16. There belong two Centrall fires unto it, wherein the might of all things confift; which may eafily be attained, if man be rightly fitted: Therefore Sir, doe not trouble and toyle your felfe in that , manner and way, which you mention, with any Gold or Minerals, it is all false; the best in Heaven and in the World, from above, and below must be ingredient to it, which is farre off, and nigh at hand; the place is every where, where it may be had; but every one is not fit and prepared for it, neither doth it cost any money, but what is fpent upon the time and bodily maintenance; else it might be prepared with imo + Florens, and leffe.

17. The World must be made Heaven, and Heaven the World; it is not of Earth, Stones, or Mettalls, and yet it is of the Ground of all Mettals; but a spirituall Being, which is environed with the four Elements, which also changeth the foure Elements into one; a doubled Mercury, yet not Quick-filver, or any other Minerall or Mettall.

18. Read the * Water-Stone of the Wife men, which is in Print; * A Book entitherein is much truth; and it is moreover cleare, the worke is easie, and the Art is simple; a Boy of Ten yeares might make it; but the Wisedome therein is great, and the greatest Mystery; every one must Seeke it himselfe; it behooves us not to treake the Seale of God, for a fiery Mountaine lyeth before it; at which I my felfe am amazed, and must wait whether it be Gods wil: How should I teach others expresly thereof, I cannot yet make it my felfe; albeit I know somewhat; and let no man seeke more of me then I have, yet cleare enough signified; and I commend you, together with all the Children of God, into the Love of Jesus Christ.

+ Four Shil-

tuled, Wasser Stein der Weisen.

JACOB BEEM.

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THE FOUR AND TWEN TIETH EPISTLE

In Answer to a Question. WHY.

The Statua of one that was Deceafed. Wept, or fhed Teares ?



OUCHING the Question, it is dark in the understanding, and there needs a Joseph to explaine it; for it is a Magical thing, and very wonderfull; whereupon it is hard to be answered, for it proceedeth from the Magia.

2. Yet I will open and fliew you in very briefe, what my Opinion is thereupon; nor that I would conclude and patie an absolute determinate judg-

ment concerning it, and leave you and other illuminate men of God, to their opinion and apprehension in it; but whether God hath given me to * prove it, that I leave to your judgement, who know the condition of the mentioned Person better then I; for all things proceed according to the time, measure, and limit of that thing.

3. A hard rough f Morall Some hath no life that is moveable [or active] for the Elementall vegetable life standeth mute and still therein; and it is flut up with the first Impression; yet not in that manner, as if it were a Nothing; there is not any thing in this fet up for a Mo- World, wherein the Elementall as well as the Sydereall Dominion doth not lye; but in one thing it is more moveable, active, and working, then in another; and we cannot say neither, but that the foure Elements, together with the Starres, have their daily operation in all things.

+ Or, Statue of Stone framed by a Stone-cut-

* Or resolve it.

tersor an Image mament.

4. But

4. But being this is a hard Stone, therefore the Miracle is above the wonted and ordinary course of Nature; whereupon we can in no wife fay, that it hath a naturall cause in the Stone; as if the operation of the Stone should move and put forth this; but it is a Magicall motion from the Spirit, whose Image is hewen out and pourtrayed in the Stone.

5. For a Stone confifteth in three things, and fo all Beings confift of these three things, but inclosed in a twofold property: Viz. in a spirituall and in a corporall; and those three, wherein all whatfoever is in this World confift, are Sulphur, Mercury, and Salt, in two properties i the one Heavenly, the other Earthly; as God dwelleth in the Time, and the Time in God, and yet the Time is not God

but out of God, as a pourtrayed Image of Eternity.

6. So Man likewise is out of the Time, and also out of the Eternity, and confifterh of three things, Viz. of Sulphur, Mercury, and Salt, in two parts; the one being out of the time. Viz the outward body, and the other standeth in the Eternity, Viz. the foule; feeing then, that Man, and the Time, as well as the Eternity fland in one Dominion, in Man; thence wee are to confider of the Que-Stion.

7. For man is a * little World out of the great World, and hath the * Microcofinus property of the whole great World in him, for God fayd unto him af- ex Macrocolmo. ter the fall; thou art Earth and unto Earth thou shalt turne; that is, Sulphur, Mercury and Salt, therein stand all things in this World be it Spirituall, or Corporall, fave the foule which standeth in such a property according to the right of the eternall nature, as I have sufficiently

demonstrated in my Writings.

8. Now when man dyeth, then the outward light in the outward Sulphur doth extinguish and goe out with its outward fire wherein the life hath burned, and then the body falleth to duft, and entreth again into that, whence it is come; but the foule which is brought forth out of the eternal nature, and infused into Adam by the spirit of God; that can not dye, for it is not out of the time, but out of the

Eternall Generation.

9. Now if the foule hath + put its defire into any temporall + Or, Set its thing, and therewith hath imprinted it felfe; [or ftrongly fet its I- minde upon. magination thereupon] then it hath impressed the property of that thing into its defire, and boldeth it magically, as if it had it bodily; indeed it cannot hold the body, understand the elementall, but it holdeth the sydereall body untill the Stars also consume it, and it often hapneth that People doe appeare after there death in Houses with there owne body, but the body is cold, dead, and num, and the spirit of the soule doth onely put it on, by the astrall spirit, so long, till the body putrifyeth. IO. Alfo

Teares.

10. Also many a body is so strongly possessed of the Astrall constant of Spirit, rhrough the Desire of the soule, that it is a long while a decaying; for the desire of the soule doth bring the sydereal spirit thereinto; so that the Elements are as it were impressed with an Astrall life; especially if the soule hath not yet attained to rest, and that in the life of the body it had strongly imagined upon any thing (and taken it to heart) and in the mean time the body dyed before it had quitted its desire, and taken it out of that thing; therefore the will doth still continually run in that same Impression; and it would fain rightly essentially essentially essentially working, and driving, untill the stars consume it; formerly-in the Popish Religion there was somewhat handled about it; but without sufficient understanding.

Or, Shed Grave-ston

11. Now you may eafily confider how it fell out, that the Engraven Grave-flore, * shed water, or wept, it is not done from the power or vertice of the stone, but from the strength and might of the spirit; whose the stone is, whose image it beares, also it is not done from the source of the strength and might of the spirit; whose the strength spirit; the constellations in the Spirit of the soule have impressed themselves, into the sydereall Spirit in the stone; all according to the soules desire; it hath hereby signified; that there was something that lay heavy in its minde when it lived; and this sadnesse or something that lay heavy in its minde when it lived; and this sadnesse or something that lay heavy in its minde when it lived; and this sadnesse or something that lay heavy in its subset is there is also your Treasure; also in the Revelation of Jesus Christ it is written, our WORKES shall follow us.

12. Deare Sir, it behooves me not to Judge further herein; confider whether the mentioned Perfon had not fomething in her, that lay heavy upon her, before her end; whether any had done her wrong; or fnee had done wrong to any body, or whether the care about her Husband and children (fo far as fnee was a holy Perfon) did not trouble her; feeing any of them going on in an evill coulfe, that fo through the power of the Sydereall spirit, through the Stone, shee might give such admonition for amendment: Noble Sir, confider your selfe aright, I may likely among all these mentioned things hit one; but seeing I never knew the Person, also know nothing of her, I leave the judgement unto your Fawar, you know better then I, what her condition herein was; I write onely of the Possibility, how it may bee; and passe no further judgement, or determination.

13. But that this might be laughed at, and be accounted ridiculous; I paffe not for it, I am not deceived; I understand (1 blesse God) this ground very well; for such knowledge I have not lear-

nea

ned of, or by, Man, but it hath been given me; and I would sufficiently ground it with further, and larger exposition if I should write of the Humane Property; how Man is in Life, and how in Death.

14. I fend you the Booke of the Forty Questions, there you may fee further ground, which notwithstanding is better grounded into the Centre of all Beings in the Booke of the Threefold Life; and yet much more in the Book of *the Signature of all things: Farthermore I entreat you not to incustion; this my indigenent and explanation of the Question, much among light people; for to a Cow there belongeth Fodder, and to the intelligent [there belongeth] understanding; the wicked man judgeth wickedly; the understanding man proveth all things: I speake from a good intent and affection.

* De signatura Rerum.

1. Jan. 1622.

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THE

THE FIVE AND TWENTL ETH EPISTLE

TO

* Carel von * CHARLES of ENDERN.



OBLE, Right Honourable Sir, I wish and defire unto you (from the most holy omnipresent God, who is the sulnesse of all things, and the power of all Beings) a happy joyfull new yeare, and all prosperous welfare.

2. Albeit I being a simple man, never in all my life intended to have intercourse and converse with such high Persons, with my Gift, which God hath

bestowed upon me, out of his mercy and love, or thereby to be knowne and acquainted with them; but when the high light was enkindled in me, and the fiery instigation fell upon me, then my will was onely to write what I saw in an effectuall peculiar manner, and knew in the Spirit; and I intended to keepe my Writings to my Selfe.

3. I faw well enough what would come to paffe, but that I should esteeme my selfe, as to have my Writings knowne; never as yet came into my minde; for I esteemed my selfe too simple; I intended to write downe the Pearle-like Garland onely for my selfe; and to

imprint it on my heart.

4. But feeing that I (as a very fimple man) did not understand or take notice of this; and yet I now fee plainely, that Gods intention was farre otherwise then ever came into my minde; thereupon I learne first this consideration, That there is no respect of Persons with God; but he that dependent on him, is accepted and beloved of him; and he drives his worke in him; for he is onely high, and is plea-

ted to manifest himselfe in the weak, that it may be knowne, That the Kingdone and the Power is his alone.

And allo that it lyeth not in humane Searchings and Reason, or depends on the Heavens and their powers; for they doe not comprehend him, but that he is well pleased to reveale himselfe in the low and humble; that he may be knowne in all things; for the Powers of the Heavens doe also worke themselves forth continually in shapes, formes, plants, and colours, to manifest and reveale the holy God, that he may be knowne in all things.

6. Much more high and cleare can the manifestation of God be made in man; being he is not onely an Essence [or Being] out of the created World; but his power, matter, and peculiar Being, which he himselse is; standeth, and assimulateth with all the three

Principles of the Divine Being.

7. And there is nothing diminished from the Being of the divine creature, in its fall, but onely the divine light, wherein it should live, walke, and be in God, in perfect love, humility, meeknesse and holynesse; and so eat the [Manna] or Heavenly bread of the word, and divine power, and live in persection like the Angels.

8. This light, which in the second Principle shineth eternally in God, (which is the onely cause of joy, love, humility, meeknesse, and therey,) is withdrawne, and hidden from man in his fall; in that the suit nom (when he was formed in his Mother of the great World) did set his Imagination, lust, and longing, upon the Mother of nature, and defired the sood of the first Principle; (wherein the Originall and birth of nature; the source of Anger, and the most Anxious birth, (whence all the comprehensible things of this World are made); doe consist,) whereupon he is become capable of the same; being, he stood upon the same root.

o. Thus he is according to the body, and also according to the spirit, become a Child of this created World, which ruleth, acteth, and leadeth him; and also giveth him his meat, and drink, and hath conceiveth in him the corruptibility, and painfulnesse, and hath gotten

a Bestiall body, which must again Correct in its Mother.

10. For he should not have the Monstrous form; the constellation of the great World should not domineer over him; but he had his owne Constellation in himselfe, which did affinulate with the holy Heaven of the Second Principle of the Divine Being; that is, with the rising and birth of the Divine Nature.

not any more the fift man, whom God created; onely he hath gotten the monftrous forme, which is corruptible, and hath its beginning onely and meetly from the monft ontward and third Principle.

A a and

and hath awakned and opened in him the Gate of the first Principle (being the severe, earnest Source) which however burneth in the great created World, and is wholly enkindled in the damned.

12. But the right man, which God created; which onely is the true right man, is yet hidden in this Corrupt man, and if he denyeth himselfe in his beastiall formes, and liveth not according to the asting, driving, and will of the same; but surrenders himselfe to God with his whole minde, thoughts, and senses; then this man liveth in God, and God worketh in him the will and the deed, for all is in God.

13. The right holy and heavenly man, which is hidden in the monstrous, is as well in Heaven as God; and the Heaven is in him, and the heart, or light of God is begotten and borne in him; that is, God in him, and he in God; God is nearer to him, then the Bestiall body.

14. The Bestiall body is not his owne native Countrey, where he is at home; but he is therewith without Paradise; but the right man regenerate and borne anew in Christ, is not in this World, but in the Paradise of God; and albeit he is in the body, yet he is

in God.

15. And though the Bestiall body dyeth, yet nothing is done to the new man, but it then commeth forth right out of the contrary Will and Torment house, into its native Countrey; there need not any farre removing or distance of place, whither hee supposeth to goe, that it might be better with him; but God is manifest in him.

16. The foule of man is out of the first Principle of God, but in that, it is no holy Being; but in the Second Principle it is manifest in God, and is a Divine Creature; for even there the Divine light is borne; therefore if the Divine light be not borne [begotten or brought forth in it [Vi_{Z} , the Soule] then God is not in it, but it livets in the most originall, earnest Source, where there is an E-ternall contrariety [enmity, or contrary will] in it selse.

17. But if the light be borne, then there is joy, love, and pleafant delight in the Creature, and the new Man, which is the Soule, is in God; How should not there be knowledge where God is in the Creature?

18. Now it lyeth not in the willing, running, and toiling of the Creature, to know the depths of the deity; for the foule knoweth not the divine Centre, how the divine effence is generated; but it depends on Gods will, how he will manifest it.

19. Now then, if God doth manifest himselfe in the soul; what hath

hath the foule done towards it? nothing? it hath onely the Longing or travelling to the birth; and looketh to God, in whom it liveth; whence the divine light commeth apparent, and fining in it: and the first fierce [earnest] Principle, whence mobility doth originally arise is changed into Triumphing joy.

20. Therefore it is a very unjust thing, that the World doth so rage, and rave; so Tyranize, reproach, contenne, and revile, when the gifts of God doe shew themselves differently in man, and all have not one, and the same knowledge.

21. What can a man take unto himselse; if it be not borne in him? which notwithstanding standeth not in mans choise, as he defires or liketh of it, but as his Heaven is in him, so likewise is God manifest in him.

22. For God, is not a God of Destruction in the birth, [or Universall Generation] but an illuminator, enkindler, and nourisher, and each Creature hath its owne Centre in it selfe, let it live eyther in the holynesse of God, or in the anger of God; God will however be

manifest in all Creatures.

23. If the World were not so blind, it might know the wonderfull Being of God in all Creatures, but now that it doth so rage and rave, it doth it wholly against it self and against the holy Spirit of God, at whose light, they shall once be aftenished; they shall not hinder the Sonne which the Travelling Mother bringeth forth in her old Age, for this the Heaven declareth.

24. God shall enlighten him against all the raging and raving of the Devill; and his light [splendor or glory] shall reach from the East unto the West; I write not of my selfe, but I onely foreshew

that this is at hand, and shall come.

25. I would gladly have pleasured you at present with what I promised, wherein all that is herein touched and hinted at, might be clearly explained, and also what that good, and known *Dostor hat be defired touching the Originall, Being, life, and drift of man, and of his soule; and also his Finall End; onely it is not yet finished.

* Doctor Baltasar Walter. Forty Questi-

26. For the gifts which were once given mee of God are not therefore quite dead and gone; albeit they were hid by the Devill and the World, yet now they oftentimes appeare and shew themfelves more deep, and more wonderfull.

27. And very shortly (God willing) you shall receive somewhat thereof; for there is an higher beginning made towards it; especially of the THREE PRINCIPLES of the

Aa 2 Divine

180

The five and twentieth Epiftle.

Aurora.

Divine Being, and fo forth of all the things which are promifed in my * Booke.

+ Or, Vie all care and diligence.

a8. Onely I am much bufied with worldly affaires and employments, else a great part might have been finished; but I will be † diligent, by Divine and earnest Exercise; what God will, shall be done : And herewith I commend you into the Protection of the Almighty.

Dated, 18. Jan. 1618.

The I have not all and Descriptions

Car DV CAN BARNA d to was les

And the second of the second o

Written in hafte. J.B.

S'X AND TWENTLE.

*CHARLES OF ENDERN.

* Carel von Endern.



HE Love in the heart of God the Father, and the light of his power, in the life of Jesus Christ, be our refreshment; and helpe us to the new birth, that the true Image may appeare to Gods honour and deeds of wonder; and cause the faire sprout of his Lilly to grow in 165, in the Paradisicall Garden of Jesus Christ.

2. Noble, Right Honourable Sir, my humble and most willing Service, with hearty wishes of all temporall and eternall prosperity, premised; I have received by the Bearer your Man, a medsure of Corne, which you have sent unto mee, and I thank you most kindly; and I pray God Almighty Blesse you in abundance for it.

3, Being Noble Sir, you are so humble, and doe not looke upon, and regard what the World doth; and also you doe not value the subtiley [or pert prudency] of the high; but you seek and labour after that which the Lord of Heaven buildeth; albeit it appeare foolishnesses in the world; but it seemeth good in his sight to drive on his worke in meane, low, plaine, and Childlike people, that he onely might be exalted; and no man might have wherewithall to boast; and you likewise may surely hope for the same knowledge; which is more beautiful and excellent then all pompe and riches of the World; soir all whatsoever is temporall doth leave and forsike Man, but the honourable Garland [or Trophy] of Christ doth not forske man in death; but it bringeth him to the heavenly tryping Hoast of Angels, into his right eternal native Countrey for home.]

4. Now feeing we know, and exceedingly well understand that we are onely Pilgrims in this World, in a strange lodging, in very great

danger, lying captive in a fore and hard prison, and must continually seare, and expect death; therefore Noble Sir, you doe very well, and deale more wisely then the prudent of the World, in that you looke about you, and endeavour after your Eternall native Countrey, and not after the Pompe, Power, and Riches of this World, as

generally the high and great Ones doe.

5. I make no doubt, but that you herein shall obtaine a very faire Garland from the Virgin of the eternall wisedome of God; which if it come to passe, will be of more value and acceptance with you, then all temporall riches, and this whole World with all its Being and Splendor; of which [Growne or Trophy of Sophia] if I had no effectuall knowledge, I would not write; for of the wise of this World (who onely out of selfe pride without Gods spirit doe arrogate, and attribute all knowledge and understanding to themselves) I have not onely poore thankes, but also nothing else but derision, and scorne; at the which I doe rejoyce, the rather in that I beaie reproach for the Name and knowledge-sake of God.

6. For if my knowledge had beene gotten in their Schoole, then they would imbrace and love their owne; but that it is from another Schoole, therefore they know it not; and moreover they despife it, as they have done unto all the Prophets, Christ and his Apostiles, this shall not trouble or turne me aside; but as I have begun, I will depend on my God and Creatour, with the greater earnest nesse, and tixed resolution; I will commit my telse unto him, let him

doe with me what he pleafe.

7. I attribute no wisedome unto my selfe, moreover I rely not upon any purpose or intention of reason; for I see most plainly, and finde it as cleare as the Sun, that God goeth clean another way to

worke.

8. Therefore if we deal in a childlike manner; and not in our reason (but onely depend one him with true defire and right earnestnesse; and put all our considence in him) then we obtain somethen noble Virgin of his wisedome; then in our sharp inventions, and acute reasonings; for when shee cometh shee bringest true Wisedome, and Heavenly understanding along with her and without

the same I know nothing.

9. But seeing you have a great delight to read such Writings concerning the highest being, (and as I hope it is Gods providence,) therefore I will not withhold from you what the cheifest good hath put me in trust withall; but shortly I will send you something that is more full; for there is a very wonderfull and excellent Booke begun concerning the life of man; which if the Lord please to continue his hand over me, shall clearely open what man is? and what he hath to doe, to obtain the cheifest good.

10. For

10. For it goeth very clearly through the three Principles; and sheweth the whole ground, fo that a man (unleffe he will willfully of himselse be blind) may know God, and the Kingdome of Heaven and also bimselfe; likewise our lamentable fall, and also the restauration in the life of Jesus Christ; and it shall especially treat of the fair Lillies, which God will below upon the last World; which will be very pleafant to be read.

11. And though I know not fufficiently the full and whole ground what it shall be; yet I see it in a great depth; and I hope if God grant fo much grace, not to give over, till it be finished; and also for the future finish the promised writings which are now kept back by the Oppreffour; as also [my Exposition] upon Moses; where the great wonders of God shall be clearely manifest to the light of the Day; the which God will freely bestow and afford unto the last World.

12. However at present all is in Babel, and there shall a great rent be made; yet let none despaire; for as God helped the Children of Ifrael with Confolation in the Babilonicall Captivity, and fent them Prophets; even so shall now also Lillies grow up in the midst of Thornes, and this is wonderfull.

13. Also none need thinke, that even now the whole Destruction of the City Babel shall come to passe; there shall verily be an exceeding great Rent, such a one as men now doe not believe; for the

Antichrift is not wholly revealed, though verily in part.

14. Men shall suppose that they have wholly rooted him out, and after some forrow, great joy thall follow, and they shall make Laws and Covenants, together with severe, sharpe Articles of Religion; yet for the most part , for the advancement of their Honour and Might; and men shall suppose that the holy spirit of Heaven speaketh; and now there is a golden World; yet it sticketh full of Gods Anger, and is still in Babel, and the true Effence of the right life in Christ is not yet therein.

115. Also the Rider on the Pale Horse shall come after, and cut off many with the Sickle, yet in the meane time the Lilly foringeth in the wonders, against which the last Antichrist shall raise Perfecution; even then commeth his End; for the appearance of the Lord

terrifieth him.

16. And then Babel burneth up in the zeale and Anger of God, and the same is wonderfull, of which I have no * power to write more plainely; yet at that time my Willings shall be very ferviceable; for there commeth a time from the LORD which is not from the Stapry Heaven.

17. Bleffed is he that seekes the Lord with full earnestnesse, for he shall not be found in the History, but in true affiance, and in the right

* Authority, or

right refignation into the dife, and into the Doctrine of Christ:

Therein the baly Ghost shall appears with wonders, and powers, which Bubel at present in her inventions [forged hypocrates] doth not believe; yet however it certainely commeth; and is already on foot,

yet bidden from the World.

18. I have fent you by Mr. Fabian, the whole worke of the Second Booke, but I know not whether you have received it, for fince that time by reason of my Journey, I have not spoken with Mr. Fabian; if not, then you may demand it of him: And so I commit you to the meeke Love in the life of Jesus Christ the Sonne of God.

Given in hafte: Gærlits, Friday, before the Advent, 1619.

The Name of the LORD is a Strong Tower, the Righteous flye unto it, and is exalted.

THE

SEVEN AND TWEN-TIETH EPISTLE.

*CHARLES OF ENDERN.

* Carel von Endern.



OBLE, Right Honourable Sir, my humble, ready, and willing Service, with all Cordiall wishes of Gods love and grace, to your new creature, in the New man, in the the body of Jefus Christ; as also all temporall prosperity and blefting for the earthly body, premised.

2. I have confidered your Noble heart, and minde, which is enkindled and enflamed not onely towards God,

but likewise towards his Children, in love; which hath exceedingly rejoyced me in Christ; and I must in a speciall manner confider of the true earnestnesse and zeale, which I know and acknowledge; for you have endeavoured much about my few Writings of the first part, and not regarded the murthering [or consounding cryes] of the Oppressour, but sought after it your selfe to read it, and to copy it out with your owne hand.

3. Which give mee perswasion, that God hath opened a little gate [of his wisedome] unto you, which was fast shut to the Oppressor; being he sought for it in Art, and Pride; therefore it was concealed to him; for he was offended at the hand of the Writer, and did not minde what is written in the holy Scripture; My power is mighty in the weake; and how Christ thanked his Father, that he had hid it from the prudent and wise, and revealed it unto Babes; And sayd further, Tea surther! For so it hath pleased thee.

4. Also I am verily perswaded and convinced in my spirit, that you have not done it out of any Curiosity, but as it becommeth the Children of God, which seeke the precious Pearle, and are desirous

of it; which if it be found, is the most precious Jewell, which man loveth farre beyond his earthly life, for it is greater then the World, and more faire, beautifull, and excellent, then the Sun; it rejoy-ceth Man in tribulation, and begets him out of darkneffe to the light; it giveth him a certaine spirit of hope in God; and leadeth him upon the right path, and goeth along with him imo death, and brings him forth to life out of death; it quelleth the anguish of Hell, and it is every where his light; it is Gods friend in his love; it affordeth him Reason and Discretion to governe his earthly body; it leadeth him from the salse and evill way; and whosoever doth obtaine, and keep it, him it Crowneth with its Garland.

5. Therefore, noble Sir, I have no other cause to write unto you, but from a desire of unseighned love 20wards the Children of God; that I might but refresh, and recreate my selfe, with them; I doe it not for temporall goods or gifts (albeit you have tendied your kind and loving savours tome (though a stranger) in a curteous and friendly manner) but for the hope of Israel, that I may highly rejoyce with the Children of God, in the life to come; and my labour which here I undergoe in love towards them; shall then be well recompensed; when I shall so rejoyce with my Brethren, and every

ones work shall follow him.

6. Therefore I am in right earnest, being that a Sparkle of the pretious Pearl is given to me, and Christ faithfully warneth us not to put it under the table, or to bury it in the Earth; and thereupon we ought not so much to feare man, that can kill the body onely and then is able to doe no more, but we ought to feare him that can destroy body and soule;

and cast them into Hell.

7. And though in my time I shall receive but little thankes from some, who love their Belly more then the Kingdome of Heaven, yet my Writings have their gifts, and stand for their time; for they have a very pretious worthy earnest Birth and descent; and when I consider my selfe in my poor, low, unlearned, and simple person, I doe then wonder more then my very adversary.

8. But feeing I know Experimentally in power, and light, that it is a meer gift of God, who also giveth me a driving will thereunto, that I must write what I know and fee; therefore I will obey God rather then man; least my Office and Stewardship be taken away from me againe, and given unto another; which would Eternally grieve

me.

9. But feeing Sir, that you have obtained a longing and delight to read the fame, and that (as I verily hope) from the providence and appointment of God, therefore I shall not conceale it from you, feeing that God the most High hath called you, through his wonderfull Counsell, to publish the first Worke; when I thought the Oppressor

Oppressour had devoured it; but even then it sprung forth as a green

Twig, wholly unknowne to me.

to. And though I know nothing of my Selfe, what God is about to doe; and his Counfell and way also, which he will goe, is hidden from me, and I can say nothing of my selfe; also the Oppressor might impute it to me, for a Pedentick Pride, that I would thus onely arrogantly vaunt with my small gifts (which were of grace given to me) and thereby set forth the thoughts and imaginations of my heart for my owne vaine glory, and boasting.

II. Yet I declare in the presence of God, and testifie it before his judgement (where all things shall appeare, and every one shall give an account of his doings) that I my selfe know not what is hapned to me, or how it goeth with me, save onely that I have a

driving will.

12. Also I know not what I shall write, for when I write, the Spirit doth Distate the same to me in great wonderfull knowledge, so that I often cannot tell whether I (as to my Spirit) am in this World or no, and thereat I doe exceedingly rejoyce; and therein sure and certaine knowledge is imparted to me.

13. And the more I feeke the more I finde, and alwayes deeper, that I many times account my finfull person too weake, and unworthy, to set upon such high Mysteries, where then the spirit sets up my Banner, and sayth, Arise! thou shall live therein Eternally, and be

Crowned therewith; Why art thou amazed?

14. Therefore Noble Sir, I give you to understand in few words, the ground, and cause, both of the will and Search of my Writings, if you have a minde to reade any thing therein, I leave it to your choyce; I send you now what was made formerly, when I was with you; namely, from the beginning of the two and twentieth Chapter to the End, where in very deed, the noble Corall is opened, and my minde sheweth me that you shall take likement and delight therein; and herein also you shall obtaine a little Pearle, if your minde be approved and directed to God.

15. The reft (which are about some thirty Sheets) our known and good friend hath them, he shall give them to you; there are very high, and deepe things contained in the same; and are very worthy of Preservation; you shall likewise have them, if you please

to read them.

16. And albeit I set my selse to keepe the same somewhat still and secret, yet it is manisest, for I hear that haughty People doe desire it; by whom the Enemy (being a destroyer) might make it away; for I know well what manner of Enemy the Devill is that doth gainsay and oppose me; therefore I entreat you to deal wisely and carefully, I shall spedily (if need require) call for it.

P D 3

17. And

17. And shortly, if God permit, more, and deeper things shall be made upon Moses, and the Prophets; and thentit last upon the whole Tree of the life, in the Being of all Beings; shewing how all things begin and end, and to what being, each thing appeareth and cometh to light, in this World.

18. That I hope the fair and excellent lilly promifed of God, fhall spring forth in the Corall in his owne spirit in the Children of Gods love in Christ; for we finde a very pretious pearl yet springing, not now knowne to me in the body, but blooming in the minde;

and fo I commend you to the pleasant love of God.

THE

EIGHT AND TWEN-TIETH EPISTLE:

TO

*CHARLES OF ENDERN. Endern.

The Light, Salvation, and Eternall power, flowing from the heart of Jesus Christ, be our refreshment.



B L E, right Honourable Sir, all Cordiall wishes of Divine Salvation, and therein all prosperity premised; I cannot omit to salute you with this short Epistle, seeing your Curteous and Generous heart, hath bestowed a Measure of Corne upon me, which I gladly received, and doe returne exceeding many thankes for it; and I shall pray God the Creator and Preserver

of all things, in whose power all things are, to bleffe you in abundance for it.

2. And though I have not deferved it at your hands, and am but a Stranger to you, therefore I acknowledge your kinde heart herein towards the Children of God; but because you are so very humble, and that for Gods and his Kingdomes sake; and out of your highnesse of this World, doe cast your felse, with your favour and love into the plaine humility of Gods Children; thereupon I doe acknowledge it to be the seare of God; and a desire after the Communion with the Children of God, in which [Communion and Fellowship] we are in Christ, all one body in God, in many members and Creatures.

The eight and twentieth Epifile.

2. At which we should not onely highly rejoyce, but refigne our felves up to him, in one love, that his, power may be effectuall and abound in us, and his Kingdome may be begotten and brought forth in us, and that we night be made mutuall partakers of his being in one knowledge:

4. And it is not onely plainly manifest to us in the holy Scripture but also in the light of nature, that if a man doth good unto another. especially if it proceed from a kind Charitable good will, heare and inclination; that his heart spirit and minde that hath received the good, is again inclined in favour and love towards his propitious friend, and wisherh all bleffing and good unto him; and in that he prefents his owne wants, and condition before God, he likewife brings in his will, minde and love, before and into God, his faithfull friends condition; which in the power of God, doth * afford unto the kind heart, rich and aboundant bleffing, not onely for the earthly life, but hereby likewife, a path, and way is made into the Kingdome of God, so that if he turnes himselfe to God; and defires his love and grace; then his friends love, which before hath brought him in to God, doth helpe him to presse and force his way to God; and enable him to wrestle with the Turba, with the corrupt Infection or poyfonfull defire, in which, the Devill holds us captive; and to affifts him to deftroy the limit, or receptacle of the Anger; which for my part I am not onely obliged, but likewife wholly defirous and willing to doe.

5. Now because God hath given to me out of his kinde grace, a deepe and high knowledge of his will and being; therefore I am ready and willing to ferve you both with my Prayers for you towards God, and also with what I shall set downe in writing, so far as you may acknowledge, that it is from God (as I am verily perswaded,) and that you have a syncere defire to read it; I shall not conceale it from you; and also be forward to have mutuall and personall dis-

course with you.

6. And if you should therein finde a misunderstanding, I would fufficiently cleare it and inform you about it, or if any thing should feem too difficult to be understood, I would willingly bring it into a more easy understanding; or if you are pleased to put any thing that is higher or more profound to the question I hope to God (unto whose will I commit all things,) that it will be granted me to manifest it, and I shall indeavour carefully in all wayes, with Prayers unto God, that I may again flew my felfe in acceptable fervices of love towards you; which I hope in God that he will not deny me of it, as my heart is wholly given up thereunto; and doth indeavour that it may

* Or, Draw upon the kind beart.

may make a true labourer in the Vineyard of God, and may be manifelt in God, and become a fruit in the Kingdome of God.

7. As every tree laboureth to impart its fap unto its branches and twigs, that at last it might be knowne by the fruit that groweth on its branches; which likewise we are all bound, and obliged to doe; and I am very desirous of it, in.

THE

NINE AND TWEN-

* Carol van Endern.

*CHARLES OF ENDERN.



IGHT Honourable, and beloved in Chrift; I with unto you the rich and effectuall bleffing of God, in his power, that the Pearls ground in the life of Jefin Chrift may be manifeft in the Divine fhining light, in your owne light of life in you; and that it may bring forth abundance of fruit to Devine Contemplation, and Eternall joy.

2. Like as I have alwayes knowne you to be a Wel-wisher to the Study of wisedome; and my whole desire is at present (that for an expresse of thankfulnesse for my many received courtesses, and favours) I might be able to impart to you that which the most High hath in a short time given me out of his wel-spring of Grace.

3. And albeit I have no ability to doe it at my pleasure, yet my minde is so wholly enkindled in its Centre, that I would very heartily, and readily impart it to my bretheren in Christ; and I continually entreat the Lord that he would be pleased to open the hearts of men that they might understand the same; and that it may come in them to a right quick [essential] and living [essect] and operation.

4. And from a syncere intention I would not conceale from you, that I (fince the new Yeare) upon the desire of some learned men and persons of quality have written a treatise of Election or of Gods will concerning man; and so expressed and inlarged it out of such a ground [or deep soundation] that all Mysteries both of the outward, visible, Elementall; and then also of the hidden spirituall World may be therein discerned; and thereunto I have in an especiall manner alleadged the † sayings of the holy scripture, which speake

+ Or, Texts.

The wine and tremtieth Epiftle.

of Gods will to harden, and then of his un-willingnesse to harden, and so tuned or harmonized them together, that the right understanding and meaning of the same may be feen.

5. And it is so proved and demonstrated, that I hope in God that ic shall give furtherance and occasion to take saway that strife and controllers in the Chamber; which is known and manness, that the time is nigh and at hand; that the contentions about Religion shall enter into the Temperature, but with great mination of the talle Kingdone in Babel, that hath fet up it felfe in Chriffs flead, together with other great alterations; concerning which, although men now will hardly believe me, yet ina fhort time, shall really appeare, and shew themselves; and this beloved Sir, I would not, for your further confideración and chriftian medicación, omis to hint unto you ora

the art situation, with and netice." Ver at a territater, sad parience, ya or the Carle of Chief. 1 or lo gathings' and finitesi dan un toises man sus a la mark of their cores that he forther THE SOUTH SOUTH OF COME AND THE SOIL OF . a salem to and soy arts or ignerio the the will we had need at

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THE THIRTIETH EPISTLE. IMMANUEL.



Y very Christian Brother and Friend, all Cordial without of Divine Lore, and further illumination, with true perfevering, conflancy, and patience, patiently to endure the Crofe of Christ, premited.

2. God in the very beginning of your knowledge hath Sealed you with the mark of Chrift auro a further confirmation; and hath Crowned you to be a Champion, that you should worke as a

true owner in his Service.

3. And I exhort you as a Christion, that you would with Prayer and supplication commit the cause to God in patience, and stand quietly under the Crosse of Christ; and be diffigent in your Taken entrusted to you; you shall see great wonders, and your Taken will be more and mose pleasant and beloved, for so Christ hath also taught us, that we should forfake all for his Name sake; and cleave onely muto him; for he requiresh-a pure, resigned soule; in that he will dwell.

4. You have no cause to be amazed, or terrifyed, God knoweth well, for what use he employeth you; commit your selfe onely to him in Patience, and strive against resson which gainstayeth and contradicts; and so, you will see must she World and live was Christ; and therefrom gain the Noble Crowne of eternall life, where we shall rejoyce and sulvy one another eternally.

3. God hath planted him a Rose Garden in your young heart; take heed that the Devill fow not thornes and thiftles therein, there will soon come another time, that your Rose bud shall bring forth its fruits; strive nor to be in Office, but shaud still unto the most high, to what he will have you; let the smoak of the Devill passe away; rejoyed rather at his regress in the mark of Christ, &c.

THE

e bearing of THE F AND THIR. TIETH EPISTLE.

Our Salvation [is] in the life of Jefm Christ.



EARE Sir, and Christian Brother : all faithfull Cordiall and fyncere defires of my foirit, of true Divine light, power. and knowledge, with intimate loy in the Divine contemplation, and [in] our Eternall fraternity in the life of

2. I have received your Letter which you fent, and I rejoyce in the Lord my God, who doth fo richly and

abundantly imperchic grace man as and so oven our hearts, there we, in the conjecture of our Gifts, defire to Search into his wifedame, and wonders.

3. And your rendred friendfhip is very pleafing, and acceptable to me; and according as this letter doth import, I acknowledge you, for a springing, and very defines branch on the Vine Christ; and alio for my member and fellow twig on this * Corall; and I with * Or, Free of in the power of my knowledge, that it may be a true, constant, and Pearle. instrowcable, carneftnesses, as I make no doubt, but the precious Coraline hearch of the new strak is begotten in you, out of Christs spring and wisdome.

4. Thereupon I also would faine, with all my heart impart my little fap, threagth, and influence, out of Gods gifts, unto my fellow branches and twigs, and helpe to quicken and refresh them in my weake power, and also receive enjoyment of their gifts; as we are obliged and bound mutually to doe for each other, both from the command of God, and also in the right of Nature, acts which I am in an effeciall manner driven in my cife; and for which lake I have spent much time and paines, yet in great defire, longing, and delight; and it been continually my earnest hope, and the very

drift, and ayme of my defire to ferve my Brethren in the Lord, in

the Vineyard of Christ.

5. And though I am a simple man, and un expert and un experienced in scholastick Learning and Arts; neither have I eyer been nayned up to exercise my selle, in the works of high matters, and to comprehend great Mysteries in my Reason, bot in my outwird occupation I have been a Tradesman, wherein I have honestly maintained my selfe a long time; 'yet my inward occupation and exercise hath with very earnest strong define entired into the mortification of my simfull man; inherited from the corrupt Adam, how I might dye to my selfehood, and selfe will in the death of Christ, and attic in his will to a new spirit, and will of Divine renovation of minde and understanding.

* Prefumed.

6. Thereupon I once to ftrougly and fixedly * refolved rather to forgoe my early life, then to defift from this Purpote, and Combare, and what there to forgoe the forgoe in the first the forgon in the first through the first through the first tryimpling aspect of his Divine Ringdome of joy; which to expetite, I have no Pen fufficient, but doe willingly betterne, and fleatifly with it to the Reader of this E-

pifile, and to all the Children of God.

7. And from this Tryumphing light [or joyful convincing illumination of God] that hath been given to me, which I hitherto have written for many yeares; for Tobtained therein fo much grace as to fee, and know my owne Book which I my felfe am, Viz. the I mage of God; and moreover to behold and really to contemplate the Course of all Beings; and to understand the Formed Word of God; also to understand the original and meaning of the compacted, framed or formed Sensall tongue of all properties; and likewise the mentall, unformed, boly tongue, wherein I have written many high Books, which in part will be unapprocedured to Reason, without Gods light.

out Gods light.

A best I, as an earthly weake difficultient, necording to the externall man, could very hardly at the C being an unexercised unlearned man.) comprehend and bring this bigh works to the understanding [or sloy expicile it for the understanding] as is to be seen in the sarora, which is the first part of my Writings; also I intended not to unake it thin who into any man; but I wrote it for the memorial of the very wonders and involving contemplation, and seeing illuminately. and though the light high field to what end it should be; yet Reason, Viz. the externall man; could not comprehend it, but it saw its unworthinesses, and low linesses; and I kept these Writings (Viz. the shoots) by me; till at last I spoke of it muto one, by whose means it came before the Learness, who presents

mally fludyed and indezvouredy that it might be taken from me where them Satan thought to make a Ben-fire of ity and thereby to franchize and caft an Odings: upon my, perfor; wherefore I have hilleredriuch fon Chrishmy Lard hindake, that fo I might follow him: an mondays unto the much love of John Chaffanat ait siletging

9. But as it hapned to the Devill about Christy fo alfo it hapned to him about my Writing; for he that defired, and intended to perfecute them, he published them, and brought me into a greater stronger and more ferious executed whereby Lwas more exercised in Iudgement; and stood the stronger in opposing the Devill and his violent alfaults in the Serpentipe Ens of the Earthly Adam; and did more and more difficie and breake open the Gates of the deep; [or hidden depths of Eternity] and am come unto the cleare light; infornuch that my Writings are both far and near read with delight, and copyed out by many very Learned Dodors, and other persons both of high noble and of low descent, and that wholly without my incite-

ment, or running; through Gods providence.

10.I would have very willingly imparted fom of them now unto you. but I have them not at hand, and cannot get them fo foone at prefent; and it is true, that some Treatises are written; so that I hope many an hungry foule shall be refreshed, for the latter writings, are much clearer, and better to be * understood then the first, of which * In a better you have told me; but if you would but take so much paines. as you understanding. mention, and come to me your felfe; and in the feare of God converse with me in Divine wildome; I shall be glad, and you may take your opportunity with me as you please; for I am continually exercised in writing, and therefore I have laid aside my Trade to serve God and mybrother in this Calling, and to receive my reward in Heaven; albeit I shall incur displeasure and an ungratefull Odium at the hands of Babel and the Antichrift.

I Leturne many thankes for Mr Nagels falutation; and other Christian fellow-members who are in the + Pilgrimage of Christ, as I + In the imitaam informed; and when your occasions give leave, salute them from tion of Christ. me againe most kindly; Mr. Elias Teikman is not come yet unto me. neither doe I know where he is; Mr Balthafar Walter hath often made mention of him in love; but I know him not, fave onely in the

fpirit; for I have onely heard of him by others.

12. Concerning my condition I certify you upon your defire, that I am (bleffed be God) very well at prefent; but I fee in the Spirit a great Persecution and Alteration approaching upon the Country and People; which is very nigh at band, as is mentioned and foretold in my Writings; and it is high time to goe out and flye from Babel; therefore I cannot speake of any Rest or settlement; * onely all will be full of * Note. mifery, Robbings, Murtherings, and unheard of Devillishmesse in Christen-

me and ibirtleth Brifile.

Childrendome ; that outragious practices of the Ceffedy breaking chaosish Sileia among our milghbouring Canochies, is very likely knowns unto you; which is a certain type and grapus of the anger to come upon their Countries; and I commend you and all Christien an members unto the meek love of Jofus Chrift, and my felie to their, and your love and favour. It was also as the detail as

Dated the 10. of December,

2(m Style, 1622!

without to spent made the contract of the governor.

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THE TWO AND THIRTL ETH EPISTLE

Our Sabuation confifteth in the effectuall working Love of Jefus Christ within Us.



Very loving and Christian Friend; I wish you the highest Peace with the hearty Love of a fellow-member of Christ working in the defise, that the true Sunne of the effectuall love of Jefus Christ may continually arise and thine in your Stirit: Soule, and Body.

2. Your Letter dated the 24. of Jamiary, I received 14. dayes after Eafter;

rejoycing to fee in it, that you are a thirfty, fervent, and defirous, Starcher, and Lover of the true ground [of the knowledge of Divine Myfteries] which I perceive you have fought, and fearched for with diligence.

3. Bot that my writings are come to your hands and please you, is certainly caused by the appointment of God; who bringeth lovers to [that which they love,] and often uleth frange means whereby he fatilifyeth the defire of them that love athing; and feedeth them with his gifes, [and graces] and putteth an * En of the true fire * Or, Living into their love that it may burne oright, and you may rest assured that Sparks. if you continue your confinery in love to truth, that it will open rewale and manifelt it felfe to you in its flameing love; and make it felfe certainly knowne; but the fearthing of it must be begun aright; for we attain not the true ground of Divine knowledge by the fharpe fearching, and speculation of our reason from without; but the fearthing must begin from within in the bunger of the foule, for reason penetraceth no further then its owne + Affrum of the oniward + Or, Confiele: World, from whence reason hath its Originall.

4. But the foule fearchesh its owne Afrinn, Viz. In the in-

ward ...

ward spiritual World from whence this visible World hath its rife efflux, and production, and wherein its ground [and foundation] standeth.

* Mysterium Magnum 5. But if the foule would fearch its own Afrum [or Spiritual confidence] Fig. the figured Mylicry [of the teernal divine usture] it which will to the divine fore and grace; and become as a child, and turne it felfe to its Centre; by repensance, and define to doe hothing that the dely which the spirit of God is pleased to search by it, [or employ it about.]

6. And when it hath thus yeelded, and refigned up it felfe, feeking nothing but God, and its come Salvation; and alcohole it may feive, and love its neighbour; and doth then finte in it felle a define to have Divine; and alcoholurall knowledge to may affure it felfe, that it is then drawn 1 and inclined 10 it by God; and then it may well fearch and finde the deepe ground that is mentioned in my Writings.

7. For the spirit of God learcheth by that earle, and bringen it at length into the depits of the deity, as Saint Raul linch, the Spirit

Jearchert all things, year the deep things of God

8. Loving Sir, it is a simple childlike way that leaded to the higheff wiledome, the World knowes it not; you meed to feek for wiledome in remote places or Travaile into strange Councies for it; she
standeth at the doore of your sould and knocketh; and if shee shal
but sinde an empty resigned free place in the soule, shee will there
reveal her selfe indeed; and rejoyce therein more then the Sun in
the Elements; if the soule yeeld it selfe up to wisedome for a full
possession; then shee penetrates it with her shaming sire of love and
unlocketh all Mysteries to the soule.

9- Sir you may perhaps wonder, how a plain lay man could come to understand such high Mysteries, having never read them, nor heard them from any man; but loving Sir I tell you, that which you have seen in my Writings, is but aglimps of the Mysteries, for a man cannot write them; if God should account you worthy to have the light enkindled in your soul, you would see, tast, sinel, seel, and heare, unspeakable words of God, concerning this knowledge; and there is the true Theosophicall School of Pentecost where the soule is taught + of God.

+ From, or by.

To. After this there is no more any need of fearthing, and painful toiling [about it] for all gates fland open,; a very fimple mean man may attaine it, if he hinders not himselfe by his owne willing [Imaginations'] and running; for it lyeth in man before band, and needeth onely to be awakened [flirred up or quickned] by the spirit of God

it. In my Talent [or Writings] (as in my fimplicity I was a-

ble to describe it) you shall easily finde the way to it; especially in this annexed * Booke, which also is of my Talent; and but few * That is, The Weekes agoe was published in print, which Sir I present to you in Book entiruled love; as to my Christian fellow-member, and exhort you to read it The way to over often for its vertue is, the more the better liked, or the long- Christ; omer the better beloved] in this Booke you will fee a true short, taining a Treaground, acd it is a fure ground; for the Author in this practice hath tife of Repenfound it so by experience.

12. But for the ground of the high Naturall Mysteries; which you and nation, or M. Walter, & M. Leonhart Elvern defire a further, & clearer explanation Selfe-denyall, of be pleased to enquire of M. Walter for it; for I have sent to you and and Regenehim an explanation and other new Writings; if you shall like them ration. you may cause them to be copyed out, you will finde very great knowledge in them, I would that all of you might truely understand it, I would faine have made it more plain; but in respect of the great depth; and also in regard of the unworthy, it may not be done; Christ faith Math 7. 7. Seek and you shall finde; knock and it shall be opened unto you, none can give it unto another Every one must get it himselfe of God; one may well give a manuduction, or direction to another; but he cannot give him the understanding of it.

12. Yet know that A Lilly blossometh unto you the Northern Countries; if you destroy it not with the sectarian contention of the learned; then it will become a great Tree among you; but if you shall rather choose to contend, then to know the true God, then the ray for beam of light] paffeth by, and hitteth onely some; and then afterward you shall be forced to draw water for the thirst of your soules,

among strange Nations.

14. If you will take it rightly into confideration, then my Writings shall give you great furtherance and direction thereto; and the Signate-star above your pole shall help you, for its time is come about

or borne.

15. I will freely give you what the Lord hath given me, onely have a care, and employ it aright; it will be a witnesse for you, against the mocker; let no man looke upon my person; it is a meer gift of God, bestowed, not onely for my sake, but also for your sake, and all

those that shall get to read them.

16. Let no man gaze any longer after the Time; it is already borne [begun or come about] whom it lighteth upon, him it hitteth; wholoever waketh, he feeth it; and he that fleepeth feeth it not; the time is appeared, and will soone appeare; he that watcheth feeth it; many have already felt it; but there must first a great tribulation paffe over, before it be wholy manifest; the cause is, the contention of the Learned; who tread the Cup of Christ under foot, and contend about a Child that never was worse fince men

tance, Refig-

were, this shall be manifest; therefore let no honest man defile himselfe with such contention; there is a fire from the Lord in it, who will consume it; and himselfe reveal the truth.

17. You shall receive of Mr Waher what he hath besides, especially a table with an Exposition of it; therein the whole ground of all Mysteries is plainely layd downe and so I commend you Sir to the love of Jesus Christ.

Dated, the 20. Gr.

THE

THE THREE AND THIRTIETH EPISTLE.

Of the Persecution against fACOBBEEM,

BY

GREGORY RICKTER,

Primate, or Superintendent of GERLITZ.

Our Salvation and Peace in the lefe of Jesus Christ.

Mr. Marcus Maufern,



UCH respected, and beloved Sir; all cordiall wishes of the stedfast working Love of our Lord Jesus Christ in Soule, Spirit, and Body, premised: I have received both your Letters, and have observed your Christian heart, syncerely inclined in a fellow-memberlike Love, towards mee and the pure truth; and I desire that God would ratifie, strengthen, and preserve you in such a purpose, that you may

grow in the Tree of life, Jesus Christ, and bring forth abundance of good fruit.

2. Your owne reason will give you to know, that the hand of the Lord according to his will, hath guided me hitherto and brought me

* Ors Out of.

to such knowledge; wherewith I have again willingly and readily ferved many, seeing I have not learned my knowledge in the Schools or Bookes; but * from the great Booke of all Beings; which the hand of the Lord hath opened in me.

3. Seeing then that there is in that Booke a Crosse of the true understanding; therefore God signeth his Children (to whom he giveth this Booke to read) with that same Crosse, on which Crosse the

burnane death is flain, and eternall life reftored.

4. I give you (as a brother) to know, that the fame mark is enflamped on my forehead with a Tryumphing Trophy, on which the

Refurrection of Telus Christ is imprinted.

5. Which mark is dearer unto me then all the honour and goods of the World, that God hath so highly effected me unworthy man, as to mark me with the Conquering signe of his beloved son Jesus Christ.

6. At which figne of conquest the Devill is terrifyed, that he must even burst for very anger, and thereupon hath raised up a great tempest out of his Sea of death—against me, and hath cast his horrible stoods upon me; thinking thereby to overwhelme and drowne

me.

7. But his violent streames have hitherto beene altogether uneffectuall; for the conquering Trophy of Jesus Christ hath defended me, and smitten his poylonfull darting rayes unto the earth; whereby Sathans pharisaicall murthering poylon, hath been revualed in many hundred men, who since that time have turned themselves to the marke of Christ; so that I see with joy that all things must turne to the best to them that love God.

8. The report or outcry which came unto you, was nothing else but a pharisaicall revilement and scorne by meanes of a scandalous reproachfull lying Pamphlet of one sheet of paper in the Latin tongue, wherein Sathan hath plainly set forth and laid open the pharisaicall heart; which by Gods permission is so come about, that the People might learne to know and flye from the Posson of this pharisaicall

beart.

9. And I confidently believe that the groffest Devill did dictate that Pamphlet, for his clawes are manifestly and plainely therein discovered; that it may be clearly seen that he is a lyer, and a murtherer; and it shall be as a warning unto many that they have a better care unto their soules; as this Pamphlet with us is almost by all the learned ascribed unto Satan.

Io. The cause of this rage and fury, was by reason of the printed Booke concerning repensance and the true refignation; with the Booke

hath been very profitable unto many.

11. Which threwdly vexed the pharifaicall fpirit, that fuch a ground

ground should be manifested; thinking that such a doctrine and sife should be looked for and required of him also: which is not well relished, so long as men fit in the lust of the flesh, and serve the belly-God in carnall pleasure, and delight.

12. Know yet for a direction, that his reproach and lyes, doe but publish and manifest my Booke; insomuch that every one both of the high, learned, and low degre, doe defire to read it, and have it in

great request.

13. Which Booke in a short time hath + come through Europe + Or, Sounded. and it is much made of, yea in the Prince Electors Court of Saxony; where I am invited to a conference with high People; the which I have consented unto, at the end of Leipfick Fair, to performe; who knoweth what may be done; whither the mouth of the bold flaunderer may not be ftopped, and the truth made known and

14. I exhort and entreat you therefore to wait with patience, in Christian love and joy, for the coming, and revelation of Jesus Christ, and his appearance, which shall foon breake forth, and destroy the works of

the Devill.

15. I feare not the Devill; if God will use me any longer for his Instrument, he will no doubt defend me well enough; for the truth neederh no defence, her defence is this, as Christ speaketh; when you are perfecuted for my name sake; and when they speak all manner of evill of you fallely for my fake, rejoyce, your reward is in Heaven, also be that is just let him be just still; and he that is wicked let him be wicked still; every one shall reap, what he hash sowne.

16. Seeing then my conversation is in Heaven and las to my body and foul run thicker, where aforehand my spirit dwells in Christ; what advantage then is temporall dignity and honour to me? I one-

ly fuffer persecution in the body, and not in the souler

17. What need I feare the shell which covereth the Spirit? when the shell is gone, then am I wholy in Heaven * with a naked face; who will deprive and bereave me of this? none; why need I then by uncloathed of

feare the World in an Heavenly cause?

18. If the cause and matter be evill, why suffer I disgrace and re- flesh, which proach; and stand in trouble misery and seare? why doe I not get cannot inherit rid of it? but is it good, what need I then despaire, seeing I know the Kingdome whom I serve? namely Jesus Christ; who makes me conformable to of God. his Image.

19. Is he dead, and rifen againe; why should not I then be also willing to fuffer dye and rife with him? yea, his Croffe is my daily

dying; and his Ascension into heaven is daily done in me

20. Yet I wait for the Crowne of conquest which Jesus Christ hath laid up, and am yet in combate and wreftling as a Champion

* That is, wholthis corrupt

Note.

and I exhort you as my fellow-wreftler to fight a good fight in faith, and waite in patience for the Revelation of Jefus Chrift; and still

stand fast.

21. For this smoaking fire-brand which now smoaketh, shall shortly be consumed in the fire; and then the remainder shall rejoyce; then it will be manifest what I could have written unto you; which for the present is slandered and reviled; yet onely by the Ignorant.

22. But the wife will observe, mark, and take notice of it; for they observe the time and see the darknesse and also the dawning of

the day.

23. Beloved Mr Marcus; that you and your Father are in good health, doth rejoyce and glad me; I have received the Box of com-

fits and returne you thankes for them.

24. I would fain write againe to the Apothecary at Wildan in Livonia, f I had but an opportunity to fend that way, I praylet me know when you have.

21. That which my native Country casteth away, other Nations shall

take up.

I fend to you and your Father each of you a copy of my Bookes; fomewhat for good friends; for I heard that formerly you had got-

ten fome of them for you all.

27. I have none of the other writings at hand, I would gladly have fent some of them to you, but shortly I hope to come into those parts; and then God willing I will bring some along with me and I commend you to the kind and gracious love of Jesus Christ.

Dated, 5. March, 1624.

J B.

THE

THE FOURE AND THIR-TIETH EPISTLE.

TO

FREDERICK CRAUSSEN.

Our Salvation [is] in the life of Jesus Christ in Us.



EARELY respected Sir; all hearty wishes of the Divine Love, and all bodily health, and prosperity premised: God be pleased according to his will to ease and turne away your crasse diftemper-

2. The state of my body is yet tolerable, for which I thanke God; but it is wholly befmeared with the Pharifaicall dirt of Aspersion, that the Com-

mon fort can scarce discern or acknowledge me to be a man.

3. So wholly and grievously is Sathan enraged against me, and my printed Booke; and doth so exceedingly rage and rave in the cheife pharifee, as if he would devour me ; but yet for thefe three Weekes the great fire hath begun to be somewhat allayed; in that he pereeiveth that many hundreds doe speake against him; whom he hath curfed reviled and condemned as well as me, he hath so horribly bedawbt me with lyes, that I can scarce be knowne.

4. Thus Christ covereth his bride, and the pretious Pearl by reafon of the unworthinesse of men; for the anger is enkindled in them

and vengence is at hand.

4. I pray for them and they curse me, I bleffe, and they revile * Tryall, or me; and I stand in the * Proba; and beare the mark of Christ on my forehead.

6. Yet.

6. Yet my foule is not diffnayed therein; but it accounts it for the Triumphing Villorious figne of Chast; for so, must man be set aright into the processe of Christ, that he may be made like unto his Image.

7. For Christ must be continually persecuted, revised and staine; he is a signe which is spoken against; but upon whomsever he salles, him he brusseth; and destroyeth the inbred malice and insquiry of

the Serpent.

8. Have I taught others this way? (I must teach it,) wherefore should it be greivous and irriforme to me to walke in the same?
it hapneth no otherwise unto me, then I have told others that it
would goe; and it gooth very right; for this is the pilgrims path of
Christ.

9. For true Christians are here onely guest, and strangers; and they must travell through the Devils Kingdome to their owne home; through the thistles and thornes of Gods curse; here we must wrestle steed after and overcome, till we get through; and then we shall be well

rewarded.

10. For those that doe now judge us, shall in the day of Gods Judgement, be set before our eyes; where we with Christ shall passe senious upon them; what will they then say unto us, will they not be dumb, and judge themselves, even as they judge us now; and that they could but consider of it here, and now defist and returns from it.

11. I defire that God would have mercy upon them, for they know not what they doe; they are in greater mifery then those whom they persecute; they are poore imprisoned Captives and slaves of the Devil, who doth so infect to ment, and poyson them, that poy-

fon is their life.

12. And therefore they rejoyce, that they bring forth the thornes and thiftles of the Devill; namely fruits in Gods anger, of which the Children of Christ whom they perfecute and drive towards their native Countrey, ought well to confider; that they pray unto God for redemption, not onely for themselves, but likewise for these, their miserable poore captivated, and imprisoned sellow members; that God would likewise illuminate them, and bring them home.

13. Deare brother it is now a time of great earnestnesse, let us not sleep; for the Bridegrome passeth by and inviteth his Marriage guests,

he that beares it he goeth along with him to the Marriage.

14. But he that refuseth; and will sleep onely in the lust of the sless; he shall be exceedingly forry and grieved, that he hath sleep away such a time of grace.

15. It feemeth strange unto the World, that such should be acceptable to God, whom the scribes [the learned Preists, and Pharis-

es 7 doe contemne and perfecute ; and it looks not back to confider what the learned did unto the Prophetes; Chrift his Apoftles, and their Succeffors.

16. But the prefent Christendome, is meerly Titular and verball I formall and hystoricall onely sticking to the Ho-labour and the devont hypocricy of the mouth I the heart is worle then when they were Heathers; let us ferioufly confider of it, and not amufe our felves with them; that a feed may remaine upon the earth; and that Christ may not alwaies be used onely as a covering I for the cunning hypocricy of iniquity.]

17. Let us exhort, and comfort one another, that we may hold out in patience; (for there cometh yet a great forme of affliction, and

Tribulation;) that we may persevere and stand stedfast,

18. For Christianity confists not onely in words and knowledge. but in power; [what are the prefent contentions about, but onely the conjecturall knowledge, [mentall Idolls, phantafticall Images and opinions of men] they wrangle and jangle in notions, and Images [which they have blindly perswaded their minde and Conscince to adore | but they deny the power of Christianity.]

19. But there cometh a time of tryall, where it will be feen what their * opinions have been and what their formall Church-waves Text, Images of work is and blind Cain-ike hypocrycy have been] and how they [or mentall have fluck unto them; when they shall fall from one opinion unto Idolls] another, and yet have no rest or undoubted stavednesse.

20. Ah; their opinions are nothing but the Heathenilb Idols; as

they were, before they had the name of Christ.

21. The Learned, and Rulers feeke nothing but their owne profit ambition and honour therein; and they have fet them up in Christ stead; but they are onely Opinion-pedlers, [Sellers of Images and men all Idols, the internal fuperfittious reliques of their owne reason, Babylonish imaginations] which they sell [or teach] for Money; and he that giveth them much; he shall have devout Commendations and praise; to him they will fell plaufible + Images; and + Curious conthey care not for their Soules; if they may but gain and enjoy their trived opinions, temporall Goods

22. O; dark night; where is Christianity? is thee not turned to a * faith breaking Adultreffe; where is her love? is it not whol- * Or, Perfide ly turned to Copper, Steel, and Iron? whereby may the present out Whore. Christendome be knowne? whot difference is there between her and the Turchs and other Heathers? are not they as good?

23. Where is her Christian life? where is the communion of Saints; where we are but one in Christ; where Christ is onely one in as all? There is not yet one branch on the tree of Christian life

Note

The foure and thintieth Epifile.

like unto the other, and there are growne meer adverse twiggs, in

opposition one against another.

24. O Brother, we that fland, let us be wary, and watchfull, and * The confused get out of * Babel; it is high time, albeit they scorne and slay us, yet we will not worship the Dragon nor his Image; for they that doe so entanglements of SeEts and shall be eternally punished. opinions.

24. Be not offended at my Perfecution; and though the like happen unto you; yet remember that there is another life? and that they doe onely perfecute our owne Enemy which we our felves hate; they can take no more from us but the shell [or bark] wherein the + Tree is grown.

+ The New Man.

26. But the tree standeth in Heaven, and in Paradile, in the ground of Eternity; no Devill can root it our; let the Devills formy guffs paffe over it: their oppreffing, and cormenting is our growth.

27. I am again moved by the adversaries, through the motion of Godsanger ; that I may grow, and wax great ; for now is my Ta.

lent published unto my native Countrey.

28. The Enemyes intention is evill : yet thereby he publisheth and foreads abroad my Talent; it is here mightily defired and many an hungry Soul is thereby refreshed; albeit the ignorant fort doe cast our their reproach and scorne against it; you shall yet heare wonder full things.

* Text, Borne.

29. For the time is * come; of which it was told me three yeares fince by a Vision; namely OF REFOR MATION; the end [event or time when it fliall come to paffe] I commit to God ! I know it not yet perfectly.

30. And herewith I commend you unto the love of Jefus Christ.

in the case of an exception of a three or the the Electric the section with the good of the call A party attained at week of me attack of the men along and part to a rolling beginned of plantice of parties, and while the city to any and you said it get a legion to be and

Dated, the 8, of May, 1624. 13 1 Vitalian Maines

or a residual faire and believe and the control French and the set goods , strifted & garages a THE in and on a proce Sicely and thee " whereby new the profess on it less this has a known the deficiency are between the and

the in the and other Heathers. Acres they as over d? 23. Where is her Challian Lie 3 show is the countries of sandant of the best of the total of the offer of and at the

mark! There is not very closely to the real stands

FIVE AND THIRTI-ETH EPISTLE.

The thing two water read Epiffe.

ALETTER

From

FACOB BEHMEN.

Written from DRESDEN to GERLITZ, in the Time of his Persecution; Dated the 13. of June, 1624.

Doctor KOBERN.

Immanuel.

Y very deare Sir, and Christian Brother; I heartily defire the continuall working of the Love of Jesus Christin you, that your Tree of Pearle may grow great under the Cross-of our Lord Jesus Christ, in such stirring and exercise; and that we may all in that power, withstand in the Faith and in the meeknesse of Christ, the wrathfull enemy of Christ, which at present roareth

like a raging Lyon; and fetteth himselfe mighty against Jefus and his Children; that we may with Paul fight a good fight, and at length get the prize, Our Salvation, thereby a analysis for temporall honour and pleasure sake, deny Christ in the Truth once acknowledged; it

would be very hard to recover it againe. The har he harh fighed me with his Markes, and dayly maketh me like unto his Image; whom I pray, that I may continue fredfaft; also that he would deliver my Enemies from the abominable death of Eternall horrour. wherein at present they lye captivated, and know it not; and bring them also into the light, that they may know this way, and come into our Eternall Fracernity.

2. Yet to fpeake judiciously of these things, we certainely see before our eyes, that this way betolly opposite to the Devill; because he rageth so much against it without cause is it is indeed a very great wanter, with the thould take to great a flittle against to small a piece of Delotton, sure it must needes not relish, but savour ill with him; whereas there are many greater Bookes, full of Foppery and Folly, and path of Idelatry, to be found; which he don't not opposed that his friess mely against the Way to Christ, that none might malke in that way,

4. For at this very time dedall, hee thinketh to fet op his Kingdome powerfully, and yet he feeth at prefeat that it hath breathers in it ever pariers 306 the Affigure breaketh in hither from many Quarters, especially from the North, and see can doe no betterat present, then not to regard this baemy, but overcome him with Patience under the Croffe of Chrift, with earnest Repentance, and fo at length he will become feed le and faint, and this Firebrand

will have an end.

5. For he is but a flety flesh of Gods Anger, which must bee quencht with Divine Love and humility; wee must in no way add fuell to it, to make it burne; but kill it with Christs Villory; as Christ with his Love overcame the wrath of God and Hell, and bruifed Death, and mightily ruled over all his Enemies; and then fuch Enemies in the Anger of God, had not long prevaile; as Christ hath taught us, that we should feed our Enemies with Meate and Drinke, and rejoyce when they afflist us for his fake; our recompence, is in Heaven.

Note, This followed in the feventh yeare after the Authors Death. * Gregory Rickter, the Primate of Garlitz.

The pemporall Sword, or make War. * Or, Reproasbes.

This not good; out, of our owns felfe purpole totale T World Smort, or Weapon against fuch an enemy of Christ, for to he would be but the fronger , but with Parimon and Proper we shall well overcome him: I regard not his unjust * revilings; I have a good Conscience concerning him; the time is comming apace,

that fuch an Enemy will be cut in pieces by the Sword of Gods

7. It is fit we should consider the Time : for Babel burneth in the whole World; and there is woe in every Street; onely men

fee it nor yet; but are blinde concerning it.

8. I'glve you very great thankes for your Brotherly faithfulneffe and Christian care, in that you have taken of my Wife, some things into your keeping; if the High Prieft will needs affault my House, let him doe it, that it may be knowne in all Countries, what a maker of uprogres he is; it will tend much to the honour of him and his; he will get a great deale of credit in the Elettorall Counfell, for having flormed my House by his trusty Officers, and broken the Windows; if others should doe, or caule such a thing, the Counsell

would not fuffer them in the City.

9. Therefore I much marvell that they make fuch an uproare in Gerlitz, and without cause, occasion the raising such a * Clamour abroad against the City, if the ground should be enquired after, it will found but odly; nevertheleffe it must be so; for the time it port concerning Borne: there will saddenly come somewhat else; this is but a signe, the City. Type, or Figure; feeing they have so solemnely celebrated the + Feaff of the Holy Ghoft; therefore he must needs powerfully affift + The day of them; whereby it may be very well discerned, what spirit they are Pentecoft. the Children of, which Spirit they ferve; and this will give us fo much the more cause to avoyd them : I suppose it is loathsome enough, it stinketh of Pharifaicall Pitch, and Hellish Soot: O that God would once have picty on the fimple people, who are so very blinde and doe pull downe the judgement of God upon themselves; which will thortly be poured forth-

To. Their stability is very well scene; that which they approve of at one time, the same they disallow at another time: O if some Tefuits should come, and remand the Church from Luther againe;

what good Papifts would they make.

II. But let it goe as it doth ; Silence is beft : they hunt after a Gnat, and thinke they have caught Venison; but there lyeth couched a small Graine of Mustard seed of the Croffe, in it, which put Christ to death, that shall burst their Guts, and grow to be a great

Tree, and this none can refift.

12. My Wife need not cause any Window-shuts to be made; if they will breake them, they may; and then the fruits of the High Priest will be seene; let her have a little Patience: if shee can not get a place in Gerling, I will get a place for her some where else, where thee shall have quiet enough; but let her stay within at home and not goe our, except upon necessity, and let the Enemy rage, he will not eate her up. 12, I

* Or, Evill re-

The five and thirtieth Epifile.

13. I must waite yet a while here, and expect what God shall please to doe; for I have but newly gotten a little acquaintance among the Great ones here, which happeneth daily; and I am well yet, thankes be to God; but I have not had any opportunity to defire any thing for my Protestion, from the Lords, the *Prince Elestor being gone a Journey, and some of the chiefe Lords with him.

* The Prince Elector of Saxony.

14. Though I doe not rely upon any Worldly protection; but will adventure it on Gods name, and trust him onely, of whom I have received my Talent.

† Dollor Ægius Strauch.

15. Next Sunday, there is a Conference appointed here at my Landlords, which the † Superintendent himselfe desireth to have with me; and 1 am invited to Supper, where some of the Prince Electors Counsellors of State will be present; what shall passe there, I shall let you know with the first opportunity.

16. For he loveth my Treatife of Repentance; onely he would faine aske, and himselfe heare [of me] concerning some points which are too high for him, from what Ground they flow; which I am

well pleafed with, and shall observe the life.

17. So I expect likewise, the Resolution of Privy Counsellour Losz, to whom I shall repaire with the soonest; and what shall passe there, I will let you know with the first opportunity: I hope all will goe well; as God will, so I will: who knoweth what God will have done, or what he will doe with me; I very much marvell my selfe, how I am lead so wonderfully without any intent and purpose of mine.

* Belonging to a Table.

18. By this Bearer, I fend two Rixdollers to my Wife, for her occasions; if shee want any thing, shee knoweth well where shee may have it; the Key of the *Drawer lyeth in the Parlour by the Warming-Pan, upon the Shelfe: Tsur Treatife lyeth in the Drawer, you may aske for it; your Letter which you sent to Zitta, is not yet come to my hands; if any thing happen, let me know it; and if there be no sure Messenger at hand, send but to Mr. Melcher Bernten at Zitta, he hath opportunity hither every week; and let him know, that he may send it away, as we have agreed.

19. Salure my Wife and two Sonnes from me; and exhort them to Christian Patience and Prayer; and to purpose no selferevenge;

that the Enemy may have no advantage.

20. The bufinesse with Mr. Furstenam his Family, is indeed not good, neverthelesse it will prove no great matter; for it is the High Priests owne reproach; and it would even turne to his great disgrace, if it were well replyed to: I would his Prince did but rightly know of it, he would Protect him with a witnesse, they are the good fruits of the High Priest.

21.]

27. I hope to visit you very speedily, though I should returne hither againe, it will not cost me my Neck; it is but a mad clamour, for there is nothing in it but the Priests Bell-Clapper which sounds so sweetly, it is easie to judge whether it be Christs voyce or the Devils; you need not be so deadly affraid of this Quarrell; it is not a businesse you need be assaured; it is nothing but Babels * Bell, * Or, Peale. which is rung to give warning [or to sound the Alarum.]

22. Doe but stand to it stoutly in the Spirit of Christ, and then Christs Bell will also be rung; God give them and us all, a good

minde.

33. Pray falute Mr. Frederick Renischen; I could doe nothing for him here yet; for things goe here very much by Favour, and here are many attendants when there is any thing to be had, I would yery readily serve him in Love, if I were but able; I cannot yet counsell my selfe, till God helpe me: my [Sonne] Jacob shall stay still at Gerlitz, that his Mother may have some comfort there, till I can dispose it otherwise; it should be already, if I were not to stay here, let her have but Patience: And so I commend you into the Love of Jesus Christ.

Translated into the Nether-Dutch out of Jacob Behmens owne hand-writing: And out of the Nether-Dutch into English.

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A reall and unfeigned

TESTIMONIE.

CONCERNING

Iacob Beme

Of OLD SEIDENBERG, in upper LAUSATIA.

OR

The LETTERS of two Learned
Germans, both acquaintance, and Lovers of this Authour; called
TEUTONICUS.

The first is an Epistle of H. D. V, T. to H.P.V, H. Dated the 3. of Octob. Stilo novo, Anno. 1641.

The second is an Epistle of A. V, F. to D. O. B. J. O. S. the 21. of Octob. Anno. 1641.

Translated out of High Dutch, for Benefit and Information to those that read his Writings.

Printed in the Yeare, 1649.

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THE FIRST EPISTLE.

Grace, Peace, and Mercy; light, life, and power, from God our Father, and Jesus Christ our Lord.



EAR E, and very worthy Friend, it doth in an especiall manner make me glad and rejoyce, that I find you have such an intimate invive thinst, after the precious Pearle, and faire Lilly of Paradise, Viz. after the light, and life of God; especially in this Age, which is so filled with the excesse of vanity, and inquity; though Jesus Christ be richly Preached unto the World, and all sless; but scarce

known aright of any, or very few, according to the Spirit.

2. For when we fearch in the Writings of the Phylosophers and learned men, not onely those among the Heathens, but the Christians also, we shall sinde, (when they write of the wisedome and knowledge of nature: and of all things.) but very little, to shew, that they laid the right Foundation; and built up their building, from H I M whence all things doe Originally proceed; and whereupon they rest: namely, from God himselfe; whereby then it is an easy matter, to judge what kinde of building and structure that is, which standeth onely upon the sand and mirry Bog of self-e-wisedome, opinion and reason; and whether this their knowledge and science be true and reall; Or rather a twock wisedome, and a vapouring oftentation of knowledge, and the same of which Saint Paul saith, that it doth not edify, but onely pusheth up.

3. Let a man but consider with himselfe, whether any can speak really, and essentially of a thing, without the true ground thereof; and how he can teach aright of nature, and the knowledge thereof without the very Creator of the same; and without the knowledge of HIM that hath sounded it. How can there he light, where man maketh selfe the light, and where the Creature leadeth it selfe astray from its Creator? And how can that he wisedome, which layeth not its ground in the highest and essential wisesome, and down not direct and lead us in, to that again; but onely to an Imaginary conceit,

A Teftimony

and phantafficall apprehension of wisedome; and to an unprofitable wapour

and fruitlesse shew thereof?

4. And then it must needes follow, that they are altogether vaine in their Imaginations, and contrived inventions, and that their ignorant, misunder-standing Heart, hath been but so much the more darkned; and because they have held themselves to be wise they have been therein but sooles in Gods account; whereby the glory of the unchangeable, immortall God, hath been more and more changed, into an image of their owne vaine thoughts, and invented opinions; and Man hath been led away more, and more, from God, into his some wisedone, selfe-considence, and hold presumption.

Now to flop, and turne away, this great evill; the mercifull God; and About an bundred yeares fince I raife and fit up, the pretious man fixther. (In Divinity) who recalled us to the word of God, and the Ho-y Scripture, and therein to Christ and his Gospell, and richly shewed and comed unto us, the Goat Mystery of Christ, and Faith in him.

8. But as this ground doth far surpasse the reach of reason and nature, so likewise it is not knowne, understood, and apprehended aright, by reason and the naturals man: whereupon there is a Sect made thereof, in Generals: where it is they betake themselves to the externals, and to the person of some man, carching, and holding the shell, but let the internals, Viz. the kernell gree: thicking in the letter, Viz. in the cold fruitsesse Theory, and have constant skill, but not regarding the spirit, si and Practice?

7. Whereas notwithflanding, that is the most pretious ground, wherein we may be really renewed and borne againe: wherein the holy Spirit (if we faithfully seek, and minde it.) is given unto us: which thea leaderth au throat at truth: and doth teach and open in us, all that is good, and necessary to Salvation, and the honour of God; by which gift of the holy Gospes. God hath here and there dispensed unto men, all manner of gifts in all kindes of wisedome and knowledge: but therewith Errors also and Tayes have beene sowne, by the Enemy, as Experience doth more then e-

nonghalas ! demonstrate

8. At this our time when the Phylosophy of the Noble ground of the Gospell, and our Faith, is thought to be studyed out and sortifyed: and now when reason supposed that it is ascended up to the height, with its wisedome and Arts, God hath stirred up this our deare Jacob Berne; a plaine unlearned Tradesman; who could scarce write; and gifted him with such a Noble endowment of the Universall knowledge of God and Nature; and shewne him the Centre of all Beings; how all things arise from God Originally: consist in God, and againe returne, and sow in to him for thereby to call man to the knowledge of God, of himselfe, and all things; that he might turne himselfe, from the corrupt, dark Being of this World; to Christ the one's light; depend wholly on him; and be regenerate, and it initiate in him; and so reach and obtaine the limit and end of his Creatic suffernition, and the Calling of the holy spirit; according to the mea

here in this T life I time; and hereafter Perfectly to all eternity.

9. This high rare and pretions gift (which hath not been manifested in the like manner and degree, height and depth, breadth and length, before these times) our Jacob Beeme, learned in God, hath employed in all faithfullnesse and simplicity, and laid it forth, as it was given and imparted to bim: and in all his writings, hath laid his ground in God, and hath reared up his whole building, very deepely founded, from HIM: As Christ speaketh of the wife Master builder, that he digged deepe and laid his Foundation on a Rock, whereupon he built his Towre on

10. As it is clearely to be seene; how he doth all along, drive and presse at God, Christ, and his spirit, at faith and love; at the mortifying of the old. and the renovation of the new man, and in breif, at the Restoration in Christ. of Gods Image, in us, which did disappeare in Adam, and is become half dead; and as to Salvation in it felfe, and in the Elements of this World, is quite dead; and especially how he doth discover, and admonish us about the destructive Babel, that abominable and permitious Turba Magna, which doth so exceedingly binder and keepe men back (in their darkenesse, in the forestalled conceit of light, and love to their owne will;) from the reall contemplation of God: to the end, that we should labour and use all diligence to be freed from that fallehood darkenesse, and captivity, through the grace and light of God in us.

11. Also he sheweth the order, harmony, and birth, of all things; how and wherein each thing standesh, in its due order; and to what it tendeth, and how in the whole univerfall nature there, is a continuall, unceffant moving, drawing, and attraction, or a magicall and magneticall wrefiling; and how all things doe subsist, by the power of the yet uncessantly working word of Gods Fiat; and hold their analogy, and orderly proportion in the wisedome of Gods wonders: whereby it may be seen, what the fall of Lucifer was; also what Man was, in his first noble excellencie and true nature from the Creation; and how he is corrupt by the fall of Adam: and 4. wakened and called unto life again by Christ, the effentiall word of love.

12. But he doth not expresse this and set it forth, with wordes of Scholastique knowledge, and contrived Art, of wisedome in Babel; and of her Builders: but as it was given him according to the knowledge of nature, in his owne Gift. Now albeit fuch termes of phrases as he doth use, might at first appeare, (to one that is unaccustomed to them,) very hard, and harsh; and might seeme darke and obscure, yet time, and the diligence of an observant Reader, that earnestly desires knowledge for his edification, will, (by the indwelling grace of God, together with experience. I fo bring him into a right apprehension thereof, that what feemed difficult, and darke before, at length will be plain, cleare, and easy; as it hash hapned to my selfe, in many things.

Therefore let no man marvaile or be offended, and complaine; that

A Tellimony

it is expressed in such a manner, stile or phrase; for it is the Gift of God, who doth ther ewith what he pleaseth; But unto the Children of the Mystery, who are capable, and worthy of this Gift, (If they doe but seriously and diligently seek, and persevere therein,) it will plainly appeare, and they shall finde by Experience, that the expressions are very Proper and Exact; essential and good, in themselves; but hidden unto the high and selfer wiselings: yea they are as a stone of stumbing and offence; and a source she some in the Mystery, so that they runne upon it, stumble and become more and more blind.

14. For the Phylosophy and Divinity of our deare Jacob Beme, is a very noble, pretious, and deep ground: An Univerfall thing, reaching it felfe forth into all things; Especially, the Dollrine, of the Three Principles. which have their Originall in the holy Trinity; Albeit the third Principle must be rightly distinguished from the other two. But I have according to the grace which God hath lent unto me; truely and conscientiously, weighed and examined, the gift and Doltrine [or Experimentall Effayes] of this high-illuminate man, and have found them to be Wholly Spirituall; and very diffinet, and diffreet: and that they doe not fo much as once clash against any Article of the Christian Faith, (Which is much to to be admired in this Great and Large, and all-comprizing Knowledge; where he fetteth all in such true Order, right distinction, and understanding) but he doth very emphasically, and Convincingly clear and confirme * them : And it is a light and Birth [or Manifestation] of this time [and Age,] such a one as bath not as yet been revealed; and opened so properly, exactly, and plainly, shewing What God and Nature is.

15. Yea this knowledge in respect of its true Demonstrative ground, Universall light, and large comprehension, is even THAT, wherein all Nations, Turkes, Heathens, and Jewes; And all Setts, and Heresies: be they as Subtile and Cunning as is possible, yet may be convinced in a rationall way; for therein is exactly to be seen, how the ground and meanes is layd downe and declared, to the taking away of the Vaile, wherewith all

Nations and Doctrines are covered, darkened, or booded up.

* The Arti-

cles of Chri-

ftian Faith.

16. Also therein is to be seene, how the Axe is layd to the root of the great Tree, of Nebuchadaezzir, and to the whole Growth thereof; and also to the Great Building and Structure in Babel; and thereby the Turba Magna, and great Confusion, is discovered, and brought to light; which verily in not the worke of a Man, but the Gift, and worke of God; and for certaine shall have its effect, in its due time: but the great Judgements must first precede, or fore-run; wherein wee see how at present, whole Christendome standath, and as yet shall stand, in a worse posture: Seeing all things must be Judged aforehand; and Babel must at last defired it selfe; but the Antichrist shall be stained by the spirit of Christ Mouth.

17. Now as this Pearle, and this Lilly-twig, which is fo deep and high,

So

for are and excellent, noble and precious, was not Communicated unto the Author by Man, but imparted from the deep spirit of the Revelation and Wiscodome of God: So likewife the same, is especially to be sought for (in true faith, a Childlike purpose, and in a Divine fixed resolution, and humble considence) from the true Light, and right giver of all good Gifts; and to be learned, and obteined through much diligence. Exercise and peculiar Experience, in the wayes of God, and under the Crosse of Christ; for as this Gracious Revelation, is a Gift of God; so also the Gift of God is required, that men may come rightly to know and understand the same.

18. The Lord our God, and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ; the Father of lights, and all good gifts; illuminate your heart and minde, and open unto you the heart of his Love, in Christ, that you may come to the knowledge of Himselfe, his Some, and all things; in the instruction,

and inhabitation of his holy Spirit : Amen.

THE

SECOND EPISTLE.

The Neble Sophia from above, make the bearts
of those that love it rejoyce, and worke in
them an boly will; well-pleasing
unto GOD.



ELOVED in the Beloved: I have with an especiall observation, taken notice, that there are not onely every where, such as are meere Enemies, and Contemners of the Heavenly Marriage; as also L too too many in this our distressed native Country, but yet in some places there are Loving Friends, and well-wishers (about in the lesser number) to be sound, who very diligently and seriously, Seeke after the hid-

den wisedome, and so farre on they persevere, and hold out, doe at length in a glorious, and worthy manner, enjoy their Divine, pleasant, and chaste Love, with superabundant joy and satisfaction to their resigned soules in the

Spirit and truth.

2. To this hidden Manns, and true divine and supernaturall * Nestar and Ambrosia, the vistorious and triumphant voice of the great Jehovah, bath called and invited us, in this our new beginning Age, of the blesset † Morning, with the sound of his Trumpet: in that instrument and vicenesse of Jelus Christ (though indeed rejested of man, yet especially chosen of God,) Jacob Beme of Old Seidenberg late Denizen at Gerlitz. Who in his prosound and deep: grounded writings, (surpassing the reach of Nature,) hath plainly hinted unto us, into what time we are fallen and what is yet to be further expected (and enasted) by the Generations to come, in the great wonders, and workes of God; so that now it is our time to arise from the drunken drowsinesse, of Great Babel; and 10 goe out, to meet the Bridezroome that calleth and knocketh.

3. For certainty, this blessed man, (now reposed in God,) was a burning light, and it is likely, that new wonderfull starre Mystically, and miraculously appearing in the skie; which in the years 1572 (being two years before his birth, did remarkeably shew it selfe, in the Cassiopa a

* The honey dew of Heaven and the food of Angels. † Aur (ea H) or e, or Golden hour.

& via lactes, or Saint Jacobs white path, unto the European Nations, for a special pregnant signe of a Totall New birth [and manifestation] out of the upper fiery Christalline maters; to the ftirring up of many profound, learned, and deep fearching mindes . And as one effect thereof, he happily finished his last Mysticall Booke, which as be often told me by word of mouth, was most worthy the reading : Viz. the Mysterium Magnum. for Commentary] upon Genefis, in the years 1623. Cheing from the yeare I 604. and I 607. (when the New starres appeared againe) the Exit of the seaven or seaventh Trigonall Conjunction, and the eighth from the seventh Centrall Beginning) Whereupon in the years following, namely, 1 6 2 4. in the Inbilee, or fiftieth yeare of his Age, according to the Mystery, he returned unto his Grave, or re-entred into the Magicall, and Mentall Principle.

4. Although at first, the * Aurora, in its rifing (which is, the root, * H's first or Mother of Phylosophy, Astrologie, and + Theologie, Gr.) and also Booke. the little Book of The way to Christ (which beginneth, according to the + Divinity. order of the New Testament with Repentance, and Faith, to the Entrance into the boly Kingdome of God) and then also his owne person; and afterward his dead Corps, and at last the poore Grave, and wodden Croile in the Church-yard; were with blind furious zeale, and very unbefeeming behaviour, abused, assaulted, and defaced; and yet those things were never brought to a due [Legall] hearing: neither was this bleffed | B. convicted of any errour in the Evangelicall Faith; but much rather (as it appeares by his Life and Conversation; also by his Sound Writings concerning Election, and the two Testaments [Viz. Baptisme, and the Lords Supper as also concerning the Suffering, Death, and Resurrection of Jesus Christ.) he was found stedfastly to continue unto his very end, in the pure, and un-fophisticated Lutheranisme; besides what he bath sufficiently declared, in a peculiar Apology, upon the false and hearfay Censure of Gregory Rickter, Primarius, Anno 1 6 2 4. who was Primate of Gerlitz.

5. And the contention about the Sealed Grave of Christ; and of his faithfull witnesse]. B. is of like importance and consequence, as that a. bout bleffed Luther, which at Wittenberg was environed, and molefted by the Northerne and Southerne people (not to speake of the Easterne and Westerne Nations) and yet (although dearly purchased) it hath prosperoufly remained under the Electorall Highwetle his Protection, fo that both of the past and present Ages the two dear and faithfull witnesses, of the true, clear, and pure Evangelicall light and righteoufnesse, like Moses, have remained in their Graves undisquieted, by the Babylonians; and the Evangelicall Christendome hath an especiall remarkable, reall, and wonderfull Signe, whereby they may know the gracious visitation of God, and his spirit

in Christ Jesus, their onely and Eternall head and Saviour.

6. Thereforethis Our age ought seriously to consider these wonderfull Writings.

Writings, immediately revealed, and Communicated from God, that they are not, as the Books of other men, for of t together by the spirit of Astrall wit, or earthly Reason, patching and piecing, picking and choosing, here and there, according to its sanste, Notionall hints, and Astrall glances of illumination; now writing, and then cancelling, adding or interlining; but they are written by the Author himselfe, with the overthadowing, and indwelling co-operation of the Great and secret Spirit of God throughout, with one continued draught, and instinct of the given, and not taken or usuped Pen: of which I my selfe, with many more, are eye winnesses; and that from the very Originall Copy, and hand-writing of the Author; and therefore they are to be looked upon and judged far otherwise, then with the eyes of Com-

mon Hyftoricall Reafon.

7. Not to mention, that the fulnesse of time is not yet come, wherein thefe, and other Wonders hidden hitherto, might be generally, fully, and fatisfactorily knowne and received: Also this worke is not to be undertaken and mastered, or censured with unwashed hands, but it must be begun and carryed on stedfastly, and constantly with all un-interrupted diligence, in the sweat of the face, with a boly spirit, and such a will of the mind, as is wholly and onely facrificed, and devoted to God; yet so as continued and accomplished in God and by God, with Christ, and his holy Spirit of grace whereby also the bidden Kingdome of God, and therein the Sealed Image of Felis Christ, is opened againe; and very prosperously and effectually advanced in the desiring Seekers, and lovers of the glory of our Lord and Saviour Fesus Christ, with inward entire light, and Eternall joy, and jubelizing Tryumphant melodies of heart; to the glory of the most High, and to the salvation of our Soules, and our Sences, which are departed from the Divine light and rightecufnesse; the lose of which is infinitely more then the gaine of the whole World; and which to obtaine, we must lose our selves, and all that we have in us, in God the highest and chiefest good; and so we shall for ever finde true constant rest, and affured Peace, onely in the Pierced living Rock, and heart of Jefus Christ, Amen.

8. To which High, and happy End, we ought on all fides, by the affiftance and helpe of the Divine grace, to put forth our selves (so far as is possible in this mortality) without any lingering Delayes; and so labour to enter into the light, and walke in it, while we have it, and so injoint here in Time, and hereafter in Eternity. O Jesu! the Onely and Reall Light and Salvation of our Soules, which is come into the World, to free us from the power of Night, and of Darknesse, and Eternall Death; grant us, and give

us This, Sobeit, Amen. Amen.



A

A WARNING FROM Iacob Beem

THE

Teutonique Phylosopher,

To fuch as reade his Writings.

OR,

An Extract of diverse Passages out of His Writings, for information to those that read them.

Prove all things: hold fast that which is good.

Note; That this Warning is gathered out of diverse of the Authors Books, and Epistles, and put into such order and forme of a continued Speech, by the Translator.

Printed in the Yeare, 1649.

A WARNING From J. B. T.

THE READER.



T the Reader be warned, not to fearch further in these very deep Writings, or to ascend higher with his will, and to imagine deeper then hee apprehendeth: let him alwayes rest fatisfyed in the Capacity, reach [and Comprehension of his understanding] for in the comprehension, he stundeth yet in the Essence, where he erreth not, how deep so ever the Spirit leads him: For, farre more will be given to one then to ano-

ther; onely this is the bound, marke, or limit, that every one continue stediast in humility towards God; and wholly resigne up himselfe to God, that God may worke in him the will, and the deed, as

he pleafeth.

2. When thou deeft this, then thou art as dead in thy felfe; for thou defireft no hing but Gods will, and the will of God is thy life; which goeth is it felfe inwardly, even unto the *Thousandth Number, and fearch the Depths of the Deity with all wonders: He leadeth thy will, refigned to him, into the Virgin of his Wifedome, that thou mayft contemplate, and fee all wonders; but thou mayft not fet thy Imagination, off from him, into the wonders; fo foone as thou doeft fe, thou departeft from Gods will, which is the Eternall Liberty, and art Captivated in thy owne Imagination: Marke this; for every Imagination maketh an Effence, and therein thou fendeft; and thou must get out thence againe, or thou feeft not God.

3. Therefore Christ teacheth us Humility, Love, Mercy, purity of heart, and commandeth us to seeke in Gods will, and to refigne up our selves thereunto; for in Gods will wee may doe all things: Our owne nature must not doe it, but God himselse is zealous in U.S; and he is our deed, or Actor, if we worke any wonder: For

* The Crowne of Virgin Sophia. * The Evernall

no humane Soul shall say, or thinke, I will doe wonders; no that cannot be, for the wonders surpassing the outward Nature, proceed all only from the Gentre of the Eternall Nature out of the * Tenth Number; Which the Greatore cannot freacht into:] But if it be refigued unto the will of God, then God doth wonders in the Creature; For it is his pleasure to manifest himselse in the weake [in the low, meeke and humble mind,] for the strong is stiffe in his owne will, and will not resigne and surrender it to God; He trusteth to himselse in his owne wit.

4 Thus his will is without God, and can doe nothing; and if he then speaketh of the Being, and will of God, he is a Lyer, for he speaketh not from the spirit, and will of God; but from his owne seening, and Conjesture; In which is meer doubt [and uncertainty, albeit he may alleadge, quote, and draw never so many sayings of other men according to his apprehension to confirme his opinion and way,] And hence arise, the many divisions, Controversies, and contentions, about Faith, and divine knowledge, that men goe about to seeke God in their owne will, and skill; men would find God in their owne will, and he is not therein; for he dwelleth onely in that will, which resigneth it selfe up with all its reason, and skill to HIM; to such an one he giveth reall living knowledge, and power; to know and understand his Being.

5. Therefore we shall be dumb, dark, and hystoricall to every one that is not borne of God; For we are according to the outward man in this World and according to the inward in God: the inward man borne of God speaketh of the Kingdome of Heaven, and the outward spirit produced from the Principle of this World, speaketh of the World; Thereupon one mans understanding is far otherwise then another; all, according as every one is Gifted with Wise-

dome, to be apprehendeth, and so he interpreteth.

6. Every one will not understand my Writing according to my minde, meaning, and understanding, yea perhaps not one: but every one receiverh according to his Gifts, for his editication, and profits, according as the spirit hath its propertie, [forme, and Idea] in h.m.

7. He that will not feeke thereby, [tobe] a new man, borne in God, [or the regeneration in the spirit of Christ] and wholly, and unseignedly apply himselse thereto, let him let my Writings alone, and leave them uncensured; I have written nothing for such a Seeker; also he will not be able wholly to understand our meaning though hee excerciseth [and striveth] much about it, unlesse he entreth into the Resignation in Christ; and there he may obtain, and apprehend the spirit of the Universal, essentially will be to no purpose; and we will warne the curious, Critick, speculator, and rationall Artist;

Artift; that he amuse not himselfe; he effecteth nothing in this way, except he himselfe entreth thereinto, and then it will be manifelt unto him without much seeking, for the way is plain and Childlike, and it is truely, and faithfully Declared, and described in my Writings.

8. Let no man blind-fold himselse in respect of the simplicity of this hand: for we must be Children if we will finde the Lilly of the holy Plant, and enter into the Kingdome of Heaven; our define must onely be directed in all plainenesse, and down-right syncerity, unto our first Mother again; from whom we are departed in Adam, and become Selfists; we must goe out from, and disclaim our reason, and step into the obedience of our first Eternall Mother, and then we receive the spirit and life of the Mother, and then also we know

her habitation, and her food.

9. Indeed it lyeth not in the power of outward reason; but to the spirit of God there is nothing impossible: and if we be the Children of God, and regenerate again of God in Christ; the Sonne may well see what the Father doth in his House, and also leathe his Art, and worke: If we then be the Mystery of God, we ought not to think, as if we might not date to meddle with Mysteries, as Antichrist teachers. But none can take unto himselfe any thing of Gods Mysteries, unlesse it be given him; and Saint James saith, Every good, and perfect gift commeth downe from above, from the Father of lights, with whom there is no change, or alteration.

to. We have in our Writings, fet you downe according to the true ground, what man was before his fall, what he is now in the fall, and what he is sagain in the New-birth; and also what he shall be after this life: for we know what he is in death, and what in life; also we know, what he is in Hell: also we have set you downe the whole ground of the Divine Being; and also of the Creation of all things: of that which is Eternall, and of that which is corruptible: and how every thing is made, and come to be as it is, and also what it shall be afterwards; and therein lyeth the Key of the Grand Mystery, so far as a Creature is able to comprehend and beare.

II. And this we have done, not from our owne wit and reason, as if it were greater then any mans living; but in the Mothers bosome, in the mothers spirit: I am dead and as a nothing; when I speake and write so, I write not from my Selfe; but from the knowledge and seeing of the Mother: and yet I live in care, trouble, and labour, in seare, and trembling, and in temptation, like other men; for I have Adams skin and live in the hope of Mach: This I write that the Reader might know, wherein my knowledge and skill standard; that so he seek not that by me, which I am not; for I am no more then all other men, who in Christ Jesus our King wrestle for the Crowne of Eternal

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Eternall joy, and live in the hope of perfection, &c.

12. The Reader may perhaps wonder how a plain Lay-man could come to understand such high things, having never read them, nor heard them from any man; but I tell you, that which you fee fer down in my Writings is but a glimps of the Mysteries; a man cannot write them: if God shall count you worthy to have the light enkindled in your foul, you would fee, raft, fmel, feele, and heare. unfoeakable words of God, concerning this knowledge; and therein is the true Theolophicall School of Pentecoft, where the Soul is taught of God : Christ faith. Mat. 7. 7. Seek and you shall finde, knock and it shall be opened unto you : Alfo, my Father will give the ho'y first, to them that aske him for it. If the Soul yeild it selse up to wisedome, for a full polleffion, then thee penetrateth through it, with her flaming fire of love, and unlocketh'all Mysteries unto the Soule: none can give it to another, every one must get it himselfe of God; one may well give a manuduction, or Direction to another, but he cannot give him the understanding.

12. I have no other cause, and incitement to write, but only from a desire of upright love, towards Gods Children; that I might once recreate and refresh my selfe with them; I doe it not for any Temporall wealth, honour, or gifts, But for the hope of lifted, that in the other life I might eternally rejoyce and triumph with my Brethren, and then my labour which here I performe in love towards them, thall be well recompensed; therefore I am in good earnest, seeing Christ saithfully warneth us, Not to hide our Talent under the napkin, or busy it in the earth. Mat. 2. Luke 19. Therefore, We ought not greath to be afficial of man, who can onely kill the body, and then can doe no more: but sear bim that is able to desire both body and lous, and cast them into Hell, Mat. 10.

14. I declare in the prefence of God, as I shall answer it before his Judgement where all things shall appeare, and every one shall give an account of his deeds; that I my selfe know not how it comes to passe, with me, save onely that I have a stery incitement, or strong driving and instigation in my will: I know not also what I shall write, for when I write, the spirit distates to me, in great and wonderfull knowledge; insomuch that I often know not whether according to my spirit, I be in this World or no, and at this I doe exceedingly rejoyce, where then sure and certain knowledge is imparted to me, and the more I seeke the more I sinde; and continually deeper, that I ost times account my sinfull Person too mean. low, and unworthy, to set upon such Mysteries; but then the spirit setteth up my Banner, and saith, Arise thou shalt eternally live therein, and be Crowned therewith, why are thou amazed?

15. Seeing therefore I have an effectuall knowledge in the light aud power; it is a meete Gift of God, who likewife in fuch fort,

giverh

giveth me a driving will thereto, so that I must write what I see and know; thereupon I must obey God rather then man, least my * * Bishoprick, Office be taken away from me and given unto another, which verily or Ministry, would for ever greive me: and albeit while I live I shall obtain small thankes from some, who love their Belly, more then God and the Kingdome of Heaven, yet my writings have their Gifts, and are for their time; for they have a very rare pretious and earnest + Birth, + Originall. and rife, there is many a noble Rofe bud conteined in them, which by reason of the great darkenesse in Babel cannot be knowne, and acknowledged, but there is a Time, whereto it belongeth; according to its fpirit.

16. I am verily a fimple man, and have neither Learned, nor after this manner, fought after this high Mystery, nor knew I any thing of it, I onely fought the heart of love in Jefus Christ and when I had obtained that with great Joy of my foul, then was this Treasure of Naturall and divine knowledge, opened and given unto me; wherewith I have not hitherto proudly prancked and vaunted, but defired from my heart and earnestly sought of God, whether the time was come that this knowledge might be revealed, in the hearts of many : concerning which I also obtained a very powerfull and Effectuall Answer, so that I well know, what I have hinted and fignified in my writings.

17. And although I am therefore despised and hated of many in the World, yet men shall see very shortly, wherfore God hath opened unto a fimple plaine Lay man The Grand Mystery, that is, the ground of all fecrets and Mysteries; and I may not reveale all, that is made knowne unto me; and yet it might verily be revealed unto worthy men; if I found that it were the will of God and profitable to man; Doe not so greatly wonder at the fimplicity wherewith God doth it; for the time of the proud and haughty is drawing to a pe-

riod.

18. I warne and exhort the Reader in the love of Christ to try and examine my writings with a right Christian minde, and then his eyes will be opened that he shall see, and understand, and it is my Prayer to God, for the true earnest seeker, that he may be Crowned with the fair Garland of Divine honour, in the knowledge of the wisedome, that so he may have no need to use eyther mine or others Writings for the knowledge of God; but know the Lord in himfelfe. as the like is hapned [or granted] to mee: from which I write; and make use of nothing else; for it is written, They shall all be taught of God, and know the Lord, I will power out my Spirit upon all flesh : Alfo Tour Daughters and your Sonnes shall prophecy and your young men shall see Visions; wherefore then will men despise and contemne this, when God powreth forth his spirit upon so simple a man, that he must write, above

shove the reason of all men, yea deeper then the Foundation of this

19. Deare Griftians, it proceeds from Gods love towards you; that you might once fee the root, and ground of your School contentions [and controversies of scholastique Reason] for many have soughe but not at the right place, [Marke, or Gate,] whence they have fallen into contending, disputing, wrangling, and verball jangling; which hath filled the World, and almost quite destroyed all brotherly Love; therefore God calleth you with an higher voice, that you might see whence all things, both good and evill doe arise, and proceed Originally, to the end yee should cease from strife, and learne to know him, really, and fundamentally; which hath been hid from the Time of the World hitherto, and hath been onely revealed in the Children of the Saints.

* Note.

* The Phylosophers Stone. them diligently, and especially apply your selves to the * Centre of all Beings; and then the Three Principles will be plaine and easie to you, and I know and am assured that it you apprehend the Centre in the spirit, that it will afford you such joy as sarre surgifies the joy of the whole World; for the precious * Stone of the wise men lyeth therein, which giveth the certainety, and reall ground of all things; it freeth man from all trouble [and perplexive thoughts] in the controversies of Religion; and it openeth unto him the highest Mystery that is in him; it bringest that worke to which nature hath chosen him, to the highest perfection; and it is able to see into the heart of every thing; is not this a Jewell surpassing all the treasure and riches of the World?

21. Our Writing, standeth upon the ground of the holy Scripture; and it is no fiction or strange invention of reason, or a novelty, and innovation soysted in from an Astrall instigation; it is not New, and there shall also be nothing new save onely the true knowledge, in the holy spirit, of the Being of all Beings; we write what the time hath brought forth and manifested; and if it were not revealed by man, yet the Beasts must reveale it, for the time is borne, and there is no withholding, the most High accomplisheth his worke; my Writings are not written for the wise and prudent of this World, for the Fat Swine of the Devill, who contemne the light of nature, and walke in bruitish wayes, but for the hungry Seeking Children of God, who shall prosesse the Kingdome of Heaven: We must give bread to the Children that are worthy, that they may eate, and praise our Father in Heaven; but not cast Pearles before Swine.

22. Do not account it a jefting matter, which God now out of his Love revealeth unto us; doe but feriously consider what this manifestation and revelation betokeneth; which is now presented unto

the

the World; looke not upon the fimplicity, by which God doth it. it feemes good in his fight, and it is well pleafing unto him, to manifest his might in the weake and foolish, as the World accounts them; it is brought to paffe for Instruction to the World; feeing all live in concention, and will not suffer his spirit to draw them; that they might know Gods Kingdome to be within us; now therefore the Centre of his Being, and of all Beings, is revealed unto them; all this befalleth us from his gracious Love towards us, to the end we might leave off from the miferable strife and contention, and enter into a brotherly, and childlike Love.

22. No felfe wit obtaineth the Crown of Gods Mystery, although we write deeply and profoundly thereof, yet the understanding is not our owne, but it belongeth to the Spirit of the Mother; he speaketh and expresseth by his Children, what he pleaseth; hee manifesteth himselfe diverse manner of waves, in one farre otherwise then in another; for his wonderfull wisedome is an infinite unfathomable depth; and you need not marvell that the Children of God use not all one phrase and style; for to every one is imparted, what he shall open, and manifest in God; that the great Mysteries and Wonders, which were forefeen from Eternity in his wifedome, might be revealed

and made knowne.

24. Every one speaketh from the wisedome of the Mother, whose number is infinite and unfearchable; but the Centre or bound mark. is the Heart of God; they all runne thither; and that is the proofe [or Touch-stone] whereby you shall know whether the spirit speaketh from God, or from the Devill; for the Devill hath also a Marrix and therein are his Children, who speake also from the spirit of their Mother, from their Selfe, and not from the fpirit of Christ; for they have not the filiall spirit of humility in obedience, and love towards the Mother, much leffe towards the Children; they also doe not live in the wonders of the Mother, in her humility and Purity; but in their owne Conjecture and conceit, in an Antichriftian them of holinesse, devout Hypocrifie and pride, and tread, plaine downeright humility, under foot.

25. But if we be too hard, and difficult to the Reader; we doe admonish him in Love, that he would pray unto God in the name of Felus Christ, for the illumination of his holy Spirit, that he would be pleased to enlighten him, for without that, hee will understand nothing; we write from another Principle; no Reader understands us in the true ground, unlesse his minde be new borne in God; there is a strong enclosed Fortresse before it, that must first be opened; and that no man can doe, onely the holy spirit is the opener and

26. Therefore he that will have an open gate into fuch Mysteries;

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he must be Regenerate anew of Christ, of Christs stell and blood, of that word which became man, and walke in Gods love; and then he will attain unto the right understanding, and esteem it as a great Jewell, for the minde gives not over till it comes into the most inner

ground.

27. Onely we will faithfully warne the Reader as he loveth his own Soul, and Eternity: to beware of doubting, unbeleife, and contempt, least in any wife he Dally with the high Mysteries and thereby blaspheme the holy spirit of God; and his minde become like Lucifer, when he faw the greatest Mystery, and the Deity to stand in fuch humility, he was offended, and turned himselfe from the light of love, and entred into the strong might of the fire, and would in his owne wit, and cunning craft, Lord it over God; quite contrary to the right of eternity : God should be subject to him; he would be a former in pature, and rule the magicall ground, as a peculiar Lord, and Artift; he would play and sport with the Centre of the Transmutation of the properties; and doe all things, as he listed and pleased, and despised Gods love and humilitie, and therefore he was cast out of his owne creaturall place into the eternall darkenesse into the Abyffe of the Auftere Fiat, and there he must remaine to his Eternity, had he but imagined into the light of the majesty, as the other angelicall Thrones: he had still been an Angell: but he went himselfe out of Gods love into the anger, thus now he is a Devill. Viz. An Enemy of Gods love and all holy Angels: for in love, meekneffe, and humility, confifteth the Kingdome of Heaven, and the Angelicall World, and the power of the heart of God.

28. But that selse-reason which without Gods spirit is onely letter-learned doth taunt, cavile, and contemne, all that doth not punctually agree, and conform to the Cannons, Rules, and Institutions of the Vniversities, and high Schooles, I wonder not: for it is from without, (but Gods spirit is from within) it is good and evill: it passeth like the wind and is driven too and fro; it esteems mans Judgement: and according as the high and Great ones who have the respect and authoritie of the World doe judge and censure, just so it gives its credit, and verdich, it knoweth not the minde of the Lord, for the same is not mis: its understanding is from the Stars, and 'tis nothing else but a counterfeit shadow of Phancy in comparison to the

divine wisedome.

29. Although the Children of God have not all one gift, ftile, and forme of expression, (for knowledge is manifold:) yet it behoveth us to try their heart and will: now when we finde that they arise and spring from one Centre, namely from the sprit of Christ; we should of right rest satisfyed on the Centre, and commend the expression to the Highest * Tongne, Viz. To the sprit of Gods wise-

* Or, Language.

to the Reader.

dome, which through the wifedome doth open, and reveale to every one, in his eternal foulish Constellation, according to the manner, and measure as he pleaseth, therefore it is a very unjust and muchristian course, for the Antichrift to rage, and rave, reproach, and revile, when the gifts of God doe appeare in a diverse manner in men. having not all one knowledge: what can a man receive, unleffe the fame be borne in him?

30. Judge no man, for the proud centure and false bablings of reason, where men contemne and condemne the gifts of the spirit. and onely looke upon the bare controverly, and dispute about the Letter [Exchanging Scripture for Scripture;] is onely Babel, a Mother of spirituall whoredome, where reason would alwayes faine be the fairest Childe in the house; men must honour and adore it.

31. The spirit of God himselfe judgeth, all things; if that be in us, why should we then amuse and Captivate our minds with such prating? fhould we not much rather rejoyce at the gifts of our Bretheren: if they have had other gifts to expresse then we: should we therefore judge them? doth any hearb flower or tree fay unto the other, thou art fowre and unlovely, I will not fland by thee? have they not all one Mother whence they grow? even so all soules proceed from one; and all men from one, why then doe we boaft and glory to be the Children of God; notwithstanding that we are more unwife, then the flowers and hearbes of the field. Is it not fo with us? doth not God impart, and reveale his wifedome to us diverfly, as he bringeth forth and manifesteth the Tincture of the Mustery in the Earth with fair Plants and flowers; even fo in us men; we should rather congratulate, and heartily love one another, that God revealeth his wisedome so variously in us?

22. Therefore know, he that judgeth and condemneth in a wicked way, and runs on in pride to fnew himselfe, he is the Opressour in Babel [The great hunter the mighty Nimrod] a * perverie flick- * Or, a wbirler that stirreth up contention, and strife: a true Christian hath ling Wheele. contention with none in reference to the different Gifts; he can unite and reconcile them all in himselfe, he brings them only unto the Centre, and there he hath the Touchstone of all things [and can rightly diftinguish betweene good and evill :] here deare Brethren lyeth the Pearle, the Grand Mystery, and without this, all Seeking and Searching is dead, and obtaines not the Virgins Crowne [The Pearl of Sophia but onely Thornes and Briers, that fting and gall the

Children of God.

34. The Touchstone of knowledge, is first the true Corner-stone Jefus Christ: that man may see whether a thing proceed from love, and tend unto love : whether or no the love of God [and the good of our Neighbour, in all humility, meekenefie, and selfe deniall] be fought:

fought and defired? or whether it proceed out of pride, [and a fingular Pharifaicall fcorn;] Secondly it is the holy Scriptures, the Bible; And thirdly, it is the heart and Soul of man, Whetein the Book of Gods life is imprinted, and incorporate; and it may very well be read by Gods Children; where then the upright syncere mind hath its Touchstone in it selfe, and is able to distinguish and difference all things aright. If the holy spirit dwelleth in the ground of the minde; Man hath a sufficient Touchstone; The same will lead him into all truth.

35. Deare Christians, consider this aright, become members of Christ: and grow as living Branches, in the tree of Christ; Read with deligence and Observation The Epistles of Paul: and see how we must enter into the suffering and death of Christ, and dye from the old Earthly man, and step into an upright love and Unity.

36. For sure and undoubted it is: that there is no spirit of Christ in contention, and contempt; in disputing, and dispissing one another; but onely a Painted Image and representation of Phancy without life and knowledge. Consider that we are Branches in one onely Tree; the same Tree is Christ, and God is Christs Tree.

knowing is not alone the way unto Salvation! The Devill knowes more then we; what doth that helpe him? nothing at ail! For that I know much, gives me no joy: but that I love my Saviour Jesus Christ; and continually defire him, this affords me joy; for the de-

firing is a receiving.

38. I know nothing, I defire also to know nothing; neither have I sought ever any knowledge, for I am a Child, and a nothing in the knowledge? I am willing also to know nothing; that so I may be dead and as a nothing in the knowledge, that God in the spirit of Christ may be my knowing, willing, and also doing, that so I may run in his knowledge and will: and not I, but HE: that I may he onely the Instrument, and HE the hand which worketh.

39. To what end then will you Contend so much with me? I know nothing of your knowledge neither have I ever learned it; seeke your selves (in whom the knowledge is;) wherein I know, seeing I am dead in knowing, for his sake, that will know in me.

40. I doe not first gather Sayings, and litterall Notions in my knowledge, out of many Bookes, together: but I have the Letters in me; doth not Heaven and Earth, and all things lye in man; yea God himselse, and should he not then dare to read in that Book which he himselse is?

41. If I had no other Book, but onely my Booke which I my selfe am, I had Books enough; the whol Bible lyeth in me, if I have the spirit of Christ! what need I then any more Books? shall I contend about

that

that which is without me, before I learne to know what is within

42. When I read my Selfe; then I read in Gods Booke; and yee my loving Brethren are altogether the Letters, that I read in me; for my minde and will findeth you in me; and I wish from my heart

that ve also could finde me.

43. I admonish you as Brethren and Children, from my precious Talent; that you leave off contending and read the Brotherly * A.B. C. in you; for it is a vaine and unprofitable thing; and altogether * Upright unavailable in the presence of God, to contend about the Letters. Christian love. Are they not in all men! the Country man is as learned, and nigh unto the Kingdome of Heaven as the Doller, if he read the brotherly * A. B. C. in him.

44. No knowledge makes you happy; but that you enter into that you know, and become doers of the knowledge; not proud, ambitious, aspiring, stiff-conceited, wild, dry branches; but living in the Tree of God, where one branch doth mutually and lovingly

impart sap and life unto another.

45. Alas! how doth the Mother complaine of some of you, that you are dry revolting Branches, unprofitable Suckers and Dreiners; it is told you that the withered Branches shall be cut off, for the + Restituti O Tree shall + Renew it selfe, and manifest its first forme and feature; Renovatio M for the End belongeth to the Beginning.

46. But if you shall despise all that is at present declared unto Reparation you, and not returne into your felves, and learne to read your owne Regeneratio U Booke; then shall an Axe from the East and South cut you downe, Revolutio M that you shall never fay, I read in strange Bookes, or feed in a strange

pasture.

47. God hath fent his * heart with his life into us, wherein all is written; he that reads this Booke in himselfe, is learned enough; the other Learning is but Babel, and Fable; that one will be learned in the Letters without him, before he can read his owne Booke; if he first read his owne, he should therein find all what ever the Chil-

dren of God have written.

48. For we Men have but one onely Book, which directeth and sheweth us to God; and that we have in Common; every one hath it in himselfe: that is, the high exceeding precious Name of God; its Letters are the flames of Love, which he out of his heart in the precious Name JESUS hath manifested in US; reade onely these Letters in your heart and minde; and then you have Bookes enough; all the Writings of the Children of God, doe direct you into this onely Book; for all the Treasures of wisedome lye therein; give heedfull diligence, that you be borne againe in the Life, and in the fpirit of Christ, and then you have all what God is, and can doe.

Redium

* Christ Jesus the essentiall word of Love.

49. But yee are drunck, and goe aftray, and feek the Key to the Book, and contend about the Key: every one faith, I have the Key; and none will open his owne lifes Book: every one might have the Key to God in himfelfe if he fought it in the right place; but you choose rather to contend, then to feek the Key in you: therefore you are blind even all of you that contend; ye Court your owne delusive shadowes of Phancy; and doe as one that beats the Aire, wherefore doe you not goe into the Centre? with such kinde of seeking, you finde not the Key, be as learned as ever you will: it helpeth not.

50. It doth not lye in Art and reason, but in an earnest resolved fixed will to goe out from selse, and for sake all selse knowledge, and to cast your selves with a penitent humble defire into Gods knowledge, and disclaime all your own knowing, and defire nothing but Gods knowing; yet in that manner that he may know in you what he pleaseth: and so you shall attain divine knowledge, and finde

the Key, for which you contend.

51. Loving Sirs, and Bretheren in Christ; become Schollers of the wisedome of God, let no man say of himselse that he understands it: we know nothing of God, what God is, Gods spirit must be the knowing in us: else our knowledge is but a Fable, a continual confusion, alwayes learning, and yet understand nothing, of the ground in the Centre.

52. What is it, that I am able to speake and dispute much of wisedome, out of the Writings of others; and could even con the whole Bible by heart and yet understood nothing, what the wisemen have spoken, from their spirit, and knowledge: if I have not likewise the same spirit, which they have had, how can I understand them?

53. To fuch knowledge as this, no conjecturall supposals, and bringing together abundance of Texts and Sayings to ratifice and Confirme what we intend and conclude upon, dorn belong: 40 Saint, or wiseman hath done so but there belongeth a living spirit out of God; which is able to looke into the Mystery, and walk in its owne peculiar knowledge.

54. Gods spirit must be in the reason, if reason will see God: an humble resigned heart is required thereo, and no proud contemning boating in the reason: where reason vaunts, and pretends an illuminate [righ-restifyed] judgement; this is nothing else but an Astrall Sydereall [starry outward] illumination; whereby it becomes subtile, and quick of apprehension.

55. Is any man a child of God; then let him feek The good of his Brother in the love of God; and then I can trust him; but if he be a Reviler [and a demure Pharifaicall fcorner] he hath put on the

Monstrous

Monstrous Cap of the Devitt, and walketh in pride : such an one is no Christian, but a titular * Christian : a Christian from the reeth out- * Text, monthward: a confounding Babel; and all contemptuous disdainfull, Christian. Contentions Bookes and Pamphlets are such a Babel; that cause con-

66. If we did shew one another the way of God, in love, humility. and in the feare of God, as it becometh the Children of God: there would not be such Contention and contempt in the World: whereby the simple Lay-man is deceived, and misled; and falleth to contemne, condemne, and despise his Brother, which is not of his Opinion, and Name of Religion; and yet knowes no cause at all : and the one is as blind in Religion (which without the spirit, and power of God, is nothing but an invention, and conjecture) as the other.

57. For true Religion doth not confift onely in outward words, in devout shewes: in verball confessions, and outward professions: but in Living working, effectuall Power, that one defireth, from the ground and bottom of his heart, to practice and effect, that which

he knoweth, in love towards another.

58. It must come to the practice and deed; or else it is nothing but a Painted feighned faith; an historicall Babel; where Gods spirit is not; there is no faith; allo no Christian: but where it is, there it worketh meer workes of love, it teacheth and reproveth meekly, and mildly, it is not puffed up, and disdainfull; as the

Pharitaicall Reason in Babel.

58. Where there is a good spirit in man, there it should draw good out of evill, and not pervert any thing to a wrong sence and use: the spirit of God seeketh nothing else but good; he contendeth with none, he loveth man: and where he is in man, there he driveth him to love and humility towards his neighbour: he teacheth and inftructeth with meekneffe, mildneffe, and forbearance as a loving Father his Children; he doth not push with the horn of revilement and fcorne, he cometh not with thunder and lightning: like the Anger in the Fathers Nature, on the Mount Sinai, and also by Elias; but with a still fost voyce, as in the Day of Pentecost.

49. God hath Regenerated us againe in Christ, in Love; and not in the property of the Fire: to the end we should meet and prevent each other, in a kind Christian friendly will: with all moderate, modest, and mild deportment, and syncerity; entreat and admonish each other as Bretheren; we must helpe the weake: and direct those that goe aftray, and lovingly fhew them the way: not prefently caft them into Gods Anger, into the Hellish fire, as the proud Pharisaicall reason in Babel, that spits out hell and damnation, against those

that are not of his Self, way, and Opinion.

60 Christ said whosever shall say unto his Brot her thou Foole; be is d d

is guily of Hell fire: or Racha, Heis in danger of the Councell; But what shall he be worthy and guilty of that calls his Brother a Deadl, and condemnes him to Hell-fire: O man! Consider thy selfa, turne

away, from kish a way.

61. We have however in this Valley of mifery, in our Pilgrimage a very small path, and narrow way into the Kingdome of God: Is it Christian like to beat and hurle downe one another? doth any market and goe aftray, let another shew him the way: let us deal with one another as Bretheren.

We are altogether borne blind: but beeing that fight is guarted unto us out of grace: wherefore will not one Brother between eyes unto another? Everyone feeth as God granteth him, as the fight is given unto him; why should one envy and hate another, in that respect? Seeing he knowes not what the Lord hath given

him.

63. Ah alas! how miferable is our time: how doth the Devill bestir himselse, to take us in his nets, and gins? that one Brother doth vilify, reproach, slander, contemne, and slay another; to the end he might catch us in Gods anger: Oh! he cannot betterne us that high honour, which he had, and yet lost it, through pride.

64, Loving Bretheren, beware of pride; especially of that which proceeds from much knowing, and great learning: that is the pride of Reason, and it is the worst enemy of man: it hath never yet ad-

vanced any thing, but Warre and contempt.

65. Strach faith: The higher thou art, the humbler demeane the felfe, pride gond-before a fall; the knowledge of our reason is foolish; if Gods spirit doth not enkindle and enlighten the knowledge, and if I could say all the Scripture by heart, and knew all Writings without Book, and yet had not the spirit of understanding; what would my knowledge be but an invention?

66. An Opinion that a man confirmeth with the alleadging and quoting of many * fayings; is no Divine knowledge: for every * Saying, hath both its understanding, and meaning, according to the place where it standeth: seconding to the Context, according to the same matter; many times it signifies clean otherwise then as it is quoted,

and alledged, for the proving of an opinion'

67. Herein confifts true knowledge: if any man will judge aright: his knowledge must be confirmed in him, from the spirit of God: it must proceed from the Gentre, and not from a thrange month, from the saying of another.

68. Or doe you thinke that the spirit of God hath ceased to speake, or that he is dead? that the spirit (if it moveth in the Divine seeing)

dare not any more fay, Thus faith the Lord?

-69. The spirit sheweth, what he must speake : onely let him have a care

Or Texts.

a care, and take heed of the cunning infinuations, and mixture, of the spirit of this World, and of the Imagination of the Devill, that the true humane spirit of the will, which proceeds from the fire of the soule into the light, be not insected, and poyloned in its curse.

70. There is no better Medicine or Antidote, then the defire of love, and humility; so long as he proceeds, and judgeth in love, and humility in the seeing [or Illumination] of the Divine Power: His word is Gods Word: for it is approved by the spirit of God; H E E moveth upon the Wings of the Winde; in the pure humane spirit of the will, as David saith, The Lord goeth on the wings of the winde.

71. You finde by none of the Prophets, or Apostles, that any hath spoken from the mouth of another, but from his owne peculiar Gifts, indeed sometimes the spirit hath brought in a Text and thereby cleared another Scripture, but the cheife of the matter, did flow from his owne peculiar spirit and mouth.

72. Who hath forbidden us that we should not speak from the Gifes of our Spirit: but that we must onely speake with a strange mouth: from our spirit; as Pharisaicall reason will have it.

73. Who hath made a law, that the spirit should hold its peace; who hath turned the speech of the spirit isto another forme, but onely the Antichrist: who hath set himselfe up as Lord over Gods spirit; and hath changed the Mouth of the Holy Children:

[Or the holy Scrip ures] into his owne colour, and will?

74. This the high Apostles never commanded us: but they said, Hold in remembrance Jelus Christ who died for us and is rifen again; and bid us to teach, and preach: they have not shut up any mans spirit, and commanded him to change his tongue wholly into their words: did they not all mutually speake, every one from his owne tongue: and yet from one and the same spirit: and that was Christs.

75. We have at this day the same spirit, provided that we be Regenerate of him; and should he not now be able to say and speake what is necessary for this time; who is the cause that the Centre of the Tri-unity doth manifest and reveal it selfe? Even the seeking of man; their defire.

76. Men contend at present about Christs person: about the Election of God: [about the Ordinances and way of Divine worfhip;] and therefore fight, wrangle; and revise one another: This Gods love will no longer indure, but rather manifests it selfe: that so man might see what he doth; and depart from strife and contention, about the will of God, and enter into a right Applesical life, and no longer contend about knowledge: as hath been the practice

for a long time in Babel.

77. But that now a fimple mouth must speake and declare such great things; and not one, that is high, and deeply learned: aske God wherefore he doth it; if now a Shepheard as David was, should from Gods command become a King; the World would not believe it, till he sate in 1914ll honour.

78. Did not Christ come in a low, mean estate, and sorme; also were not his Apostles meane people? This God can still doe, that he may nullifie, befoole, and bring to nought the selfe-reason of this World: I declare unto you; we speake what we know, and testifie

what we fee.

79. There groweth a Lilly in the humane Effence, which shall speake the great deeds and wonders of God in its owne peculiar tongue; That it shall found over the face of the whole Earth, Halle-

Injah.

80. Therefore let none contend about opinions, all contention is the image of an Idoll; Christ hath told us of his Omnipresence; but of no opinion, when he sayd, that He would be with us alwayes even to the end of the World, Matth. 28.20. He sayd not, in this or that opinion; but when he signified his presence, he sayd, Like on the lightning arifeth and shineth unto the West, even so shall the continual comming of the Sonne of Man be, Matth. 24. 27. And sayd, That the Kingdome of God

is within us, Luke 17. 21.

81. The light, and power of Christ ariseth in the internall ground in his Children; and gives them Light through the whole course of their life; and in this fountaine of light, the Kingdome of God, is in man; if man hath not this, let him contend, professe, dispute, as much as he will; he cannot bring it into him, with any opinion: but if he hath it, then from this Fountaine meere Streames of Love will flow and iffue forth; let him but heedfully minde, that the Kingdome of Christ be regenerate, in him; that Christ becomes man (or be borne) in him; otherwise he is no Christian, let him be in what opinion he will, he must stand in the Vine Christ, as a living Branch, bearing fruit, John 15. Opinion is not at all available unto him, but reall faith, which workes out it felte into Love; or is powerfull and effectuall in the breakings forth of Love; And worketh good workes, Gal 5. 6. hath he not the workes of Love, then he hath no faith: opinion maketh no Salvarion ; but it is Babe', a confution of the tongue of unanimous Love; none is a Christian, unlesse he loveth his neighbour, and defireth [and an leavoureth] to doe him

82. Grace imputed from without: for an externall appropriation and imputation of grace f. without the langue filialichild-like grace, is wholly false, when child makes in man, then he is a Christian; and then the inflering means and satisfaction of Christ,

dae

doe availe him; when he hath him in him for an Interceffour that hath done it, that he doth it also in him [Viz. destroy fin, death, and Hell in him | and put his merit on him; then the Kingdome of God is in that fame merit; otherwise all imaginary opinions and apprehenfive conjectures are falle; no worke pleafeth God, but what hee himselse worketh, by his spirit in Man; therefore let us be Children of Chrift, and not Children of Images, Opinions, and

mentall Idols.

82. Christ hath bequeathed us his Kingdome in his Test aments; be that will receive the fame, must become a child [he must be regenerate in the spirit of Christ] else there is no Inheritance : To worke repentance, is better then a defire to know much; if the knowledge be not given of God unto Man, he will not understand the Ground of the Divine Mysteries; but if it be given him, then he needs no opinion [or mentall Idol]. To continue stedfast in the hamility and fimplicity of Christ, and to hold close unto his Love and grace, without contemning any, is Good Christianity; all that fpeaketh of it felfe is Babel, in Christ we are all members, and onely One.

84. And fo I commend all those that seeke and defire the Childe Telus, into the meek, and effectuall working Love of Jesus Christ; that he may be Conceived. Incarnate, and borne in all, and then strife and contention hath an end : When the Seed of the Woman breaks the head of the Serpent, we come againe into the Temperature; and are in Christ onely one, as a Tree in many Boughes and Branches: A-

MEN.

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memoriall to himselfe; and that in respect of his outward man be had no fitnesse or capacity to write of the Mysteries; but when the Garland of wisdome was fet upon him, he wrote those hints, and sparklings of Divme light which he faw in the Mystery. as is to be feen in his first Eook Aurora. 6. That he foresaw his persecution which befell him: after which beintended not to write any more; but the Lilly returning with an hundred fold increase, stirred up his will to write againe; but not according to the fiction and dictation of Reason. 10. That in the space of nine moneths, he wrote three Bookes, Viz. the Three Principles [which are an hundred sheets in his owne hand writing: I the Threefold Life [which hath about fixty sheets :] and the Forty Questions [which contains twenty eight heets. 7 15. Why his Writings will feeme strange to the Reader. 16. The transcendent vertue of wifedomes Diadem, or Sophias Pearle, which the true earnest Seeker obtaineth. 21. That his Writings are not the worke of his Reason and Understanding; and that although he never Studyed in all his life, yet he must manifest and bring to light such Mysteries, as all the high Schooles in the height of their acute Reason, and Reasonings were not able to doe; yet he attributes nothing to himselfe, but accounts himselfe a meere Instrument of God, wherewith God effecteth what he pleaseth. 28. Concerning his Booke Aurora; and that in the other three Bookes, the Mysteries are more cleare; and profound, or deeper grounded. 24. That he had the light and knowledge of the Univerfall Tincture, though no manuall

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V. Epistle.

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VII. Epiftle.

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X. Epistle.

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in briefe, how a man must dye to Selfe; and live to God; and attaine Divine Contemplation, Vision, and Fruition.

X I. Epistle.

That all true fundamentall knowledge of GOD must arise from the Revelation and Operation of the Divine spirit within us: That selfe-love is the great and potent Enemy, when the marriage of the Lamb is to be celebrated in man. That the Children of God have been usually persecuted by those that have pretended to teach the wayes of God. That the Pearle which God did entrust the Author with, is so hid, that the unworthy and scorneful doe not see it, but remaine blind in the wisedome of their owne Reason.

XII. Epistle.

That man cannot learne truely to know himselfe by the sharpe searchings of his outward Reason; also whence the true living understanding of God, and his written Word doth arise in man.

XIII. Epistle.

It sheweth what Temptation and trouble of minde is; whence it proceedeth, and how it is to be resisted and remedied.

f f XIV. Epistle.

XIV. Epistle.

That the buddings of the precious Corall in the Soules of men doe foretell the Summer of Christ. That God convinceth the World by meane simplicity: Also that he hath given the wonders of his hidden wisedome in Writings to the World for the light thereof. That God giveth the Pearle freely.

X V. Epiftle.

That a Christian Soule doth freely impart its Love and good will unto others, as a pleasant flower its vertue and smell: That being we are Plants of God, we ought not to be discouraged by any outward calamity that might befall us, but presse forward with constant perseverance, and grow up in the life of God, and bring forth Divine fruit: How the Apostles on the day of Pentecost were understood to Speake many Languages, when as they spake but one onely: And how it is likewise possible for one man to understand the spirit and meaning of another in the deepest Ground: That albeit he uleth some Latin termes in his Writings, yet his meaning resteth not barely in the signification of the Latin tongue, but much more in the language of nature: That the Ruine of Babel is nigh at hand.

X V I. Epistle.

That the knowledge of the Centre of all Beings giveth

giveth a right understanding of Election: That all disputing is unprofitable without the light, and spirit of God: The way whereby a man attaines fundamentall or experimentall knowledge of God.

XVII. Epistle.

Concerning Election, and the ground of reall Knowledge.

X VIII. Epistle.

How the Article of Election is to be understood: Also whath the Sound of the seventh Trumpet declareth.

XIX. Epistle.

Of the will and Decree of God concerning man. At the 31. Verse begins a Prediction concerning Christendome.

XX. Epistle.

A Description what is contained in his Booke of Predestination. At the 23. Verse begins a wonderfull Prophesie.

XXI. Epistle.

That the Treatise of Election doth shew how the seeming Contradictory places of Scripture are ff 2

to be understood in their owne native sense and meaning.

XXII. Epistle.

That Reason though never so acute, and well exercised in Logick attaines not the Knowledge of the Divine Mysteries without the light of God: Also concerning the processe of the noble Tineture, or Panacea.

XXIII. Epistle.

That the Crosse is the first marke wherewith Noble Sophia signeth her Children: What the Temple of the Holy Ghost is in man, also how Christ dwelleth in man: A briefe Interpretation of the Northerne Crowne, mentioned in the Aurora: Of the language of nature, and the Phylosophers Stone.

XXIV. Epistle.

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XXV. Epistle.

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XXVI. Epistle.

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That we ought mutually to helpe one another in our severall Gifts.

XXIX. Epistle.

That the Contentions and Dissentions in Religion shall be reconciled, and enter into the Temperature.

X X X. Epistle.

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XXXIV. Epistle.

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